





Doctoral (PhD) programme

MARITIME STUDIES

Cycle 14

Academic year 2023/2024

Scientific area: TECHNICAL SCIENCES

Scientific field: TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT TECHNOLOGY

Course description







MODULES / COURSES							
Semester: I							
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Е	S	ECTS	STATUS*
	Scientific research methods	Ana Perić Hadžić, PhD	12			6	С
	Selected topics in computational data analysis and machine learning	Marko Valčić, PhD	12			6	E
Basic module (A)	Application of metaheuristic algorithms in shipping	Marko Gulić, PhD	12			6	E
	Numerical modeling and optimization methods in engineering	Nelida Črnjarić-Žic, PhD Senka Maćešić, PhD	12			6	E
	Probability and statistics	Biserka Draščić Ban, PhD	12			6	E
	Port systems	Alen Jugović, PhD	12			6	E
	Multimodal transport networks	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD Dražen Žgaljić, PhD	12			6	E
Basic module (B)	Systematic approach to maritime affairs	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Pavao Komadina, PhD	12			6	E
	Decision-making techniques in traffic	Svjetlana Hess, PhD	12			6	E
	Language technologies for improving written Mirjana Borucinsky, PhD communication skills		12			6	E
Semester: I / II							
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Ε	S	ECTS	STATUS
Nautical Sciences	Hydrographic activity and safety of navigation	Josip Kasum, PhD	12			6	E
	Integrated maritime safety and surveillance systems	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Pavao Komadina, PhD	12			6	E
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	Intercultural competence and communication in maritime industry	Sandra Tominac Coslovich, PhD David Brčić, PhD	12			6	E
	Research of environmental impacts on satellite navigation systems	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD David Brčić, PhD	12			6	E
	Concepts and capabilities of navigation information systems	Srđan Žuškin, PhD David Brčić, PhD	12			6	E
	Containerization functions in the maritime transportation	Renato Ivče, PhD	12			6	E
	Maritime safety of the ship	Robert Mohović, PhD	12			6	E
	International maritime safety and environment protection system	Vlado Frančić, PhD	12			6	E
	Modelling and analysis of maritime traffic flow	Damir Zec, PhD	12			6	E
	Sea shipping optimization	Mirano Hess, PhD	12			6	E
	Assessment and management of maritime navigational risks	Đani Mohović, PhD	12			6	E
	Simulation planning and modelling of ship manoeuvring	Robert Mohović, PhD Mate Barić, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATO	R L	Ε	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Alternative fuels and emissions of harmful substances from marine energy systems	Radoslav Radonja, PhD	12			6	E
Marine Deven	Strength, fatigue and fracture of marine structures	Goran Vukelić, PhD Lech Murawski, PhD	12			6	E
Marine Power and Engineering Systems	Dynamic effects on ship stability	Anton Turk, PhD	12			6	E
5750015	Marine diesel engines selected chapters	Tomislav Senčić, PhD Dean Bernečić, PhD	12			6	E
	Selected chapters on marine auxiliary systems	Predrag Kralj, PhD	12			6	E
	Ship's propulsion plants optimisation	Josip Orović, PhD	12			6	E







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	Simulations of the ship's systems behaviour using system dynamics	Mate Jurjević, PhD	12			6	E
	Thermodynamic analysis of marine steam turbine plants	Igor Poljak, PhD Ivica Glavan, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Е	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Battery and hybrid power plants on marine vessels	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD	12			6	E
	Electric propulsion	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD	12			6	E
	Maritime cyber risk management	Boris Sviličić, PhD	12			6	E
	Cooperative intelligent transport systems	Jasmin Ćelić, PhD	12			6	E
Marine Electrical	Advanced digital signal processing methods in transport	Nikola Lopac, PhD	12			6	E
Engineering	Advanced technologies in diagnostics and control systems	Robert Baždarić, PhD	12			6	E
	New technologies in maritime communications	Sanjin Valčić, PhD	12			6	E
	Optical technologies in maritime industry	Irena Jurdana, PhD	12			6	E
	Guidance and motion control of vessels	Marko Valčić, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Е	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Maritime domain allocation and coastal zone management	Borna Debelić, PhD	12			6	E
	Green and sustainable freight transport and logistics	Pietro Evangelista, PhD	12			6	E
Maritime Logistics and Management	Economics of infrastructure projects in port system	Alen Jugović, PhD	12			6	E
Management	Economy of public private partnerships	Ana Perić Hadžić, PhD	12			6	E
	Business continuity and resilience of port clusters	Saša Aksentijević, PhD	12			6	E
	Sustainable development of seaports	Marina Zanne, PhD Elen Twrdy, PhD	12			6	E







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	Information management in seaport clusters	Edvard Tijan, PhD	12			6	E
	Process management of smart and sustainable ports of nautical tourism	Livia Maglić, PhD Alen Jugović, PhD	12			6	E
	Legal framework for maritime domain and sea ports management	Biserka Rukavina, PhD Nikola Mandić, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Е	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Planning of cargo flows and transport route valorisation	Tanja Poletan Jugović, PhD	12			6	E
	Digital transformation of business and SMART management	Krešimir Buntak, PhD	12			6	E
	Methodology of shipping service quality measurement	Ines Kolanović, PhD	12			6	E
Transport	Modelling tactical logistical problems on container terminals	Neven Grubišić, PhD	12			6	E
System	Sustainability in urban transport	Siniša Vilke, PhD	12			6	E
	Optimization of storage yard operation in container terminals	Livia Maglić, PhD	12			6	E
	Traffic simulation and transport modelling	Neven Grubišić, PhD Luka Novačko, PhD	12			6	E
	Land use transport planning	Ljudevit Krpan, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE COORDINATOR	L	Е	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Ballast water management and risk assessment	Damir Zec, PhD Matej David, PhD	12			6	E
Marine and	Sustainable fleet management	Damir Zec, PhD Radoslav Radonja, PhD	12			6	E
Coastal Protection	Sustainable navigation management	Lovro Maglić, PhD Marko Perkovič, PhD	12			6	E
	Emission limitation - electrical propulsion systems	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD	12			6	E







	, Strategic planning and						
Naval Systems	Maritime dimension of international security	Stjepan Domjančić, PhD	12			6	E
New Contents	Navy combat systems	Luka Mihanović, PhD	12			6	E
	Geopolitics and geostrategy	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD Luka Mihanović, PhD	12			6	E
MODULE	MODULE COURSE TITLE CO		L	E	S	ECTS	STATUS
	Hydrogen Technologies in Shipping	Professor emeritus Frano Barbir, PhD	12			6	E
	Marine spatial planning and protection of the marine environment	Biserka Rukavina, PhD Mirjana Kovačić, PhD	12			6	E
	Coastal zone management and sustainable development	Mirano Hess, PhD Mirjana Kovačić, PhD	12			6	E
	Pollution prevention by solid and liquid substances	Žarko Koboević, PhD Jelena Čulin, PhD	12			6	E
	Legal aspects of the marine environment protection	Biserka Rukavina, PhD	12			6	E

*STATUS: C – Core, E – Elective.

Note: Course coordinators' contacts can be found at the end of the document.







BASIC MODULE A









CORE COURSE

	General information					
Course coordinator	Ana Perić Hadžić, PhD					
Course title	Scientific research methods					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies					
Course status	Core					
Year	١.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12				

COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The main objectives of the course are:

- To explain the concept of scientific research methods as a set of different procedures used in scientific research, to investigate and disseminate the results of scientific research in the domain of science or scientific discipline.
- To enable PhD students to understand that scientific methods, used in all scientific research independent of the scientific area, consist of procedures or groups of activities that make up the structure of scientific research: identifying the scientific problem, explaining the phenomenon (problem by setting a hypothesis), testing the hypothesis, predicting and making a conclusion about the problem on the basis of the hypothesis test.
- To explain the basic terms such as methodology and technology of scientific research and to train PhD students to apply those in writing different types of papers.
- To familiarize the PhD students with the principles of making a doctoral dissertation as authentic, original scientific work, suitable for establishing their ability to act as independent researchers on the basis of the methodology of processing and the scientific contribution.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After finishing the course the PhD students will be able:

- 1. To demonstrate a systematic understanding and acquisition of scientific research skills and methods in a particular scientific field or scientific discipline,
- 2. To properly interpret and apply the scientific research methodology and technology in writing works at the level of postgraduate study (essay, critical review, scientific paper),
- 3. To demonstrate the ability to understand, design, implement and customize a serious scientific process in a particular scientific field or scientific discipline,
- 4. To develop generic skills for continuous advancement in theoretical and/or applied research and development of new techniques, ideas and approaches,
- 5. To apply critical analysis, evaluation and synthesis of new and complex ideas, making judgments on complex issues,
- 6. To develop the ability of written presentation of conclusions and results of the original research to scientific, professional and the general public in a clear and efficient way.





1.4. Course content

About science, Science and research, Scientific, scientific-professional and professional work. Concept and classification of scientific research methodology. Basic features of the scientific methods: objectivity, reliability, precision, systemic nature and universality. Review of scientific methods. The technology of scientific research: identifying scientific problem, hypothesis, selection and analysis of topics (titles), development of a research plan, compiling operative bibliography, collecting and studying literature and scientific information, solving the problem, formulating research results, application of research results, check the application of research results. Writing and technical processing of scientific work.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6 Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

Student requirements, in addition to attendance, seminar papers and workshops, are based on independent tasks (seminar paper, preparation of a scientific paper for publication) related to the application of scientific research methods in the field of the PhD students' interest.

1.8. Evaluation¹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	2.6	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	2	Essay		Research	1
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The learning outcomes are validated and evaluated by monitoring the students' work on the research, the obtained research results and the manner and quality of research publication or presentation.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Zelenika, R.: Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela, Pisana djela na stručnim i sveučilišnim studijima, knjiga peta, Ekonomski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2011.
- 2. Žugaj, M.: Metodologija znanstveno-istraživačkog rada, Fakultet organizacije i informatike, Varaždin, 1997.
- 3. Trochim, William M. Research methods : the essential knowledge base / William M. Trochim, James P. Donnelly, Kanika Arora, 2nd ed, Boston : Cengage Learning, cop. 2016
- 4. White, Theresa L., Research methods / Theresa L. White, Donald H. McBurney, 9th ed, Belmont : Wadsworth, Cengage Learning, cop. 2013

1.11.	Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)
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- 1. Baban, Lj.: Primjena metodologije znanstvenog istraživanja, Ekonomski fakultet Sveučilišta J. J. Strossmayera u Osijeku, Osijek, 1993.
- 2. Ivanović, Z.: Metodologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela, Hotelijerski fakultet u Opatiji Sveučilišta

¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





u Rijeci, Opatija, 1996.

- 3. Kulenović, Z.: Metodologija istraživačkog rada, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u Splitu, Split 2005.
- 4. Žugaj, M., Dumičić, K., Dušak, V.: Temelji znanstvenoistraživačkog rada : metodologija i metodika , 2. dopunjeno i izmijenjeno izdanje, Varaždin, Tiva , 2006
- 5. Charles, A.: Izvori podataka u istraživanju i pisanju znanstvenih radova i disertacija, Pomorstvo, godina 14., Split, 2000.
- 6. Doktorski studiji, Nacionalna zaklada za znanost, visoko školstvo i tehnologijski razvoj Republike Hrvatske, Zagreb, 2006.
- 7. Dunleavy, P.: Kako napisati disertaciju, Fakultet političkih znanosti Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, Zagreb, 2005

1.12.	Number of assigned reading copies with regard to	the number of students	s currently attending
	the course		

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Zelenika, R.: Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela, Pisana djela na stručnim i sveučilišnim studijima, knjiga peta,	2	15
Ekonomski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2011.		
Žugaj, M.: Metodologija znanstveno-istraživačkog rada, Fakultet organizacije i informatike, Varaždin, 1997.	5	15
Trochim, William M. Research methods : the essential knowledge base / William M. Trochim, James P. Donnelly, Kanika Arora, 2nd ed, Boston : Cengage Learning, cop. 2016	1	15
White, Theresa L., Research methods / Theresa L. White, Donald H. McBurney, 9th ed, Belmont : Wadsworth, Cengage Learning, cop. 2013	1	15

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







ELECTIVE COURSES

General information					
Course coordinator	Marko Valčić, PhD				
Course title	Selected topics in computational data analysis and machine learning				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

Acquiring knowledge and skills that are required to carry out various computational data analyses, as well as to create appropriate empirical and semi-empirical models within the research scope that are based on selected computational methods and statistical algorithms, machine learning and artificial intelligence methods.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, the students will be able to:

- 1 Critically evaluate common data preparation and processing problems when developing empirical or semi-empirical data-driven models.
- 2 Formulate a research problem and an opinion related to approaches to solving it.
- 3 Present the theoretical background and assess the quality of appropriate machine learning methods to solve the previously raised problem.
- 4 Review the different criteria for selecting the most favourable method.
- 5 Rank the selected methods according to predefined performance criteria and recommend the most favourable method.
- 6 Discuss and provide arguments for the obtained results, evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of selected methods, and recommend guidelines for further research.
 - 1.4. Course content

Data preparation and organization: importing and preprocessing, descriptive statistics, data transformation, data visualization. Data analysis using statistical and machine learning methods: function approximation, linear regression, nonlinear regression, classification, nonparametric supervised learning, cluster analysis and unsupervised learning, multi-dimensional data and dimensionality reduction, support vector machine, random number generation, Monte Carlo simulations. Neural networks: data types and training styles, learning algorithms, deep learning, multilayer neural networks, radial basis neural networks, self-organizing networks, dynamic neural networks, deep neural networks. Fuzzy inference systems and neuro-adaptive learning. Engineering optimization: unconstrained and constrained nonlinear optimization, multi-objective optimization algorithms, linear programming and mixed-integer linear programming, mixed-integer nonlinear programming, quadratic programming, nonlinear programming, direct search algorithms, genetic algorithms. Evaluation of





empirical and semi-empirical models: training (learning), validation, testing, error and noise, overfitting, generalization, regularization, model performance indexes, visualization of results, model retraining and calibration, sensitivity and uncertainty analysis, risk analysis and decision making.

		M individual assignment
1.5. Teaching methods	ig i seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	laboratories
	long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other
1.6. Comments	-	

1.7. Student's obligations

Course attendance (consultations), completing the project assignment, preparation and presentation of the seminar work. The preparation of a project assignment and the presentation of a seminar work may be substituted by the preparation and publication of a scientific paper in an appropriate journal or the preparation and presentation of a paper at an appropriate scientific conference.

1.8. Evaluation² of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	1
Project	2.6	Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The process of evaluating the acquired learning outcomes takes place as follows:

- Through mentorship and monitoring of student's activities related to independent student's work on the assigned project task, research, and preparation of final report (seminar work or research paper) during course duration 70 % of the acquired learning outcomes are evaluated (1-6), where the student must realize a minimum of 50 % points.
- At the final part of the exam, 30 % of the acquired learning outcomes are evaluated (1-6), whereby the student must realize a minimum of 50 % of points to pass the final exam.
 Note: Publication of a scientific paper in an appropriate scientific journal or presentation of a paper at an appropriate scientific conference is equivalent to the final part of the exam.
- Final ECTS grade is defined on the basis of the achieved total % of knowledge, skills and competencies and numerical grade after the final / remedial exam is as follows:
 - grade excellent (5) corresponds to grade A in the ECTS scale and a success rate of 90 to 100 %,
 - a grade of *very good* (4) corresponds to a grade of B on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 75 to 89.9 %,
 - grade good (3) corresponds to grade C on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 60 to 74.9 %,
 - a grade of *sufficient* (2) corresponds to a grade of D on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 50 to 59.9 %,
 - the grade *insufficient* (1) corresponds to the grade F in the ECTS scale and the success rate from 0 to 49.9 %.

Examples of evaluating learning outcomes in relation to set learning outcomes are:

- Published research paper by the PhD student (main author) in an appropriate scientific journal.
- Prepared and accepted project assignment in the field of data science, machine learning and/or artificial

² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





intelligence. Based on the project task, a seminar paper is also prepared and presented. The practical part of the project assignment, i.e. the seminar paper, can be developed using programming environments/ languages such as MATLAB, Python or R.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

Valčić, M. (2020). *Selected topics in computational data analysis and machine lear*ning. Lecture Notes, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.

Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., Courville, A. (2016). *Deep Learning*. The MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA. Available online: <u>http://www.deeplearningbook.org/</u>

Barber, D. (2012). *Bayesian Reasoning and Machine Learning*. Cambridge University Press, London, UK. Available online: <u>http://www.cs.ucl.ac.uk/staff/d.barber/brml/</u>

Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Friedman, J. (2017). *The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction*. 2nd Ed., Springer, New York, NY, USA. Available online:

https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn//

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Jo, T. (2021). *Machine Learning Foundations: Supervised, Unsupervised, and Advanced Learning*. Springer Nature Switzerland AG, Cham, Switzerland.

Kelleher, J.D., Namee, B.M., D'Arcy, A. (2020). Fundamentals of Machine Learning for Predictive Data Analytics: Algorithms, Worked Examples, and Case Studies. 2nd Ed. The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, England.

Kroese, D.P., Botev, Z.I., Taimre, T., Vaisman, R. (2020). *Data Science and Machine Learning: Mathematical and Statistical Methods*. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, FL, USA.

Theodoridis, S. (2020). *Machine Learning: A Bayesian and Optimization Perspective*. 2nd Ed. Academic Press - Elsevier, San Diego, CA, USA.

Brandt, S. (2014). *Data Analysis: Statistical and Computational Methods for Scientists and Engineers*. Springer, Heidelberg, Germany.

Rao, S.S. (2020). *Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice*. 5th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY, USA.

1.12.	Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending
	the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Valčić, M. (2020). <i>Selected topics in computational data analysis and machine lear</i> ning. Lecture Notes, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.	Available to enrolled students (pdf)	1-5
Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., Courville, A. (2016). <i>Deep Learning</i> . The MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, USA. Available online: <u>http://www.deeplearningbook.org/</u>	Available online	1-5
Barber, D. (2012). <i>Bayesian Reasoning and Machine Learning</i> . Cambridge University Press, London, UK. Available online: <u>http://www.cs.ucl.ac.uk/staff/d.barber/brml/</u>	Available online	1-5
Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Friedman, J. (2017). <i>The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction</i> . 2nd Ed., Springer, New York, NY, USA. Available online: <u>https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn//</u>	Available online	1-5

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information						
Course coordinator	Marko Gulić, PhD					
Course title	Application of metaheuristic algorithms to shipping					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>					
Course status	Elective					
Year	1.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1.1. Course objectives

The main objective of the course is to acquire knowledge of optimization problems and metaheuristic algorithms that solve these problems, in order to enable students to analyze and solve complex optimization problems. Through examples from logistics, students will learn to adjust the parameters of nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms for efficient solving of NP-hard optimization problems.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, students will be able to do the following:

- 1. Critically evaluate the selected optimization problem.
- 2. Mathematically formulate an optimization problem and express an opinion on possible solutions.
- 3. Present the theoretical foundations and evaluate the appropriate metaheuristic algorithms to solve the previously raised problem.
- 4. Review the different parameters of the corresponding metaheuristic algorithms with the aim of obtaining a better solution.
- 5. Rank selected metaheuristic algorithms according to predefined performance criteria and recommendation of the most favourable algorithm for the selected optimization problem.
- 6. Argumentatively discuss obtained results, evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of the selected metaheuristic algorithm, recommend guidelines for further research.
- 1.4. Course content

Optimization problems. Mathematical formulation of the optimization problem. The search for optimality. NPhard optimization problems. Metaheuristic algorithms. Metaheuristic algorithms inspired by nature: Ant colony optimization algorithm, Artificial bee colony algorithm, Firefly algorithm, Bat algorithm, African bison algorithm, Genetic algorithm. Application of nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms to solve NP-hard optimization problems. Parameter tuning of nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms and analysis of algorithm performance. NP-hard problems in logistics. Overview of selected NP-hard logistics problems. Mathematical formulation of the selected logistics problem and application of the metaheuristic algorithm to solve the problem.

1.5. Teaching methods

\boxtimes	lectures
\ge	seminars an
	exercises







	long distance education	Mentorship
	fieldwork	other
1.6. Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

Class participation (consultations), completing project assignments, writing and presenting a seminar paper. Writing and publishing a scientific paper in an appropriate journal or writing and presenting a paper at an appropriate scientific conference may be substituted for writing a traditional project assignment and presenting a project paper.

1.8. Evaluation³ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	1
Project	2.6	Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The process of assessing acquired learning outcomes is as follows:

- Through continuous supervision in the context of mentoring and independent work on a project paper, research and writing a final report (seminar paper or scientific article) in class, 70% of the acquired learning outcomes (1st 6th) will be assessed, and the student must achieve at least 50% of the points.
- In the final examination part, 30% of the acquired learning outcomes (1st-6th) will be assessed, and the student must achieve at least 50% of the points to pass the final examination. *Note: Preparation for publication of a scientific paper in an appropriate scientific journal or at an appropriate scientific conference is equivalent to the final examination part.*
- The final ECTS grade is determined on the basis of the total percentage of knowledge, skills and competences achieved and the numerical grade after the final/repeat examination as follows:
 - the grade excellent (5) corresponds to grade A on the ECTS scale and a pass rate of 90 to 100%,
 - the grade very good (4) corresponds to grade B on the ECTS scale and a succes rate of 75 to 89.9%,
 - the grade good (3) corresponds to the grade C on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 60 to 74.9 %,
 - the grade sufficient (2) corresponds to the grade D on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 50 to 59.9%,
 - the grade insufficient (1) corresponds to the grade F on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 0 to 49.9%.

Examples of assessment of learning outcomes in relation to the specified learning outcomes are:

- Preparation for publication of the PhD student's scientific work (lead author) in an appropriate scientific journal or at an appropriate scientific conference.
- Preparation and acceptance of a project work in the field of logistic NP -hard problems with the application of metaheuristic algorithms inspired by nature. Based on the project task, a seminar paper was prepared and presented. The practical part of the project tasks (seminar) can also be created using a programming language.

³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)								
 Gulić, M. (2022). Application of metaheuristic algorithms to solve optimization problems in shipping. Lectureships, Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia Yang, Xin-She. Nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms. Luniver press, 2010. 								
1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)								
1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course								
Title	Number of copies	Number of students						
Gulić, M. Application of metaheuristic algorithms to solve optimization problems in shipping. Lectureships. 2022.								
Yang, Xin-She. Nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms. Luniver press, 2010. Available online								
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement	t of output knowledge, skil	lls and competences						

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.









	General information					
Course coordinator	Senka Maćešić, PhD Nelida Črnjarić-Žic, PhD					
Course title	Numerical modeling and optimization methods in engineering					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>					
Course status	Elective					
Year	l					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	ng Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1.1. Course objectives

Knowledge of the mathematical modeling based on ordinary differential equations, partial differential equations, and meta-models, necessary for solving problems in engineering. Knowledge of optimal control principles necessary for recognition of optimization problems in engineering practice. Mathematical definition of problems and its solution through the application of appropriate methods and software.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Set up a mathematical formulation of the observed problem that is based on differential equations and/or on metamodel, justify the choice of the formulation, analyze the complexity and solvability of the problem. Propose an appropriate numerical model. Set up a mathematical formulation of an optimization problem, analyse and evaluate the complexity and solvability of the problem based on the formulation. Investigate the possibilities of applying particular methods to a given optimization problem and choose the appropriate method. Explore problem-solving capabilities of numerical problem and/or optimization problem by using ready-made software and/or writing your own implementation of the optimization method, or build the metamodel using the data-driven algorithms. Critically evaluate and compare the obtained results and independently investigate the possible improvements.

1.4. Course content

Models based on ordinary differential equations. Dynamical systems. Numerical solution of differential equations.

Models based on partial differential equation in fluid mechanics thermodynamics, etc. Conservation laws for mass, momentum and energy. Concept of metamodels (surrogate models) and data-driven methods for building metamodels.

Optimal control problems in technology. Optimization problem formulation. Problems of optimal management of stationary and non-stationary phenomena. Optimal design problems. Model parameter calibration problems. Optimization problems of permutation type and optimal clustering. Treatment of restrictions. Optimization methods. Methods based on the gradient of objective function. Combinatorial methods. Heuristic methods. Evolutionary and stochastic optimization methods.

1.5. Teaching	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assigment
methods	\bigotimes seminars and workshops	multimedia and network







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							aborat			
		╎┝	long distance education fieldwork			⊠ mentorship ☐ other				
1.6. Commei	nts									
1.7. Student's	s obliga	ion	15							
	_		tations), solving project	assignment,	prepa	aring,	prese	enting	and defe	nding the
1.8. Evaluatio	on⁴ of st	ude	ent's work							
Course	0.4	A	ctivity/Participation	Seminar	pape	r	1.6	Expei	riment	
attendance Written exam			ral exam	Essay				Resea		4
Project			ontinuous assessment	Report					ical work	· ·
Portfolio										
1.9. Assessme	ent and	eva	aluation of student's work	during classes	s and	on fir	al exa	ım		
Course attendanc	e, class	act	ivity, project assignments,	seminar pape	er.					
1.10. A	ssigned	rec	nding (at the time of the su	bmission of s	tudy	progra	amme	propo	sal)	
Chapra, S.C., Cana	ale, R.P.:	Nι	imerical methods for engi	neers, McGra	w Hill	l Book	Co., 1	1989		
			ience and engineering, We		-			-		
			Flannery, B.P., W.T.: Nume							
	-		esearch Application and A T. A.: Algorithms for Optin	-				nont,	1993.	
1.11. C	ptional	/ a	dditional reading (at the ti	me of proposi	ing st	udy p	rograr	nme)		
-			Methods for Hyperbolic P		-	-				
			nerical mathematics and c							
	Number e course		assigned reading copies w	ith regard to t	the nu	umber	of stu	Idents	currently c	attending
			Title		Nι		of copi	ies	Number o	of students
Chapra, S.C., Canale Hill Book Co., 1989	e, R.P.: N	ume	erical methods for engineers	, McGraw			1		Ę	5
Strang, G.: Computa Press, Cambridge, 2		cien	ce and engineering, Wellesle	ey-Cambridge			1	5		5
	sky, S.A.,	Fla	nnery, B.P., W.T.: Numerical	recipes,			1		Ę	5
Winston, W. L.: Ope	erations l		earch Application and Algort	nms,			1			5
			A.: Algorithms for Optimizati	on, MIT			1			5
Press, 2019. 1.13. Quality n	nonitori	na	methods which ensure acq	uirement of c	וומלוות	tknou	wlodad	o chille		
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guidelines for qua	ality ass	ura	pred in accordance with t nce, implemented at the	Faculty of M	aritin	ne Stu	idies i	n Rijek	ka. Yearly a	analysis of
			ation data is conducted ar	iu appi opi iate	e mea	asures	are d	uoptet		517.

⁴ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Biserka Draščić Ban, PhD				
Course title	Probability and Statistics				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	۱.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The course objective is to acquire specific knowledge of statistics and mathematical modeling through familiarization with statistical terms and concepts, construction of statistical models and application of statistical methods to engineering, process management, quality control and solving similar practical problems, using open-source statistical programming language and environment for statistical calculations and graphics R, and to train students to use probability and statistics as a tool.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, students will be able to do the following:

- 1. Collect and organize the data;
- 2. Recognize and analyse certain types of statistical series and their characteristics;
- 3. Distinguish theoretical distributions and connect theoretical and empirical distributions;
- 4. Use parametric estimating based on one variable to estimate the population parameters;
- 5. Use and interpret the conclusions obtained by statistical testing;
- 6. Distinguish between dependent and independent samples of two variables;
- 7. Use and interpret the t-test to compare parameters in dependent and independent samples;
- 8. Examine the dependence between variables and create a regression model;
- 9. Use the software platform R for statistical procedures.

1.4. Course content

Data collection and organization. Descriptive statistics. Fundamentals of probability theory. Statistical inference based on one variable. Statistical inference based on two variables. Basics of statistical modeling. Statistical inference based on multiple variables.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assigment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		







1.7. Student's obligations

Class attendance (consultations), completing project tasks, preparing and presenting seminar papers.

Course attendance	0,4	Activity/Participation	Seminar	paper	2.6	Experimental work	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay			Research	3
Project		Sustained knowledge check	Report			Practice	
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessn	nent and	evaluation of student's wo	rk during classes	s and on fin	al exa	m	
Class attendance	e, project	task, seminar paper.					
1.10.	Assigned	reading (at the time of the	submission of s	tudy progra	amme	proposal)	
Osijek, 2	014.	rak, Uvod u vjerojatnost i sl vak, Primijenjena statistika,				· -	
1.11.	Optional	/ additional reading (at the	e time of proposi	ing study pi	rogran	nme)	
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 D.C. Mo Inc., 201 D.J. Shes K. Härdle J.D. Jobs J.D. Jobs P.J. Broc 1.12. M. Benšić, N. Šuv Strossmayera, O M. Benšić, N. Suv 	ntgomer .8. skin, Hand e, L. Sima son, Appli skwell, R./ Number the course vak, Uvoo djel za m Šuvak, I	y, G.C. Runger, Applied St dbook of Parametric and N r, Applied Multivariate Sta ed Multivariate Data Analy A. Davis, Introduction to Tin of assigned reading copies e <u>Title</u> d u vjerojatnost i statistiku,	atistics and Pro onparametric St tistical Analysis, vsis, Volume I, Vo me Series and Fo with regard to t Sveučilište J.J.	bability for tatistical Pro Springer olume II, Sp precasting, the number Number e-b	r Engir ocedur oringer Spring of stu	er dents currently	v attending

guidelines for quality assurance, which are implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

⁵ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







BASIC MODULE B









General information				
Course coordinator	Alen Jugović, PhD			
Course title	Port systems			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

The overall objective is to show the existing models of port system management in the world and the role and importance of the individual ports for the whole system, but also its position and significance within the port system. At the same time, the aim is to show the relationship and the importance of determining the direction of development of each port, the necessary investments and the dynamics of investment in order to realistically and responsibly follow the real needs of individual ports, but also features of the individual port system. Special attention will be dedicated to the port system of the national port and port system of county and local ports, and organizational models of port authorities and the business environment within which the port operates. The course objective is to point out the importance of creating a comprehensive port policy, but also compatible port policy that has its support in the transport and economic policy. In this sense, a part of the lecture will relate to the definition of the role of logistics in the entire transport chain, which begins and ends with sea ports.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, students will be able to do the following:

- 1. Connect and compare various features of the seaport management system,
- 2. Define and determine the significance and role of each entity in the port system,
- 3. Measure the effectiveness of the concession system in the port areas,
- 4. Identify problems and shortcomings in the operations of port authorities and port concessionaires,
- 5. Establish the importance of logistics in the development of seaports,

6. Introduce and implement modern logistic strategies to find appropriate solutions to the requirements of the carrier, the owner of the goods and the environment.

1.4. Course content

- Experiences/forms and features of port systems management in the world and Europe,
- Port management configuration and port management reorganization,
- Tasks of port management and management of concession relations in the port area in the function of economic and entrepreneurial development,
- Port clusters,
- The relationship between the port and the city,
- Strategic port planning,

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 Presentin 1.5. Teaching methods 		fects of port logistics on the lectures seminars and worksho exercises long distance educatio fieldwork	ops	etitive pi	_ inc _ mu lab	lividual as	sigment and network	stem.
1.6. Commer	nts							
1.7. Student's	s obligat	tions						
Attending lectures	s and fie	eld work. Examination throu	ugh act	ivities in	class and fina	al oral exa	am.	
1.8. Evaluatio			0					
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Semina	r paper	Exp	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1.6	Essay		Res	earch	1
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Pra	ctical work	
Portfolio		Article	3					
 Jugović, A Hlača, Boj Wayne-K- Cullinane, <i>1.11.</i> Coto-millá Hlača, Boj 	len: Upi an: Luči Talley: F Wayne <i>ptional</i> , án, Pablo an: Upr	reading (at the time of the ravljanje morskom lukom, F ka Logistika, Pomorski fakul Port Economics, Routledge, & Talley, Kevin: Port Econo / additional reading (at the p, Pesquera, Miguel Angel, avljanje prometnim koridor ogistički sustavi, Ekonomsk	Rijeka: tet Sve Taylor omics, <i>time c</i> Castan rima, V	Pomorsk eučilišta u and Fran Jai Press f proposi edo, Juan eleučilišt	i fakultet; 20 u Rijeci, Rijek ncis Group, L (Elsevier), 20 ing study pro n: Essays on e u Rijeci, Rij	12. a, 2016. ondon & 006. gramme) port econ eka, 2011	New York, 200 omics, 2010,	
-		of assigned reading copies			-			ending
th	e course					~		
	auliania	<i>Title</i> morskom lukom,_Rijeka, Po	amorel	⁄i	Number oj	^c opies	Number of s	tudents
fakultet, 2012.	avijalije	morskom lukom, nijeka, PC	5110151	NI .	50		20	
Hlača, Bojan: Lučka Logistika, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2016.2020								
1.13. Quality n	nonitorii	ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of c	output knowl	edge, skill	ls and compet	ences
guidelines for qua	ality ass	nitored in accordance with urance, implemented at th nination data is conducted a	ie Faci	lty of M	aritime Stud	ies in Rije	eka. Yearly an	alysis of

⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD Dražen Žgaljić, PhD				
Course title	Multimodal transport networks	Multimodal transport networks			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

One of the fundamental characteristics of today's global transportation system is multimodalism, which explores the dynamics and evolution in the legal, economic, technical and technological domain. The basic aim of this course is to introduce students of the PhD programme "Maritime Studies" to the relevant segment of multimodality in the technical and technological domain, which are "multimodal transportation networks" with an emphasis on "multi-modal logistic networks", which are now the basis of all modern multimodal transport systems. In addition to current scientific solutions that are continuously developed and upgraded, the goal of the course is to indicate the specific target areas within the "multi-modal transport networks" and multi-modal logistic networks which are still subject of research, or are insufficiently investigated.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Course expected learning outcomes on the basis of which the students, after completing the course and passing the exam will be able to:

- 1. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate dynamical structure of multimodal transport networks,
- 2. Analyse and evaluate multimodal transport supply chains,
- 3. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate, based on the multi-criteria analysis, the productivity, costeffectiveness and profitability of different types of transport in the multimodal transport networks,
- 4. Analyse and structure the forming of multimodal transport networks,
- 5. Model vertical and horizontal network structures,
- 6. Analyse and structure the forming of multimodal logistic networks,
- 7. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate hierarchical relationships and dual descriptions of multimodal networks,
- 8. Model and optimize project tasks of multimodal transport and logistic networks,
- 9. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate fundamental variables and characteristics of important types of multimodal transport networks,
- 10. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate sensitivity and reliability of multimodal transport networks,
- 11. Analyse and evaluate transport network flows (equilibrium, nodes and arches),
- 12. Analyse and evaluate characteristic elements of the multimodal logistic networks (sides, nodes, network eye)
- 13. Analyse, synthesize and evaluate network planning,
- 14. Analyse and evaluate longitudinal and radial multimodal transport networks.

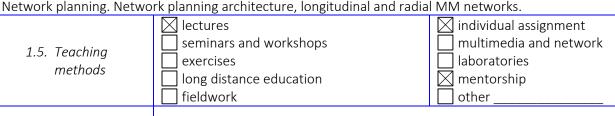




1.4. Course content

Multimodality. Mobility of people and goods. Supply chain in the MM transport, evaluation of various transportation modes. The formation of multi-modal transportation and logistics network. Vertical and horizontal network structures, Types and categories of networks. Hierarchical relations in transport networks. Dual descriptions of MM networks. General formulation of MM transport and logistic network projects. Fundamental variables and characteristics of major types of transport networks. Corridors and network

patterns. Single-level and multi-level MM networks. Sensitivity and reliability of MM network. Transportation network flows. Network balance. Nodes and arches. Sides, nodes and network eye. One origin/more origins – one destination/ more destinations. Alternative routes. Multiple demands.



1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Attendance at lectures, individual assignment and research in one thematical segment.

1.8. Evaluation⁷ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Project assignment	3			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment and evaluation of student's work is conducted through research of specified topics related to the course and during consultations.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

Bliemer, M.C.J. (2001). Analytical Dynamic Traffic Assignment with Interacting User-Classes: Theoretical Advances and Applications using a Variational inequality Approach. Delft: Delft university Press.

Kos, S. & Zenzerović, Z. (2003). Modelling the Transport Process in Marine Container Technology. *Promet - Traffic & Transportation*, 15(1), pp. 13-17.

van Nes, R. (2002). Design of multimodal transport networks. Delft: Delft University Press.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Kos, S., Vukić, L. & Brčić, D. (2017). Comparison of External Costs in Multimodal Container Transport Chain. Promet - Traffic & Transportation, 29(2), pp. 243-252.

Kos, S., Bakota, M. & Brčić, D. (2018). Analysis of the Impact of Transport Corridor Vc on the Port of Ploče. *Promet - Traffic & Transportation*, 30(4), pp. 465-477.

Hess, M., Hess, S. & Kos, S. (2008). On Transportation system with deterministic Service Time. *Promet - Traffic & Transportation*, 20(5), pp. 283-290.

Kos, S. (2003) Productivity of Full Container Ship and Energy-Economy of its Propulsion Plant. Promet - Traffic

⁷ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





& Transportation, 15(2).

Kos, S., Brčić, D. & Karmelić, J. (2010). Structural Analysis of Croatian Container Seaports. *Pomorstvo: Scientific journal of maritime research*, 24(2), pp. 189-209.

Kos, S., Šamija, S. & Brčić, D. (2012). Multimodal transport in the function of the port system containerization development. *Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference on Transport Sciences (ICTS)*. Univerza v Ljubljani, Fakulteta za pomorstvo in promet. Portorož, Slovenija, 28. 5. 2012. 7 p.

Kos, S., Šamija, S. & Brčić, D. (2012). The impact of logistic systems performances on the quality of services in multimodal transport. *Proceedings of 4th International Maritime Science Conference (IMSC)*. University of Split, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Split, Hrvatska, 16-17. 6. 2012. pp. 50-61.

Kos, S., Vilke, S. & Brčić, D. (2017). Redirection of the World Traffic Flow Far East – Europe via the Adriatic Sea. *Athens Journal of Technology & Engineering*, 4(3), pp. 229-245.

Kos, S., Zenzerović, Z. (2004). Model of Optimal Cargo Transport Structure by Full Container Ship on Predefined Sailing Route. *Promet - Traffic & Transportation*, 16(1), pp. 15-20.

Vilke, S., Brčić, D. & Kos, S. (2017). Northern and Southern European traffic flow land segment analysis as part of the redirection justification. *TransNav - International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation*, 11(4). pp. 673-679.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Bliemer, M.C.J. (2001). Analytical Dynamic Traffic Assignment with Interacting User-Classes: Theoretical Advances and Applications using a Variational inequality Approach. Delft: Delft university Press.	1	2
Kos, S. & Zenzerović, Z. (2003). Modelling the Transport Process in Marine Container Technology. <i>Promet - Traffic & Transportation</i> , 15(1), pp. 13-17.	Available online	2
van Nes, R. (2002). <i>Design of multimodal transport networks</i> . Delft: Delft University Press.	1	2

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information					
Course coordinator	Professor emeritus Pavao Komadina, PhD	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Pavao Komadina, PhD			
Course title	Systematic approach to maritime affairs	Systematic approach to maritime affairs			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	I				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

The main course objective is to provide a systematic overview of maritime affairs, as well as to explain the notion and classification of the maritime system. Maritime affairs as a multidisciplinary system is analytically and synthetically elaborated, presenting some contemporary scientific research in the area.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Analyse and define the maritime system through the different aspects of the maritime industry;
- 2. Analyse and interpret the maritime industry through the analyses of different systems and subsystems;
- 3. Define and apply the basics features of the maritime system as an disciplinary system;
- 4. Compare maritime systems with basic characteristics of maritime systems and subsystems;
- 5. Compare the economic and non-economic activities of the maritime system on the international level;
- 6. Analyse the maritime development on the basis of EU guidelines.

1.4. Course content

- The definition and classification of the maritime system;
- Maritime affairs as a technical, legislative, economical, social, biological, technological and ecological system;
- Basic features of maritime activities and subsystems;
- Economic and non-economic activities of maritime affairs;
- International aspects of maritime affairs; the European Union and the development of maritime affairs.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obliga	tions	





The students' obligations, in addition to class attendance, are based on research and a systematic approach to maritime affairs. Research results need to be presented in the form of a written seminar, showing the obtained results.

1.8. Evaluation⁸ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	3	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio		Project work				

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Active participation in class; analysis of maritime affairs as a multidisciplinary system with indications of modern scientific research. Learning outcomes are assessed through the research of the PhD student, obtaining relevant results and finally the preparation of a seminar paper on the basis of which the grade is defined.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Kovačić, M., Komadina, P. (2011). *Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj*. Rijeka: Sveučilište u Rijeci, Pomorski fakultet.
- 2. Leggate, H., McConville, J., Morvillo, A. (2005). *International Maritime Transport Perspectives*. London: Routledge.
- 3. Wilson, J. (2010). *Carriage of Goods by Sea*. London: Longman.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Alderton, P. (2004). Sea Transport: Operation and Economics. London: Adlard Coles Nautical.

- 2. Branch, A. (1996). *Elements of Shipping*. London: Routledge.
- 3. Brodie, P. (1999). *Commercial Shipping Handbook (Lloyd's Practical Shipping Guides)*. London: Routledge.
- 4. McConville, J. (1999) *Economics of Maritime Transport, Theory and Practice*. London: Witherby.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending								
the course								
Title	Number of copies	Number of students						
Kovačić, M., Komadina, P. (2011). <i>Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj</i> . Rijeka: Sveučilište u Rijeci, Pomorski fakultet.	10	1-10						
Leggate, H., McConville, J., Morvillo, A. (2005). <i>International Maritime Transport – Perspectives</i> . London: Routledge.	2	1-10						
Wilson, J. (2010). Carriage of Goods by Sea. London: Longman.21-10								
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of c	output knowledge, skil	ls and competences						

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Svjetlana Hess, PhD			
Course title	Decision-making techniques in traffic			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	1.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The basic goal of this course is to enable students, as future employees in a transport company, to use certain quantitative and qualitative methods in planning traffic demand and optimizing transport services, in order to achieve an optimal and competitive business.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

1. define and examine the factors that affect the demand for transport services, identify possible inefficient functioning and poor capacity utilization;

2. compare and consider the advantages and limitations of individual optimization or forecasting methods in a particular case;

3. assess the demand for transport service or optimize the transport process / transport service through the application of an appropriate quantitative or qualitative method;

4. design a travel route, schematically present and solve an illustrative example of a transport process (itinerary) by calculating all the necessary travel indicators;

5. evaluate the results obtained for the real business environment and suggest possible solutions.

1.4. Course content

- Optimal organization of the transport process and planning of transport services based on demand;

- One or more of the selected quantitative methods: regression analysis in traffic forecast, shortest path method, linear programming, transport problem, queue theory, assignment method, dynamic programming;

- Decision-making models in transport systems: application of the selected method of transport process optimization, through the adoption of techniques, analytical calculation and analysis of results;

- Estimation and forecast of traffic demand (with qualitative and/or quantitative forecasting method);

- Case study: assessment of the current state of business of a particular transport company, which processes (system states) are key and which are critical, application of a certain method to solve the identified problem.

1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assigment
	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	laboratories
	long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other







1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Independent research and presentation of research results in the form of a scientific paper.

1.8. Evaluation⁹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	3.6	Experimental work	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	2
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practice	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Learning outcomes are assessed and evaluated by monitoring student work on research, through the results obtained and the quality of research integrated into a seminar paper, containing all the components of a scientific paper.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Hess, S., Planiranje prometne potražnje, Pomorski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2010.

2. Stanković, R., Pašagić Škrinjar, J., Logistika i transportni modeli, autorizirana predavanja, web izdanje, Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb, 2015.

3. Brajdić, I., Matematički modeli i metode poslovnog odlučivanja, Fakultet za menadžment u turizmu i ugostiteljstvu, Opatija, 2013.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Logistics Engineering Handbook, editor G. Don Taylor, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2008.

2. Bahovec, V., Erjavec, N., Uvod u ekonometrijsku analizu, Element d.o.o., Zagreb, 2009.

3. Babić, Z., Modeli i metode poslovnog odlučivanja, Ekonomski fakultet Split, Split, 2011.

4. Šošić. I., Primijenjena statistika, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2004.

5. Schroeder, R., Upravljanje proizvodnjom, MATE d.o.o., Zagreb, 1999.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Hess, S., Planiranje prometne potražnje, Pomorski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2010.	5	1
Brajdić, I., Matematički modeli i metode poslovnog odlučivanja, Fakultet za menadžment u turizmu i ugostiteljstvu, Opatija, 2013.	3	1
Stanković, R., Pašagić Škrinjar, J., Logistika i transportni modeli, autorizirana predavanja, web izdanje, Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb, 2015.	Available online	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







Basic description				
Course coordinator	Mirjana Borucinsky, PhD			
Course title	Language technologies for improving written communication skills			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The main objective of the course is to acquaint students with language technologies (LT) and how to use LT in order to improve their written communication skills.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

N/A

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. Define LTs and describe the difference between language resources, tools and commercial products;
- 2. Classify LTs according to their purpose and the linguistic level;
- 3. Identify key features of scientific texts;
- 4. Compile a representative corpus to be used as a resource for linguistic data;
- 5. Evaluate existing LTs for specific language samples;
- 6. Rewrite an abstract/introduction using selected LTs.
- 1.4. Course content

Definition of language technologies (LT). A brief overview of the development of LTs. Language resources, tools and commercial products. Review of existing technologies for specific linguistic levels (spell checkers, writing editing programmes, vocabulary checkers (e.g., Sapling, Spellcheck Plus, Wordtune, Quillbot, InstaText, Linggle, JustTheWord, Ludwig, idr.) and resources (corpora, terminology databases, Lexonomy), MT and CAT tools (ImTranslator, Memsource, etc.). Compiling a representative corpus that can be used as a resource. Anyalysis of scientific texts and their linguistic features. Understanding language structures in specific texts. Identifying main structures and formulaic language in abstracts, titles, introductions, conclusions, discussion, arguments. Achieving coherence and cohesion in academic writing. Application of LTs to personal writing.

1.5. Teaching methods	 seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		







1.7. Student's obligations

Course attendance, discussions, glossaries

- research

- presentations of results from individual assignments

1.8. Evaluation¹⁰ of student's work

Course attendance	0,4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experimental work	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay		Research	4
Project		Sustained knowledge check	0,6	Report	1	Practice	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Participating in forums and discussion, creating a glossary.

Self-assessment by means of checklists.

Preparing research questions that are to be discussed in a group or online meetings with the lecturer. Examples of assessment:

- 1. Describe the difference between language resources, tools and commercial products.
- 2. Which LTs can be used to check the accuracy of a linguistic patterns (e.g., 'in view of', 'to our knowledge' etc.)?
- 3. Rewrite an abstract by using LTs.
- 4. Based on the compiled corpus, extract multi-word expressions.
- 5. Draft a research question on problems pertaining to LTs and their application.
- 6. Write an abstract/introduction and report how LTs have helped you make your written communication more efficient.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Berez-Kroeker, A.; McDonnell, B.; Koller, E.; Collister, L., B. (2022). The Open Handbook of Liguistic Data Management. Massachusets: MIT Press.

2. Borucinsky, M.; Kegalj, J. (2020). Notes on Written Communication in Marine Engineering. Pomorski fakultet, Sveučilište u Rijeci.

3. Borucinsky, M. (forthcoming). Primjena metoda korpusne lingvistike u jezikoslovnim istraživanjima. Pomorski fakultet, Sveučilište u Rijeci.

4. Bowker, L.; Pearson, J. (2002), (ur.). *Working with specialized language: a practical guide to using corpora.* London i New York. Routledge.

4. Wong, L. L. C. (2019). Implementing disciplinary data-driven learning for postgraduate thesis writing. U Hyland, K. & Wong, L. L. C. (ur.), str. Specialized English.

5. Zanettin, F. (2001). Swimming in words: Corpora, translation and language learning. U Aston (ur.). *Learning with Corpora* (str. 177–197), Biblioteca della Scuola superiore di linguemoderne per interpreti e traduttori, Forlì.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Additional reading is available at the Merlin platform.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

¹⁰ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Titles from the main reading list are available online.		

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, which are implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







NAUTICAL SCIENCES









General information					
Course coordinator	Josip Kasum, PhD				
Course title	Hydrographic activity and safety of navigation	Hydrographic activity and safety of navigation			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	1.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The course provides a scientific methodological approach to study the relationship between hydrographic activity and safety of navigation. The specific objectives are related to: exploring the role of the International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) in the area of maritime safety, strengthening the knowledge about models hydrographic activities and the maintenance in that part of the safety of navigation, and exploration of methodological approaches in the hydrographic activity.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Explain the relationship between hydrographic activity and safety of navigation;
- 2. Describe the characteristics of organized hydrographic activities;
- 3. Synthesize the relationship between hydrographic activity and safety of navigation in dynamic conditions;
- 4. Recommended the optimal way of establishing hydrographic activities;
- 5. Verify the activities of hydrography.

1.4. Course content

The role of the International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) and maritime affairs. The organizational structure of Hydrographic Organizations of IHO member states. The organizational structure of the Croatian Hydrographic Institute - HHI. Models of production of basic products of hydrographic organizations. The production of charts and nautical publications. National coordinators for maritime safety information and hydrographic organization. Structure and services of national coordinators. Methodological approaches to hydrographic activity and reambulation. Application of automation in the process of hydrographic activities.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		







1.7. Student's obligations

Attendance, research, exam

1.8. Evaluation¹¹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	paper	Exp	periment	
Written exam		Oral exam	3.6	Essay		Res	search	2
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Pra	actical work	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	k durir	ng classes	and on find	al exam		
During class: resea	arch, mo	odelling, simulating and pre	sentin	g results.				
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submis	ssion of st	udy progra	mme prop	oosal)	
 Bowditch, N.: American Practical Navigator, DMAHC, USA, 2004. Handbook of Maritime Conventions, Commite Maritime International, 2012. International Hydrographic Organization (IHO). (2021). Online: http://www.iho.int/ 								
1.11. O	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	f proposir	ng study pr	ogramme)	
1. Hydrographic A Gazette no. 163/0	-	Act (Official Gazette no. 68	3/98) a	ind Hydro	graphic Ac	tivity Act	amendments	(Official
	lumber e course	of assigned reading copies	with re	gard to th	ne number	of studen	ts currently atte	ending
	ecourse	z Title			Number o	fconiec	Number of st	tudanta
1. Bowditch.	N · Amer		HCIIS	Δ 2004		<u>,</u>	1-10	uuenis
2. Handbook								
3. International Hydrographic Organization (IHO). (2021). Online: Available online 1-10 http://www.iho.int/ 1-10								
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences								
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of								

quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

¹¹ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Pavao Komadina, PhD			
Course title	Integrated maritime safety and surveillance systems			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to provide students a systematic approach to integrated maritime safety and surveillance systems. Students should explore the settings of creating an integrated model of maritime management as part of integrated coastal and marine management that will coordinate the conservation of natural resources of the maritime domain, ensuring and enabling sustainable maritime economic development, while ensuring maximum economic gain. In order to be able to do this, it is necessary to analyze the establishment of a comprehensive system of monitoring the coast and the sea area in order to protect it against all forms of usurpation and devastation, as well as control the economic use of maritime domain.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After the course completion, students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Analyze and interpret state measures in the function of raising navigation safety;
- 2. Analyze the current development of the International Adriatic Monitoring System and the management of the entire coastline area;
- 3. Model and interpret the Technical Surveillance System for the Adriatic region;
- 4. Analyze the precondition for navigation of maritime traffic on the terminal and harbour areas;
- 5. Analyze the impacts of safety navigation parameters on the maritime navigation and control measures.

1.4. Course content

- Measures taken by states to achieve a certain level of navigation safety;
- Measures to prevent accidents and measures to reduce the consequences of marine casualties;
- Insurance at a satisfactory level of protection of human life at sea, particularly seafarers, fishermen, tourists, passengers on passenger ships, and other persons staying at sea for longer or shorter periods;
- Insurance of a satisfactory level of ecological protection of the sea, air and coastal areas, and the provision
 of material goods (ships and cargo) in the Adriatic Sea transport;
- The Adriatic international monitoring system and management of entire coastal and maritime areas;
- Creation of organizational and legal preconditions for the creation of the Adriatic Coast Guard, as an international system of maritime traffic control and monitoring system;
- Analysis and creation of preconditions for full direction of shipping at terminal directions and port areas;
- Modelling of a common technical system for the Adriatic navigation;
- Creation of a knowledge base and decision-making models, especially in terms of increasing security;
- Definition and determination of criteria for risk assessment, with the aim of determining metrics, levels of
 acceptable security of risks and effects of investments for risk reduction;
- Determination of preventive procedures for increasing the security of ports and maritime passenger traffic;







1.5. Teaching methods Inclusion of employees. 1.5. Teaching methods Inclusion of exercises long distance education Individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories 1.6. Comments 1.7. Student's obligations The students' obligations, in addition to class attendance, are based on the research of integrated safety and monitoring systems in shipping and preparing a seminar paper presenting the obtained results. 1.8. Evaluation ¹² of student's work Course attendance 0.4 Oral exam Essay Project Continuous assessment Report Practical work Portoloi Project work 1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam Active participation in teaching and analysis of integrated safety and monitoring systems with indications of modern scientific research, eating of a seminar paper on the basis of which the grade is defined. 1.0. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal) 1.8. Beard, T. (2004). The Coast Guard. New York: Hugh Lauter Levin Associates. 2. Clicin - Sain, B., Knecht, R. (1998). Integrated Coastal And Ocean Management, Concepts And Practices Washington, DC. Island Press. 3. Clark, J. R. (1995) Coastal Zone Management Handbook. Boca Raton: CRC Press. 1.1.1. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study p	 Analysis of the impact on maritime traffic guidance and control measures for safety navigation parameters; The model of education system for employees. 									
1.7. Student's obligations The students' obligations, in addition to class attendance, are based on the research of integrated safety and monitoring systems in shipping and preparing a seminar paper presenting the obtained results. 1.8. Evaluation ¹² of student's work Course attendance 0.4 Activity/Participation Seminar paper 3 Experiment Written exam Oral exam Essay Research 2.6 Project Continuous assessment Report Practical work 1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam Active participation in teaching and analysis of integrated safety and monitoring systems with indications of modern scientific research. Learning outcomes are checked through student's research, obtaining relevant results and finally the preparation of a seminar paper on the basis of which the grade is defined. 1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal) 1. Beard, T. (2004). The Coast Guard. New York: Hugh Lauter Levin Associates. 2. Cicin - Sain, B., Knecht, R. (1998). Integrated Coastal And Ocean Management, Concepts And Practices Washington, DC: Island Press. 3. Laropean Commission (EC). (2001). Towards a European Integrated Coastal Zone Management (ICZM) Strategy: General Principles and Policy Options. Bruxelles: EC. 2. European Commission (EC). (2021). Alphabetical list of studi	1.5. Teaching	,	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education 			_ n la _ n	nultime aborate nentor	edia a ories	-	
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1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam Active participation in teaching and analysis of integrated safety and monitoring systems with indications of modern scientific research. Learning outcomes are checked through student's research, obtaining relevant results and finally the preparation of a seminar paper on the basis of which the grade is defined. 1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal) 1. Beard, T. (2004). The Coast Guard. New York: Hugh Lauter Levin Associates. 2. Cicin - Sain, B., Knecht, R. (1998). Integrated Coastal And Ocean Management, Concepts And Practices Washington, DC: Island Press. 3. Clark, J. R. (1995) Coastal Zone Management Handbook. Boca Raton: CRC Press. 1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme) 1. European Commission (EC). (2001). Towards a European Integrated Coastal Zone Management (ICZM) Strategy: General Principles and Policy Options. Bruxelles: EC. 2. European Commission (EC). (2021). Alphabetical list of studies and reports available on the Environment website (http://ec.europa.eu/environment/pubs/studies.htm) 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course 1.11. Optional / Baddington, DC: Island Press. 2 1.12. Number of assigned reading Copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course 1.12. Number of assegment reading Copies with regard to complex. 2 <td>Project</td> <td></td> <td>Continuous assessment</td> <td></td> <td>Report</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Pract</td> <td>tical work</td> <td></td>	Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Pract	tical work	
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¹² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





General information					
Course coordinator	Sandra Tominac Coslovich, PhD David Brčić, PhD				
Course title	Intercultural competence and communication in maritime industry				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	1.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

Defining and understanding the concepts of culture and intercultural competence and their dimensions, as well as the most important models that enable the acquisition of intercultural competence. Understanding the role and place of intercultural competencies in communication in maritime industry. Developing critical thinking skills in evaluating the place and role of language and culture on board and in the maritime industry in general. Understanding the concepts of multilingualism, multinationalism and multiculturalism in the maritime industry and their impact on communication on board. Development and application of methodology in the research of multiculturalism and intercultural competencies and in the analysis of intercultural communication in maritime industry.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

Completed undergraduate study programmes in Nautical studies/Marine Engineering/Logistics and Management in Maritime Industry and Transport

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After completing the course requirements, it is expected that the students will be able to:

1. correctly define, recognize and apply the concepts of multiculturalism and intercultural competencies in the maritime industry;

2. list and explain the most important cultural models/dimensions and apply them to the analysis of the most numerous nationalities on board;

3. state and explain the most important dimensions of intercultural competence;

4. recognize and analyze basic models of intercultural competence;

5. critically evaluate the impact of multiculturalism on communication and safety on board vessels manned by multinational and multicultural crew;

6. adopt elements, methodology and models of multicultural and multilingual research and studies in the organization of maritime business and employment of seafarers.

1.4. Course content

Definitions of culture, culture as "mental software", cultural dimensions/models, critical review of cultural models, sociolinguistic aspects of multicultural communication on board (communication in stressful situations, crisis management), research methods in culture and sociolinguistics: advantages and disadvantages, avoiding absolute statements about national culture, multinational crews: aspects of multilingualism and multiculturalism, the problem of communication; language and culture studies in the process of employment of seafarers, culture and authority, definition of intercultural competence, review,





comparison and analysis of the most important elements of intercultural competence and their analysis, intercultural communication competence in the maritime industry (verbal and nonverbal), developing awareness of the importance of human element and communication in the maritime industry and the importance of continuous education and training in the matters of communication in multicultural maritime environments.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assigment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

Participation in course activities and discussions, writing and presenting reports on the results of independent research

1.8. Evaluation¹³ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	0.6	Essay		Research	4
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	1	Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Writing and presenting a report, participating in course activities.

Examples of assessment and evaluation:

- Learning outcomes 1, 2, 5. Based on the text from the study "Case studies of life aboard" explain the impact of cultural differences on ship safety.
- Learning outcomes 2, 3, 4. Critically examine the shortcomings and limitations of different models of cultural dimensions/intercultural competence
- Learning outcomes 2, 5, 6. Apply one of the models of cultural dimensions in the analysis of one nationality on board and present the results and your own critical review in a report

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)
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- Cross Cultural Competency for Maritime Professionals through Education and Training (CCUL.COMPET) (Phase II), IAMU 2011 Research Project No 2011-3 Final Report by James R. Parsons, Elaine Potoker & Maria Progoulaki, <u>https://iamu-edu.org/download/final-report-of-research-project-fy2011/</u>
- Cross-Cultural Training course developed within the project KNOWME by Dorina Pörksen (author) and oncampus, e-learning department of Lübeck University of Applied Sciences, Germany – designed for developing intercultural competency in the maritime industry, https://www.oncampus.de/weiterbildung/wirtschaft/cross-cultural-training
- Multicultural Crew Management (Topic 7), in book "A Good Working Life at Sea A manual for creating and maintaining welfare and well-being aboard", Copenhagen: Seahealth Denmark, 2008, <u>https://shw.dk/en/page/multicultural-crews</u> or <u>https://iamu-edu.org/download/final-report-ofresearch-project-fy2011/</u> (pp. 110-117)
- 1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

¹³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





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- 2. Arasaratnam, L. A. (2014). Ten years of research in intercultural communication competence (2003–2013): A retrospective. *Journal of Intercultural Communication*, *35*.
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- 5. Hofstede, Geert (1997/2004) Cultures and Organizations: Software of the Mind
- 6. Horck, J. (2005) Can shipping people communicate? A human factor aspect on multicultural communicat and ethnic stereotyping in Shipping. Journal of Maritime Studies. Vol. 2. World Maritime University
- 7. Jeknić, Ranka (2006) Individualističke i kolektivističke kulture u kontekstu globalizacije: Hofstedeov mode njegova kritika. Revija za sociologiju, Vol XXXVII (2006), No 3-4, 205-2255.
- 8. Knudsen, F. (2005) Seamanship –between techniques and practical wisdom. Proceedings of NoFS6.
- 9. Lutsenko, O. & Stok, H. (2008) Cultural awareness in Maritime English. Proceedings of IMLA-IMEC Confer on Maritime English, Rotterdam
- 10. Andres, T. Q. D. (2006) Understanding the Filipino Seaman: His Values, Attitudes and Behavior, Our Lady Manaoag Publishers, Manila, Philipines
- Barnett, M.L (2005) Searching for the Root Causes of Maritime Casualties: Individual Competence or Organisational Culture? Maritime Research Centre, Warsash, Southampton, UK, WMU Journal of Maritim Affairs, 2005, Vol. 4, No.2, 131–1452.
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- 13. Čulić-Viskota, A. & Bielić, T. (2008) Cultural and linguistic differences as factors of ineffective communica Proceedings of IMLA-IMEC 20, Rotterdam
- 14. Froholdt, L.L. (2007) Seamanship -Between Techniques And Practical Wisdom Imec 2007 The Human ele in Maritime Accidents and disasters –a matter of communication
- Galešić, A.-Dž., Tominac Coslovich, S. (2019) Working with Multinational and Multicultural Crews: a Croa Seafarers' Perspective, Scientific Journal of Maritime Research 33 2019, pp. 56-62, Faculty of Maritime S Rijeka, <u>https://doi.org/10.31217/p.33.1.6</u>
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- 17. Hofstede Geert 1997 (1991) Cultures and organizations Software of the mind. Intercultural cooperation its importance for survival. McGraw-Hill NY, London m.fl.
- 18. Horck, Jan (2005) Getting the best out of multi-cultural manning. BIMCO GA 2005 in Copenhagen
- 19. Horck, J. (2003) Cultural Diversity in Shipping. The Internatonal Martime Human Element Bulletin, No. 18
- 20. Katunarić, Vjeran (2004) Od distance prema srodnosti: model "nacionalne kulture" Geerta Hofstedea. Pedagogijska istraživanja, 1(1):25–39.9.
- 21. Knudsen F. (2004): "If you are a good leader I am a good follower". Working and leisure relations betwee Danes and Filipinos on board Danish vessels. Arbejdsog Maritimmedicinsk Publikationsserie, rapport nr.
- 22. Knudsen, F. (2007) Are we really programmed by our culture? A critical approach to culture as software mind. Syddansk Universitet
- 23. Knudsen, F. (2008) Conceptions of 'culture' in inter-national communication Limits to cultural explanati Proceedings of IMLA-IMEC Conference on Maritime English, Rotterdam
- 24. McSweeney, Brendan (2002): Hofstede's model of national cultural differences and their consequences: triumph of faith—a failure of analysis. Human Relations 55 (1), pp. 89–118.
- Pritchard (1998) Report on Current Approved Standards of Maritime English Communication and Recommendation – Deliverable No. 6 –In: The Impact of Multicultural and Multinational Crews on MARit COMmunication", The MARCOM Project), European Union (1996-1998), Malmo: 1-6813.





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- 28. Pritchard, B. (2000) 'Maritime VHF Communications: Standards versus Practice', In: Proceedings of Work on Maritime English (WOME 2A), IMLA, Dalian Maritime University, Dalian, China, 44-5410.
- 29. Pritchard, B. (1998) On Some Cultural Issues in Translating Lexical Sets, British Studies Conference -Cross Cultural Challenges, The British Council, 84-103 16.
- 30. Taylor. P. T. (2008) The culture of safety onboard!. Proceedings of IMLA-IMEC Conference on Maritime English, Rotterdam
- 31. Wiseman, R. L., & Koester, J. (1993). *Intercultural communication competence*. Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to a	the number of students	s currently attending
the course		
Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Cross Cultural Competency for Maritime Professionals through Education and Training (CCUL.COMPET) (Phase II) by James R. Parsons, Elaine Potoker & Maria Progoulaki	Available online <u>https://iamu-</u> edu.org/download/fi <u>nal-report-of-</u> <u>research-project-</u> <u>fy2011/</u>	1-10
<i>Cross-Cultural Training</i> - course developed within the project KNOWME by Dorina Pörksen– designed for developing intercultural competency in the maritime industry	Available online https://www.oncam pus.de/weiterbildung /wirtschaft/cross- cultural-training	1-10
<i>Multicultural Crew Management</i> (Topic 7), in book "A Good Working Life at Sea - A manual for creating and maintaining welfare and well-being aboard", Copenhagen: Seahealth Denmark, 2008,	Available online <u>https://shw.dk/en/pa</u> <u>ge/multicultural-</u> <u>crews I https://iamu-</u> <u>edu.org/download/fi</u> <u>nal-report-of-</u> <u>research-project-</u> <u>fy2011/</u> (pp. 110- 117)	1-10







General information					
Course coordinator	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD David Brčić, PhD				
Course title	Research into environmental impacts on satellite navigation systems				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	Ι.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The basic aim of the course is to acquaint PhD students with the physical and technical intentional and natural environmental impacts that affect the satellite navigation systems performance and respective services. Among other, those are LAIC coupling and its influence on GNSS, structural analysis of ionosphere, effects of ionospheric and geomagnetic disturbances and phenomena on satellite navigation systems, systemic and random errors that occur when determining positions using satellite navigation systems, monitoring of ionosphere and troposphere state parameters, tropospheric refraction of EM satellite signals, multiple reflection of EM signals (multipath), methods and procedures of mitigating: ionospheric effects on satellite navigation systems, tropospheric refractions, multiple reflections of EM signals (multipath).

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Course expected learning outcomes on the basis of which the students, after completing the course and passing the exam will be able to:

1. Analyze, synthesize and evaluate the relationships between LAIC coupling and GNSS system,

2. Analyze, synthesize and evaluate structural elements of ionosphere dynamics,

3. Analyze, synthesize and evaluate relevant solar disturbances, geomagnetic environment, vertical profile of the ionosphere - basic ionospheric models and vertical profile of the troposphere,

4. Explain measurement techniques for monitoring the state of the ionosphere and troposphere,

5. Analyze and evaluate in situ measurements,

6. Analyze and evaluate ionospheric and tropospheric effects on satellite positioning characteristics,

7. Model local ionospheric dynamics,

8. Explain the procedures for mitigation of ionospheric/tropospheric effects and the effects of multiple reflection of EM signals on satellite navigation systems/Model the multicriteria analysis of the results of satellite and terrestrial monitoring,

9. Model advanced digital signal processing,

10. Analyze and evaluate subsidiary and augmented satellite navigation systems,

11. Analyze, synthesize and evaluate the identification of disturbances in the positioning service by satellite systems (risk assessment),

12. Analyze, synthesize and evaluate correction models of satellite navigation systems.





1.4. Course content

Ionosphere dynamics and geomagnetic elements (nature and causes of solar disturbances, solar-terrestrial relations, geomagnetic environment, formation and dynamics of ionospheric layers, vertical ionospheric profile, ionosphere models). Influence of LAIC (Lithosphere-Atmosphere-Ionosphere) coupling on GNSS systems. Ionospheric/Tropospheric effects on the operation of satellite navigation systems. GNSS architecture, satellite component, control component, user component, transmission medium, calculation of positioning errors by satellite systems). Ionospheric measurement techniques. Radio wave techniques. Coherent and incoherent scattering waves. Optical techniques. Lidar. In situ measurements – probes, mass spectrometers, Fluxgate magnetometers. Ionospheric effects on satellite positioning characteristics (positioning error by satellite systems due to ionosphere action, ionospheric delay of GNSS signals, ionospheric scintillation, local ionospheric dynamics, other sources of GNSS signal disturbances). Multiple reflection of EM satellite signal attenuation methods. Monitoring of the ionosphere from the point of view of effects on satellite navigation systems (basic parameters of solar activity, geomagnetic environment and ionospheric dynamics, measuring instruments, satellite monitoring, terrestrial monitoring, online archives of observation results, principles and procedures of analysis of observation results). Procedures for mitigating ionospheric effects on satellite navigation systems (modernization and improvement of basic satellite navigation systems, advanced digital signal processing, subsidiary and augmented satellite navigation systems, identification of satellite positioning service disturbances, correction models, alarms on temporary reduction of satellite positioning service quality).

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 ➢ individual assigment ☐ multimedia and network ➢ laboratories ➢ mentorship ☐ other
1.6. Comments		

- -----
- 1.7. Student's obligations

Lectures, individual assignment and research.

1.8. Evaluation¹⁴ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessmen		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Project assignment	3			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment and evaluation of student's work is conducted through research of specified topic related to the course content, with obligatory attendance.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

American Meteorological Society (AMS). (2011). *Satellite Navigation & Space Weather: Understanding the Vulnerability & Building Resilience*. Massachusetts: AMS. Available online: https://www.ametsoc.org/ams/assets/file/spacwx_gps_2010.pdf

Blagojević, D. (2014). *Uvod u satelitsku geodeziju*. (in Serbian) Beograd: Građevinski fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu. Available online:

¹⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







https://www.grf.bg.ac.rs/p/learning/uvod_u_satelitsku_geodeziju_1406052540553.pdf

Brčić, D. (2015). A model of non-specific daily pattern of the satellite positioning signal ionospheric delay. Doctoral thesis (in Croatian). Rijeka, Croatia: University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Available online: https://repository.pfri.uniri.hr/en/islandora/object/pfri%3A175

Parkinson, B.W. i Spilker Jr., J. J. (eds.). (1996). *Global Positioning System: Theory and Applications*. Volume I. Washington, DC: AIAA. Available online: <u>https://arc.aiaa.org/doi/book/10.2514/4.866388</u>

Subirana, J. S., Zornoza, J. J. M. i Hernandez-Pajares, M. (2013). *GNSS Data Processing. Volume I: Fundamentals and Algorithms*. Noordwijk: ESA Communications. Available online:

https://gssc.esa.int/navipedia/GNSS_Book/ESA_GNSS-Book_TM-23_Vol_I.pdf

Subirana, J. S., Zornoza, J. J. M. i Hernandez-Pajares, M. (2013). *GNSS Data Processing. Volume II: Laboratory Exercises*. Noordwijk: ESA Communications. Available online:

https://gssc.esa.int/navipedia/GNSS Book/ESA GNSS-Book TM-23 Vol II.pdf

Thomas, M. et al. (2011). *Global Navigation Space Systems: reliance and vulnerabilities*. London: The Royal Academy of Engineering. Available online: <u>https://www.raeng.org.uk/publications/reports/global-navigation-space-systems</u>

u-Blox. (2009). *Essentials of Satellite Navigation*. Thalwil: u-Blox AG. Available online: <u>https://www.u-blox.com/sites/default/files/products/documents/GPS-Compendium Book %28GPS-X-02007%29.pdf</u>

European GNSS Agency (GSA). (2018). GNSS User Needs and Requirements: Report Series. Prague: GSA. Available online: <u>https://www.gsa.europa.eu/gnss-applications/user-needs-and-requirements</u>

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Brčić, D. (2012). Ensuring sustainability through utilisation of satellite navigation technology. *Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference on Transport Sciences (ICTS)*. Univerza v Ljubljani, Fakulteta za pomorstvo in promet. Portorož, Slovenia, 28. 5. 2012. 14 pg.

Brčić, D., Ćelić, V. and Valčić, S. (2020). Reconstruction of Geomagnetic Event as Observed in Northern Adriatic Region and Its Correlation with GPS Single-frequency Positioning Deviations. *TransNav - International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation*. 14(2). pg. 349-357. doi: 10.12716/1001.14.02.11

Brčić, D., Filjar, R., Kos, S. and Valčić, M. (2019). On Global Ionospheric Maps based winter-time ionospheric delay with reference to the Klobuchar model: Case study of the Northern Adriatic. *Pomorstvo – Multidisciplinary Journal of Maritime Research.* 33 (2). pg. 210-221. doi: 10.31217/p.33.2.11

Brčić, D., Kos, S. and Filjar, R. (2013). An assessment of geomagnetic activity-related technology failure risk based on patterns of Kp index dynamics in 2012. *Proceedings of the 7th Global Navigation Satellite Systems Vulnerabilities and Solutions Conference.* The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Croatia, 18-20. 4. 2013. pg. 61-82. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Brčić, D., Pongračić, B. and Kos, S. (2016). Vernal TEC behaviour in correlation with GPS coordinate deviations. *Proceedings of the 10th Annual Baška GNSS Conference*. The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Hrvatska, 8-10. 5. 2016. pg. 63-78. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

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Davis, K. (1990). *Ionospheric Radio*. London: Peter Peregrinus Ltd.

Dow, J.M., Neilan, R. E., and Rizos, C. (2009). The International GNSS Service in a changing landscape of Global Navigation Satellite Systems. *Journal of Geodesy*. 83, pg. 191–198. doi: 10.1007/s00190-008-0300-3

European GNSS Agency (GSA). (2017). *Using GNSS raw measurements on android devices: White Paper*. Luxembourg: ESA. Available at:

https://www.gsa.europa.eu/system/files/reports/gnss_raw_measurement_web_0.pdf

Filjar, R., Brčić, D. and Kos, S. (2013). Single-frequency Horizontal GPS Positioning Error response to a moderate lonospheric storm over Northern Adriatic. In: Weintrit, A. (ur). *Advances in Marine Navigation*. London, UK: Taylor & Francis Group. pg. 49-56.





Filjar, R., Brčić, D. and Kos, S. (2014). Jamming-Spoofing-Meaconing resilient GNSS operation at the open sea. *Proceedings of the 8th Global Navigation Satellite Systems Vulnerabilities and Solutions Conference.* The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Hrvatska, 7-9. 5. 2014. pg. 25-32. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Filjar, R., Kos, S. and Brčić, D. (2011). Single-frequency GPS positioning performance around the time of the Chilean 2010 earthquake. *Pomorstvo: Scientific journal of maritime research*. 25 (2). pg. 287-306.

Filjar, R., Kos, S. and Krajnović, S. (2013) Dst Index as a Potential Indicator of Approaching GNSS Perfomance Deterioration. *Journal of navigation*. 66 (1). pg. 149-160.doi: 10.1017/S037346331200029X

Filjar, R., Kos, T. and Kos, S. (2009). Klobuchar - Like Local Model of Quiet Space Weather GPS Ionospheric delay for Northern Adriatic. *Journal of Navigation*. 62 (3). pg. 543-554. doi: 10.1017/S0373463309005281

Hapgood, M. and Thomson, A. (2010). *Space Weather: Its Impact on Earth and Implications for Business*. London: Lloyd's 360 Risk Insight.

Kaplan, E. D. and Hegarty, C.J. (eds.) (2006). *Understanding GPS: Principles and Application*. Second edition. Boston: Artech House.

Klobuchar, J. (1987). Ionospheric Time-Delay Algorithms for Single-Frequency GPS Users. *IEEE Transactions on Aerospace and Electronic Systems*. 3, pg. 325-331.

Kos, S., Bakota, M. and Brčić, D. (2019). Particularities of determining vessel position, course and speed and the ionospheric error by using dual-band GLONASS receivers. *Proceedings of 12th Annual Baška GNSS Conference*. The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Croatia, 7-9. 5. 2018. pg. 97-108. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Kos, S., Brčić, D. and Musulin, I. (2013). Smartphone application GPS performance during various space weather conditions: A preliminary study. *Proceedings of the 21nd International Symposium on Electronics in Transport (ISEP)*. Electrotechnical Association of Slovenia & ITS Slovenia. Ljubljana, Slovenia, 25-26. 3. 2013. 4 pg.

Kos, S., Filjar, R. and Brčić, D. (2012). GPS Performance Degradation Caused by Single Satellite Outage: a GPS PRN24 Croatia Case Study. *Pomorstvo: Scientific journal of maritime research*. 26 (1), pg. 165-179.

Kos. S., Pongračić, B. and Brčić, D. (2019). A study on multi-constellation GNSS positioning performance in terms of maritime requirements. *Proceedings of 12th Annual Baška GNSS Conference*. The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Croatia, 7-9. 5. 2018. pg. 69-84. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Musulin, I., Brčić, D. and Kos, S. (2014). A study of smartphone satellite positioning performance at sea using GPS and GLONASS systems. *Proceedings of the 22nd International Symposium on Electronics in Transport (ISEP)*. Electrotechnical Association of Slovenia & ITS Slovenia, Ljubljana, Slovenija, 24-25. 3. 2014. 7 pg.

Pongračić, B., Brčić, D. and Kos. S. (2018). Spatial assessment of GPS ionospheric delay model during St. Patrick's geomagnetic storm. *Proceedings of 11th Annual Baška GNSS Conference*. The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Croatia, 7-9. 5. 2018. pg. 75-91. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Pongračić, B., Wu, F., Fathollahi, L. and Brčić, D. (2019). Mid-latitude Klobuchar correction model based on the k-means clustering of ionospheric daily variations. *GPS Solutions*. 23(3). 13 pg. doi: 10.1007/s10291-019-0871-x

Šakan, D., Kos, S., Draščić Ban, B. and Brčić, D. (2021). On linear and Circular Approach to GPS Data Processing: Analyses of the Horizontal Positioning Deviations Based on the Adriatic Region IGS Observables. *Data*. 6 (2), 9. 18 pg. doi: 10.3390/data6020009

Schunk, R. and Nagy, A. (2009). *Ionospheres: Physics, Plasma Physics and Chemistry (2nd ed)*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Toman, I., Brčić, D. and Kos, S. (2021). Contribution to the Research of the Effects of Etna Volcano Activity on the Features of the Ionospheric Total Electron Content Behaviour. *Remote Sensing*. 13 (5), 1006. 18 pg. doi: 10.3390/rs13051006

Toman, I., Kos. S. and Brčić, D. (2019). On long-term solar activity impact on GPS single-frequency 3D





positioning accuracy in the Adriatic Region. *Proceedings of 12th Annual Baška GNSS Conference*. The Royal Institute of Navigation, London & University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies. Baška, Croatia, 7-9. 5. 2018. pg. 27-49. Available at: https://www.pfri.uniri.hr/web/hr/zs_baska_rin_gnss.php

Žic A., Pongračić, B., Kos, S. and Brčić, D. (2020). GPS single frequency positioning errors estimation based on reference station observations in the Adriatic Region. *Pomorski zbornik - Journal of Maritime & Transportation Sciences*. 58 (1). pg. 169-184. doi: 10.18048/2020.58.11

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Number of copies Number of students

All titles provided under the heading 'Assigned reading' (1.10) are available online.

Title

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information				
Course coordinator	Srđan Žuškin, PhD David Brčić, PhD			
Course title	Concepts and capabilities of navigation information systems			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	1.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The basic objective of the course is to analyze the concepts and development possibilities of navigation information systems in order to improve navigation safety and protection of the marine environment. The following objective is based on the analysis of system problems and the knowledge of the identified difficulties, problems and systematic anomalies of the navigating bridge information systems. The objective of the course is also the adoption of analytical methods and data processing in order to attain relevant knowledge about integrated electronic information that will enhance voyage monitoring in a coordinated, consistent and systematic way. Critical thinking, possibilities for the development of new integrated maritime information systems and new, additional functions (with the realization of the same) also act as scientific goals/contributions of the course.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of navigation information systems, interpret the current relevant rules and international regulations;
- 2. Describe and analyze the peculiarities of modern navigation guidance (e-navigation);
- 3. Analyze and interpret the presentation of navigation information and the possibility of systematic development;
- 4. Analyze the differences of information systems and show the advantages and limitations;
- 5. Analyze and explain system issues and identify difficulties, system anomalies and key limitations;
- 6. Interpret and explain operational procedures including: collection of navigation and other information, development and verification, execution and monitoring, and voyage optimization;
- 7. Analyze navigation information systems as a direct or indirect cause of maritime accidents;
- 8. Analyze and interpret future development possibilities of additional information systems;
- 9. Describe the software tools and applications of the system and analyze the possibility of developing a user interface (integrated bridge) in the function of optimizing the voyage;
- 10. Describe and analyze the connection of navigation devices, databases and other standardized and nonstandardized information within the integration;
- 11. Develop a critical opinion based on the above research of maritime accidents and related cases;
- 12. Develop decision-making processes in various navigation situations when using maritime information systems.

1.4. Course content





- Relevant international maritime regulations and legal framework with mandatory application requirements and relationship with the other navigation information system stakeholders;
- Relevant IHO, IMO and IEC standards related to the maritime information systems;
- Concepts and analysis of the navigation information system architecture and the possibilities of further development;
- Overview of the navigation and non-navigation information;
- Data model analysis according to associated organization standards;
- System issues valorisation and key constraints synthesis with analysis
- Interpretation of sensory data (purpose, features, advantages and limitations);
- Interpretation of vector data (purpose, features, advantages and limitations);
- Analysis of various factors for the system functionality;
- Improper use of a particular system;
- Concepts and creation of new conditions to reduce marine accidents;
- Analysis of integrated system elements (Integrated Navigation System, Integrated Bridge, e-Navigation) – purpose, features, advantages and limitations;
- Analysis of the existing software tools and future development for voyage planning optimisation;
- User interface interpretation and future development for raising navigation safety.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assigment			
1.5. Teaching methods	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network			
		🔀 laboratories			
	long distance education				
	🗌 fieldwork	other			
1.6. Comments	TRANSAS MARINE NAVI TRAINER PROFESSIONAL (NT-Pro 5000) and ECDIS TRANSAS				
1.6. Comments	Navi Sailor 4000 are used for research purposes.				

1.7. Student's obligations

The students' obligations, in addition to class attendance, are based on research into possibilities for navigation information system development. Research results are to be presented in the form of a seminar paper and a project assignment.

1.8. Evaluation ¹⁵	of student's work
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Course	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
attendance	••••	, locinity, i al cloip actori		oommar paper	zxpolitione	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Project assignment	3			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Active class participation with navigation laboratory usage is essential for evaluating the learning outcomes during the course. Learning outcomes are assessed through the research by obtaining relevant results, data analyses and written project work submission. The course grade will be based on the submitted project work.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Brčić, D. & Žuškin, S. 2019. The ECDIS EHO Report, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies
- 2. Bole, G. A., Wall, D. A. & Norris, A. 2014. *RADAR and ARPA manual Radar, AIS and Target Tracking for Marine Radar Users*, 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann
- 3. International Maritime Organization (IMO). 2021. Index of IMO Resolutions. IMO, London, UK. Available at: https://www.imo.org/en/KnowledgeCentre/IndexofIMOResolutions/Pages/Default.aspx

¹⁵ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities





- 4. International Hydrographic Organisation. 2021. Current IHO ECDIS and ENC Standards. IHO, Monaco. Available at: <u>https://iho.int/mtg_docs/enc/ECDIS-ENC_StdsIn_Force.htm</u>
- 5. Norris, A. 2008. Integrated Bridge Systems RADAR and AIS. Vol 1. London: The Nautical Institute
- 6. Norris, A. 2010. ECDIS and positioning. London: The Nautical Institute

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7. Weintrit, A. 2009. The Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS): An Operational Handbook, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- Kristić, M., Žuškin, S., Brčić, D, Car, M. 2021. Partial Analysis of ECDIS EHO Research: Port State Control. International Journal of Maritime Science & Technology "Our Sea". 68(2). Pg. 93-101. DOI: <u>10.17818/NM/2021/2.5</u>
- 2. Car, M., Brčić, D., Žuškin, S. & Svilicic, B. 2020. The Navigator's Aspect of PNC Before and After the ECDIS Implementation: Facts and Possible Implications Towards Navigation Safety Improvement. *Journal of Marine Science and Engineering*. 8(11), 842. 12 pg. doi: 10.3390/jmse8110842
- 3. Sviličić, B., Kristić, M., Žuškin, S. & Brčić, D. 2020. Paperless Ship Navigation: Cyber Security Weaknesses. *Journal of Transportation Security*. 12 pg. <u>doi: 10.1007/s12198-020-00222-2</u>
- 4. Kristić, M., Žuškin, S., Brčić, D. & Valčić, S. 2020. Zone of Confidence Impact on Cross Track Limit Determination in ECDIS Passage Planning. *Journal of Marine Science and Engineering*. 8 (8), 566. 12 pg. doi:10.3390/jmse8080566
- 5. Škrobonja, A., Valčić, S., Žuškin, S. & Brčić, D. 2020. On VDES/ECDIS Integration. *Pomorstvo Multidisciplinary Journal of Maritime Research*. 34 (1). pg. 195-200. <u>doi: 10.31217/p.34.1.21</u>
- 6. Brčić, D., Žuškin, S., Valčić, S. & Rudan, I. 2019. ECDIS transitional period completion: Analyses, observations and findings. *WMU journal of maritime affairs.* 18(2). pg. 359-377. doi: 10.1007/s13437-019-00173-z
- 7. Sviličić, B., Brčić, D., Žuškin, S. & Kalebić, D. 2019. Raising Awareness on Cyber Security of ECDIS. TransNav
 International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation13(1). pg. 231-236. doi: 10.12716/1001.13.01.24
- 8. Brčić, D. & Žuškin, S. 2018. Towards paperless vessels: A Master's perspective. *Pomorski zbornik Journal of Maritime & Transportation Sciences*. 55 (1). pg. 183-199. <u>doi: 10.18048/2018.00.12</u>
- Šakan, D., Rudan, I., Žuškin, S. & Brčić, D. 2018. Near real-time S-AIS: Recent developments and implementation possibilities for global maritime stakeholders. *Pomorstvo – Multidisciplinary Journal of Maritime Research.* 32 (2). pg. 211-218. doi: 10.31217/p.32.2.6
- Žuškin, S., Brčić, D. & Valčić, S. 2017. ECDIS possibilities for Ballast Water Exchange adoption. *TransNav* - *International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation*. 11(3). pg. 477-482. <u>doi:</u> <u>10.12716/1001.11.03.13</u>
- Car, M., Vujičić, S., Žuškin, S. & Brčić, D. 2019. Human Machine Interface: Interaction of OOWs with the ECDIS system. U: Koboević, Ž. (ur) *Proceedings of the 1st International Conference of Maritime Science & Technology – Naše More 2019*. Dubrovnik: University of Dubrovnik, Maritime Department. Dubrovnik, 17-18.10.2019. pg. 74-85.
- 12. Šakan, D., Žuškin, S., Brčić, D., Valčić, S. 2019. Analysis of Primary Position Validation in ECDIS system. In: Weintrit, A & Neumann, T. (ed) *Advances in Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation: Proceedings of 13th International Conference on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation.* Leiden: CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group. Gdynia, Poland, 12-14.06.2019. pg. 5-15.
- 13. Brčić, D., Žuškin, S., Valčić, S. & Frančić, V. 2018. Implementation of the ECDIS system: An OOW perspective as an integral part of educational improvement. *Proceedings of 19th IAMU AGA Conference*. UPC/CIMNE, Barcelona, Spain, 17-19.10.2018. pg. 121-128.
- 14. Brčić, D., Žuškin, S. & Barić M. 2017. Observations on ECDIS education and training. *Proceedings of 12th International Conference on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation*. London: CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group. Gdynia, Poland, 21-23.06.2017. pg. 29-36.
- 15. Žuškin, S., Brčić, D. & Kos, S. (2016). Partial structural analysis of the ECDIS EHO research: The safety





contour. *Proceedings of 7th International Conference on Maritime Transport*. Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya, Barcelona. Barcelona, Spain, 27-29. 6. 2016. pg. 246-262.

- 16. Brčić, D., Kos, S. & Žuškin, S. 2016. *Partial structural analysis of the ECDIS EHO research: The handling part*. Proceedings of the 24nd International Symposium on Electronics in Transport (ISEP). Electrotechnical Association of Slovenia & ITS Slovenia, Ljubljana, Slovenia.
- 17. Brčić, D., Kos, S. & Žuškin, S. 2015. *Navigation with ECDIS: Choosing the proper secondary positioning source*, International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation. 9(3): 317-326.
- 18. Kos, S., Pušić, D. & Brčić, D. 2013. *Protection and Risks of ENC Data regarding Safety of Navigation*. Advances in Marine Navigation / Weintrit, Adam (ed.). London : Taylor & Francis Group: 165-170.
- 19. Kos, S., Valčić, S. & Žuškin, S. 2014. *Updating of ECDIS System in Polar Regions*, Proceedings of 22nd International Symposium on Electronics in Transport, ISEP 2014, Electrotechnical Association of Slovenia & ITS Slovenia, Ljubljana.
- 20. Kos, S., Žuškin, S. & Valčić, M. 2011. *On-line ECDIS system updating*, Proceedings of the 19th International Symposium on Electronics in Traffic, ISEP 2011, Electrotechnical Association of Slovenia & ITS Slovenia, Ljubljana, Slovenia 2011.
- 21. Žuškin, S., Brčić, D. & Šabalja, Đ. 2013. *A contribution to improving the standards of ECDIS training*. Scientific Journal of Maritime Research. 27(1): 131-148.
- 22. Žuškin, S., Valčić, M. & Rudan, I. 2011. *ECDIS System in Function of Sea Environment Protection*. Proceedings: Shaping Climate Friendly Transport in Europe: Key Findings and Future Directions, REACT, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia.
- 23. Žuškin, S., Brčić, D. & Kos, S. (2016) *Partial structural analysis of the ECDIS EHO research: The safety contour.* 7th International Conference on Maritime Transport. Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya, Barcelona. Barcelona.
- 24. Relevant international conventions, legal standards, norms and regulations related to the navigation information systems (international conventions, IMO reolutions, IHO publications, IEC).
 - 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Brčić, D. & Žuškin, S. 2019. The ECDIS EHO Report, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies	Available online	1
Bole, G. A., Wall, D. A. & Norris, A. 2014. RADAR and ARPA manual – Radar, AIS and Target Tracking for Marine Radar Users, 3rd Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann	2	1
International Maritime Organization (IMO). 2021. Index of IMO Resolutions. IMO, London, UK. dostupno na: <u>https://www.imo.org/en/KnowledgeCentre/IndexofIMOResolutions/Pag</u> <u>es/Default.aspx</u>	Available online	1
International Hydrographic Organisation. 2021. Current IHO ECDIS andENCStandards.IHO,Monaco.Dostupnona: https://iho.int/mtg docs/enc/ECDIS-ENC StdsIn Force.htm	Available online	1
Norris, A. 2008. Integrated Bridge Systems Vol 1. – RADAR and AIS. London: The Nautical Institute.	2	1
Norris, A. 2010. Integrated Bridge Systems Vol 1. – ECDIS and positioning. London: The Nautical Institute.	2	1
Weintrit, A. 2009. The Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS): An Operational Handbook, CRC Press.	2	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information			
Course coordinator	Renato Ivče, PhD		
Course title	Containerization in the function of maritime transport		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	١.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The objective of the course is to familiarize the students with the importance of container shipping on a global and regional scale, as well as with forms of container shipping companies association, in order to provide a competitive maritime transport service. Students will also be introduced to the technical and technological characteristics of modern container ships and the conducted research in order to optimize their capacity for improved competitiveness on the shipping market.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the importance of container shipping on a global scale;
- 2. Evaluate the importance of container shipping on a regional scale;
- 3. Assess the impact of container shipping companies' association on the valorisation of a competitive maritime transport service;
- 4. Assess the impact of technical and technological characteristics of modern container ships on competitiveness;
- 5. Predict the capacity trend of modern container ships.
- 1.4. Course content

The importance of containerization and its role in the global and regional scale of maritime transport. Forms of container shipping companies' association, systematic review of significant effects of association. Technical and technological features of modern container ships. The trend of the container fleet, defining the criteria and their evaluation with regard to the limitations and set requirements for greater efficiency of maritime transport. Container ship capacity optimization. Analysis and valorisation of the obtained indicators of optimal capacity.

1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
	ig i seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	🗌 laboratories
	long distance education	mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other
1.6. Comments		







1.7. Student's obligations

Preparation of scientific or professional paper based on the conducted research and individual assignment.

1.8. Evaluat	ion ¹⁶ of s	tudent's work				
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	2.6	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	3
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment of knowledge and skill of writing a scientific or professional paper in the field of doctoral research is appointed 2 ECTS (35%). Work on a scientific research project and research in the domain of the PhD student's interest is appointed 3 ECTS (50%).

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Cudahy, B. (2006). *Box boats: How Container Ships Changed the World*. New York: Fordham University Press.
- 2. Ivče, R. (2008). A contribution to the efficiency of container carriage on smaller feeder ships at short sea. Doctoral thesis. Rijeka: University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies.
- 3. Levinson, M. (2006). *The box: how the shipping container made the world smaller and the world economy bigger*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- 4. Maglić, L. (2016). *Optimisation of container relocation problem in port container terminal*. Doctoral thesis. Rijeka: University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies.
- 5. Perason, R. (1988) *Container ship and shipping*. London: Fairplay Publication.
- 6. Stopford, M. (2000) Maritime economics, 2nd edition. London: Rutledge.
- 7. Žuškin S. (2015). *Optimization of container storage allocation for minimising stowage time*. Doctoral thesis. Rijeka: University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies.

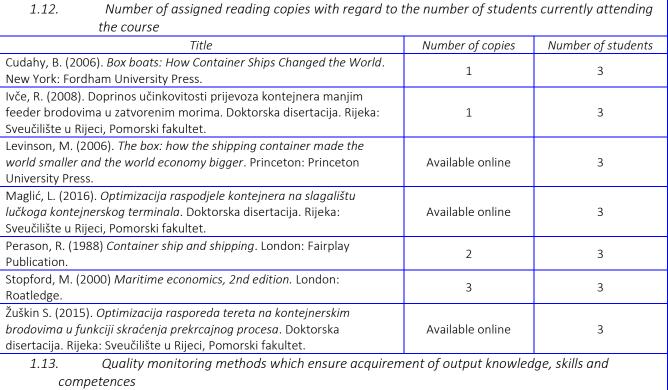
1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Greve, M., Hansen, M. W., Schaumburg-Muller, H. (2007). *Container Shipping and Economic Development: A Case Study of A.P. Moller*. Copenhagen: Copenhagen business school press.
- 2. The National Magazine Company. (1995). *Containerisation International*. Michigan: The National Magazine Company.
- 3. Global Container Terminal Operators. (2012). Annual Review and Forecast. London: Drewry Publishing.
- 4. Kos, S. (2003). Productivity of Full Container Ship and Energy-Economy of its Propulsion Plant. *Promet*, 15 (2).
- 5. Yap, W. Y. (2009). *Container shipping services and their impact on container port competitiveness*. Antwerp: UPA University Press.
- 6.ScienceDirect.(2021).ContainerShip.Online:https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/container-ship
- 7. Port Economics, Management and Policy. (2021). Ports and Contained Shipping. Online: https://porteconomicsmanagement.org/pemp/contents/part1/ports-and-container-shipping/
- 8. Change. (2021). Shipping Alliances: 2M, Ocean Alliance & The Alliance. Online: <u>https://container-</u><u>xchange.com/blog/shipping-alliances/</u>

¹⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities















General information				
Course coordinator	Robert Mohović, PhD			
Course title	Maritime safety of the ship			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to analyze the factors that affect the maritime safety of the ship. It is especially important to critically analyze and define elements important for planning and design of ports and waterways in particular the waterways in confined areas, which affect the maritime safety of the ship. The next goal is reflected in the defining criteria for the design from the standpoint of safety and protection of the marine environment, with special emphasis given to defining a measure of safety. The main objective of the course is the adoption of analytical method for calculation of design parameters as well as the recent methodologies for achieving these goals with the elements of maritime risk management.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students are expected to be able to:

1. To demonstrate a systematic understanding of the course and mastery of the skills and methods related to maritime safety of the ship;

2. To demonstrate the ability to understand, design, implement and customize research process, thereby contributing to spreading the knowledge of maritime navigational risks which the students confirm by preparing a paper to publish their research results in renowned journals;

3. Acquire a capacity for critical analysis, evaluation and synthesis of existing and new ideas in the field of maritime safety of the ship;

4. Critically judge and be able to communicate with peers, the scientific community and the broader csocial ommunity in their area of expertise about maritime ship safety;

5. Defend the hypotheses and be able in academic and professional contexts to promote technological, social and cultural progress in the society of knowledge through proposals to improve the maritime safety of the ship beneficial to society as a whole.

1.4. Course content

The definition of maritime safety of the ship and the analysis of influential factors. Comparative analysis of the impact of the types (technologies) of the ship to ship maritime safety. Maritime aspect of the planning and design of ports and waterways in confined areas. Defining criteria for the design and their weighting. Analysis and evaluation methodology in the field of maritime safety of the ship. Development of analytical method for calculation of design parameters. Human factor and analysis of its impact on maritime safety of the ship. Using the methods of risk analysis. Determination of criteria for maritime safety of the ship and research measures







for its improvement with elements of risk management.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other simulators
1.6. Comments	It is expected that students who enroll in t areas of navigational safety at sea.	this course are experts from particular

1.7. Student's obligations

Student obligations, in addition to course attendance, seminar papers and workshops are based on their research of various aspects of maritime safety of the ship in the field of nautical sciences and preparing a paper presenting the obtained research results.

1.8. Evaluation¹⁷ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	3
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Preparing and writing a paper	2.6			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The learning outcomes are assessed and evaluated through the monitoring of student research, the research results, the manner and quality of preparing a paper or presenting the obtained research results.

Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal) 1.10.

1. Mohović, R., Mohović Đ., Maritimno projektiranje luka i plovnih putova – teaching materials on the website of the Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2020.

2. McBride, M., Boll, M., & Briggs, M., Harbour approach channels—Design guidelines. PIANC Report No. 121., 2014.

3. G.P. Tsinker, Marine Structures Engineering, Specialized Applications, Chapman & Hall, ITP An International Thomson Publishing Company, New York, 1995.

4. PIANC Bulletins relating to the field of maritime ship safety, Permanent International Association of Navigation Congresses - PIANC, Brussels - valid editions.

Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme) 1.11.

1. Mohović, Đ., Mohović R., Upravljanje rizikom u pomorstvu – teaching materials on the website of the Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2020.

2. House, D. J., Ship handling: theory and practice, Routledge, 2007.

3. Bertram, V., Practical ship hydrodynamics, Elsevier, 2012.

4. Barić, M., Model određivanja širine ograničenih plovnih putova, University of Rijeka - Faculty of Maritime Studies, Rijeka, 2017.

5. Mohović, R., Model manevriranja brodom u ograničenim plovnim područjima u funkciji sigurnosti i zaštite morskog okoliša, University of Rijeka Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2002.

6. Delefortrie, G., Geerts, S., & Vantorre, M., The towing tank for manoeuvres in shallow water. In 4th

¹⁷ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities





MASHCON-International Conference on Ship Manoeuvring in Shallow and Confined Water with Special Focus on Ship Bottom Interaction), 2016. (pp. 226-235).

7. Baric, M., Mohovic, R., & Mohovic, D. (2019). Determining Restricted Fairway Additional Width due to Bank Effect for Fine Form Vessels. The Journal of Navigation, 72(6), 1435-1448

8. R.W. Rowe, The Shiphandler's Guide, The Nautical Institute, London, 2000.

9. H. Hensen, Tug Use in Port, A practical guide, The Nautical Institute, London, 1997.

10. Mooring Equipment Guidelines, Oil Companies International Marine Forum, Witherby and Co. Ltd., London, 2018.

11. Squat, Interaction, Manoeuvering, The Nautical Institute, London, 1995.

12. P. Bruun, Port Engineering, Harbour Planning, Breakwaters and Marine Terminals, Volume 1 i 2, Gulf Publishing Company, Houston, 1989.

13. P. Bruun, Mooring and Fendering Rational Principles in Design, The International Harbour Congress, Antwerp, 1983.

14. H. Agerschou i dr., Planning and Design of Ports and Marine Terminals, John Wiley&Sons, Chichester, 1985.

15. M. Chernjawski, Mooring of Surface Vessels to Piers, Marine Technology, Vol. 17. No.1., 1980., str.1.-7.

16. I.W. Dand - P.R. Lyon, The Element of Risk in Approach Channel Design, International Conference on Maritime Technology, Challenges in Safety and Environmental Protection, Singapore, 1993.

17. I. Petković, Prikaz numeričkih vrijednosti krivulja brzina i specifičnih pritisaka vjetra iznad mora na bok broda u novim mjernim jedinicama, Simpozij «Teorija i praksa brodogradnje», Split, pg. 4.193 – 4.203.

18. T. Tabain, Standard Wind Wave Spectrum for the Adriatic Sea Revisited (1997 – 1997), Brodogradnja, 45, 1997, str. 303.– 313.

19. Underkeel Clearance for Large Ships in Maritime Fairways with Hard Bottom, Report of a Working Group of the Permanent Technical Committee II, Supplement to Bulletin No. 51, Permanent International Association of Navigation Congresses - PIANC, Brussels, 1985.

20. M. McBride, Safety assessment for ships manoeuvring in ports, The Dock & Harbour Authority, Vol. 79., No. 889, 890, 891,892.

the course		
Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Mohović, R., Mohović Đ., Maritimno projektiranje luka i plovnih putova – teaching materials on the website of the Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2020.	unlimited	2
McBride, M., Boll, M., & Briggs, M., Harbour approach channels—Design guidelines. PIANC Report No. 121., 2014.	unlimited	2
G.P. Tsinker, Marine Structures Engineering, Specialized Applications, Chapman & Hall, ITP An International Thomson Publishing Company, New York, 1995.	unlimited	2
Objave PIANC Bulletin koje se odnose na područje maritine sigurnosti broda, Permanent International Association of Navigation Congresses - PIANC, Brussels.	unlimited	2

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information			
Course coordinator	Vlado Frančić, PhD		
Course title	International maritime safety and environment protection systems		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	l.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

The main objective of the course is to familiarize students with the organization, legal framework, principles, and activities of entities, and how they operate at the international level aiming to improve the safety of navigation and environmental protection. More specifically, students will be familiar with:

- the organization and organizational structure of the International Maritime Organization (IMO), the way of working and the way of adopting internationally acceptable regulations, and the relationship with other international organizations,
- the organization of the European Maritime Safety Agency (EMSA), the way of working and executing activities, as well as defining the scope of work.
- Methodological procedures used to ensure technological consistency or to assess the adequacy of implemented regulations in the field of maritime safety and environmental protection at the international level,
- Possibilities of application of procedures at the regional or national level, i.e. in the field of safety and environmental protection.

Finally, students will be introduced to the current state of development of maritime safety and environmental protection system in the EU and in the Adriatic Sea, with a breakdown of the possibilities for further improvement.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that, after passing the exam, PhD students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the role and activities of the International Maritime Organization in improving the safety of navigation and the protection of the marine environment,
- 2. Describe the features, specifics and the role of the European Maritime Safety Agency as well as evaluate its efficiency in improving maritime safety,
- 3. Explain the implementation of international regulations in the domain of safety of navigation within the framework of national maritime administrations,
- 4. Present and assess the role and importance of recognized organizations in the development of the safety of navigation and the protection of the marine environment
- 5. Critically asses the way in which ship inspections are carried out in order to improve safety of navigation.

1.4. Course content

International Maritime Organization - Organization, Legal Basis, Proposing and Decision Making,
 Obligation to Implement, Relationship with Other Subjects of International Maritime Affairs,





- The European Maritime Safety Agency organization, the scope of work and activities aimed at improving the safety of navigation and the protection of the marine environment,
- the procedure for adopting regulations in the area of maritime safety and pollution protection,
- Hazard Identification, Risk Assessment, Analysis of Management Options, Cost and Benefit Estimation, Decision Making
- application of other related methods of risk assessment and their application in drafting regulations and their application (FTA, ETA, HAZOP, etc.)
- the application of international regulations in the field of safety and their implementation in national maritime legislation, the obligations of states and their maritime administrations,
- the role of Recognized Organizations in maintaining targeted marine safety standards and their relationship with maritime administrations,
- inspection system as a means of maintenance, improvement, and harmonization of established safety standards.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments	Teaching is performed through consultations	and online, as necessary.

1.7. Student's obligations

Active participation in the teaching process and independent research work.

1.8. Evaluation ¹⁸ of student	's work
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Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	Research	5.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

- Application of research work, presentation of independent work.

- Solving Problem Tasks.

- Checking the acquisition of knowledge.

Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1) SOLAS 1974 Convention, as amended.

2) IMO conventions, as amended

1.10.

3) Resolutions, circular letters and various IMO recommendations

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Maritime Governance and Control - Rights and Obligations of States in Maritime Safety, Security and Environmental Protection, Jorgen Rasmussen, WMU 2016.

- 2. MARITIME TRANSPORTATION AND OCEAN POLICIES, Nov 17, 2020 Publisher: World Maritime University
- 3. Instruments relevant to port State control 2021, 2022 Edition.
- 4. Analysis of the implementation of the International Safety Management Code using motivation theory: the seafarer's views Tem Suzie-Solange Mbong, Despena Andrioti Bygvraa, International Maritime Health, DOI:10.5603/IMH.2021.0033, 2021

¹⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities





- 5. IMO Member States Audit Scheme, 2015 Edition.
- 6. Formal Safety Assessment in Maritime Industry Explanation to IMO Guidelines, 2013.
- 7. Maritime human factors and IMO policy, Jens-Uwe Schröder-Hinrichs ,Erik Hollnagel,Michael, Baldauf,Sarah Hofmann &Aditi Kataria, Pages 243-260 | Published online: 17 May 2013

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
all titles	available online	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







Basic description			
Course coordinator	Damir Zec, PhD		
Course title	Modelling and analysis of maritime traffic flow		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	l.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

The main goal is to introduce the students to the purpose, ways, limitations and possibilities in describing and exploring sea-traffic flows as a prerequisite for increasing the safety of navigation and its optimization. In addition, PhD students will be introduced to using discrete simulation models in describing sea-traffic flows. More specifically, the students will be familiar with:

- theory of maritime traffic flows,

- the characteristics of maritime traffic flows in different traffic conditions, in unlimited and limited waterways,

- ways of collecting, processing and evaluating data describing traffic flows to quantify navigation safety,

- discrete simulation models with application in analysis and definition of maritime traffic,

- ways of exploiting and applying the results of simulation modelling maritime traffic flows in order to optimize maritime traffic and increase the safety of navigation and environmental protection.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are able to:

- 1. Explain the concept of maritime-traffic flow,
- 2. Describe the characteristics and specifics of the maritime organization,
- 3. Explain the criteria for maritime traffic optimization from the standpoint of navigation safety,

4. Apply a discrete simulation model in the examination of the characteristics of the maritime-traffic flow,

5. Outline the maritime-traffic flow model in relation to the different navigable areas and characteristics of selected vessels.

1.4. Course content

Traffic flows:

- definition, types, characteristics from the point of view of maritime safety and pollution protection,

- a description of the structure of maritime traffic flows,

- optimization of maritime traffic from the point of view of safety of navigation,

- dynamic characteristics of ships, manoeuvring, mutual influence, domain theory, impact on maritime traffic, The basics of discrete simulation models:

- basic features, programme conditions, advantages and disadvantages in relation to other continuous and quasi-continuous simulation models, display and verification of stochastic processes; mixed approaches;

- familiarization with the appropriate programme package,

Discrete simulation models of maritime traffic:







- Goals, scope of application, features,						
- Modelling and testing the characteristics of maritime traffic flows,						
- Determining the characteristics of ships and determining dynamic parameters,						
- Modelling of the traffic flow in relation to restricted waters,						
- Verification of the maritime-traffic flow model.						
🛛 lectures						
1.5. Teaching	,				edia and network	
methods		exercises		🔄 laborat		
methods		🛛 long distance educatic	on	🔀 mentor	rship	
		fieldwork		other		
1.6. Commer	nts	If necessary, the lessons c education.	an be consulta	tive or performed	as long-distance	
1.7. Student's	s obligat	tions				
Active participatic	on in the	e teaching process and indep	pendent resear	ch work.		
1.8. Evaluatio	on ¹⁹ of st	tudent's work				
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation Seminar paper Experiment				
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	5.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	k during classes	s and on final exa	m	
- Applicat	ion of re	esearch work, presentation	of independen [.]	t work.		
- Solving p	problem	tasks.				
- Checkin	g the int	egrity of the adopted know	ledge.			
		reading (at the time of the s				
		sen, L. G., Modelling Transp nulation Modelling and Ana			Wiley and Sons, 20	11.
		additional reading (at the			nme)	
	•	vanced System Modelling a			-	1995
		, G. J, An Introduction to Co		•		
		Using Promodel, McGraw-H	•	•		
		a				
4.Henscher, D. A., Kenneth J. B., Handbook of Transport Modelling, Oxford, Pergamon, 2000. 5.Bucklew J. A. Introduction to Rare Event Simulation, Springer, 2004.						
6.Drew, J, Traffic Flow Theory and Control, McGraw Hill,1968. 7.Leutzbach, W, Introduction to the Theory of Traffic Flow, Springer, 1988.						
		of assigned reading copies v			idents currently at	tendina
	e course					g
		Title		Number of copi	ies Number of	students
All titles 1 1						
		ng methods which ensure a	-			
		nitored in accordance with				
		urance, implemented at th				
quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.						

¹⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







Basic description			
Course coordinator	Mirano Hess, PhD		
Course title	Sea shipping optimization		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies		
Course status	Elective		
Year	l.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

To enable students to understand the correlation of key technological-market influences in the maritime market, including segments of freight, shipbuilding, second-hand ships and ships for demolition, and to instruct them in the process of researching the optimization of shipping business and setting a fleet management strategy.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are able to:

- 1. Explain the movement, identify the elements and evaluate the organization of the maritime market;
- 2. Analyze and compare cycles, and judge future movements of the maritime market;
- 3. Identify, review and evaluate the correlation of maritime market segments;
- 4. Collect, evaluate and select data in the process of determining market-technological parameters and ship valuation;
- 5. Assess and test influential parameters and optimize the ship / fleet / shipowner's business regime;
- 6. Design, compare, review, and select the optimal shipping business regime;
- 7. Create and critically evaluate the process of making key business decisions of shipowners in the field of fleet management.

1.4. Course content

- 1. Future movements of the maritime market:
 - analysis of factors influencing the movement of the maritime market,
 - maritime market oscillations and equilibrium,
 - correlation of the dynamics of maritime market and economic indices,
- 2. Forecasting maritime trade trends:
 - world trade and its cycles, correlation of trade and GDP index,
 - world maritime trade and its future,
- 3. Freight segment and segmentation of the merchant fleet of ships:
 - analysis of freight cycles and hire of ship space,
 - world fleet segmentation, development and future,
 - shipping cycles, comparison with freight and economic cycles,
- 4. Segments of new ships, second-hand ships and ships for demolition:





•	other seg	gments	e cycle of segments of secor of the maritime market, ity, share and value of orde		hips for der	nolition with the cyo	cles of
5. C	Optimization	-		,			
•	data colle	ection, e	evaluation and selection,				
•	determir	nation of	f market and technological p	parameters, and val	uation of th	e ship,	
•	analysis o	of paran	neters and optimization of t	he ship / fleet / ship	bowner busi	ness regime,	
•	comparis	son of b	usiness regimes and evaluat	ion of results,			
٠	selection	of the o	optimal ship charter regime,	, optimal route and	selection of	the most profitable	e cargo
	in transp						
•			sts and earnings of shipown				
•	methodo	ology of	key business decisions of sh	ipowners and fleet			2.
			lectures			ual assignment	
1		7	seminars and worksho	ps		nedia and network	
	<i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>methods</i> <i>metho</i>						
			fieldwork		other	15mp	
1	.6. Commer	nts			<u> </u>		
1	.7. Student's	s obligat	ions				
Resea	arch aimed a	t preser	ting the results in the form	of scientific work.			
1	.8. Evaluatio	on ²⁰ of st	tudent's work				
Cours attend		0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar pape	er	Experiment	
Writte	en exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	5.6
Projec			Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfo	olio						
1	.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's work	k during classes and	l on final exc	m	
	onstration of credit.	underst	tanding the items listed in th	ne course content t	hrough disc	ussion with the stuc	lent, 1
Asses	ssment of the	e quality	of the scientific research,	and assessment of	the value o	f the obtained resu	lts from
			cal aspect, 5 ECTS credits.				
1	10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the s	submission of study	programme	e proposal)	
1. K	Kavussanos, N	M.G., Tse	ouknidis, D.A., Visvikis, I.D., I	Freight Derivatives	and Risk Ma	nagement in Shippi	ng,

- 1. and Kisk Management in Ship Routledge, London, 2021
- 2. Ship Operations and Management, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2017
- 3. Shipbroking and Chartering Practice, Informa Law form Routledge, Oxon, 2014
- Ship Sale & Purchase, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2020 4.
- 5. Wilford, Michael and Coghlin, Terence and Kimball, J D, Time Charters, Informa, London, 2008
- Cooke, J and Taylor, A and Young, T and Kimball, J D, Voyage Charters, Informa, London, 2014 6.
 - 1.11. *Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)*

²⁰ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







Shipping Business, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2018 1.

FACULTY OF MARITIME STUDIES

University of Rijeka

- 2. Dry Cargo Chartering, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2017
- 3. Tanker Chartering, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2017
- 4. Collins, N., The Essential Guide to Chartering and the Dry Freight Market, Clarkson Research Studies, 2001
- 5. Formisano, R.A., Managers Guide to Strategy, McGraw-Hill, London, 2013
- 6. Bacal, R., Manager's Guide to Performance Reviews, McGraw-Hill, London, 2013
- 7. Geman, H., Risk Management in Commodity Markets: From Shipping to Agriculturals and Energy, Wiley, New York, 2009
- 8. Dykstra D., Commercial Management in Shipping, The Nautical Institute, London, 2009

		, ,						
	1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending							
	the course							
	Title	Number of copies	Number of students					
1.	Kavussanos, M.G., Tsouknidis, D.A., Visvikis, I.D., Freight Derivatives and Risk Management in Shipping, Routledge, London, 2021	Available online	1					
2.	Ship Operations and Management, Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, London, 2017	Available online	1					
3.	Shipbroking and Chartering Practice, Informa Law form Routledge, Oxon, 2014	Available online	1					
4	Ship Sale & Purchase Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers London							

4.	202	Available online	1
5.	Wilford, Michael and Coghlin, Terence and Kimball, J D, Time Charters, Informa, London, 2008	Available online	1
6.	Cooke, J and Taylor, A and Young, T and Kimball, J D, Voyage	Available online	1

- Available online Charters, Informa, London, 2014
- 1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information			
Course coordinator	Đani Mohović, PhD		
Course title	ourse title Assessment and management of maritime navigational risks		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	1.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to provide students with structured training in matters of maritime navigational risk so they gain sufficient scientific background to be engaged in research work. Students become familiar with current research on risks in shipping as well as international and national regulations relating to the risks in shipping. Through the presentation of existing models of maritime traffic, the students will be able to develop the ability to critically evaluate research of others. By being introduced to existing methods of risk assessment students will become competent in conducting research using scientific methodology. Finally, students will be given the opportunity to conduct research on a specific problem and to determine the acceptable maritime navigational risks, and students should work in an interdisciplinary manner to achieve this goal.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course students will be able to:

1. To demonstrate a systematic understanding of the field of course and mastery of the skills and methods related to marine navigation risks.

2. To demonstrate the ability to understand, design, implement and customize serious research process, thereby contributing to the dissemination of knowledge on maritime navigational risks which students confirm by preparing and writing a paper presenting the obtained research results.

3. Gain the ability to critically analyze, evaluate and synthesize existing and new ideas on marine navigational risks.

4. Communicate with peers, the scientific community and the broader social community in their area of expertise.

5. Promote technological, social and cultural progress of knowledge through proposals for maritime navigational risk reductions as benefits to the whole society.

1.4. Course content

General information on risks in shipping. The application of the theory of risk in the maritime industry. Rating previous research risks in shipping. Legal foundations of risk assessment (IMO, EU, the Republic of Croatia). Defining maritime risk. Distribution of maritime accidents. Analysis of accident statistics. Presentation and evaluation of current methods of risk assessment. Analysis of the maritime transport model. Modelling of maritime navigational accidents. The probability of maritime navigational accidents. The methodology for determining the consequences of maritime navigational accidents. The methodology for determining the acceptability of maritime navigational risks. Risk management measures in the maritime industry. Long-term monitoring of risk level. Application of the theory of risk in order to enhance safety of maritime navigation.





							-(ULISTE U F.
1.5. Teaching methods		 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 			 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other simulators 			
1.6. Comments	5	It is expected that students who enrol in this course are experts from particular areas of navigational safety at sea.						
1.7. Student's c	bligat	ions						
	-	lass, seminars and workshifield of nautical science,					-	
1.8. Evaluation [•]	²¹ of st	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar p	aper	Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Rese	earch	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Prac	tical work	
Portfolio		Preparing and writing a paper	2					
1.9. Assessmen	t and	evaluation of student's wo	rk durir	ng classes d	and on find	ıl exam		
The learning outcomes are reviewe and assessed through monitoring student research, research results,					results,			
-		aper presenting the obtain		-	-		,	,
		reading (at the time of the				mme prop	osal)	
		ing" - The Nautical Institut nd Risk Analysis" – Svein Ki			vorth-Heir	iemann, 20	005.	
1.11. Opt	tional ,	/ additional reading (at the	e time o	f proposin	g study pro	ogramme)		
Risk and reliability in marine technology - COMETT Programme, Wegemt, 1993. Kemshall, H., Pritchard, J, Good practice in risk assessment and risk management 1, Jessica Kingsley, 1996. Acceptable risk- Baruch Fischoff, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1981. Procjena opasnosti za opasne tvari - Janeš V., Čavrak B., ZIRS, Intergrafika, Zagreb 1999. Risk analysis and its applications - David B. Hertz and Howard Thomas, Chichester: Wiley, 1983. Quantitative risk analysis: a guide to Monte Carlo simulation modeling – Vose, D., Wiley, 1996. Chicken, J. C., Hayns, M. T., The risk ranking technique in decision making, Oxford: Pergamon Press, 1989. Reliability, maintainability and risk - Smith J. David, 2001. Offshore Risk Assessment - Vinnem J. Erik, Trondheim, Kluwer Academic Publisher, 1999. Risk and reliability in marine technology - COMETT Programme, Wegemt, 1993. Metode procjene i upravljanja rizikom u procesnoj industriji, Enconet International, Zagreb, 1999.								
	course	of assigned reading copies	WILIIIC	guiù lo lin		J students		.nuniy
		Title			Number o	f copies	Number of st	udents
"Managing risk in ship	ping"				1		2	
"Safety Management and Risk Analysis" 1 2								
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences								
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.								

²¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







General information			
Course coordinator	Robert Mohović, PhD		
	Mate Barić, PhD		
Course title	Simulation planning and modelling of ship manoeuvring		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	۱.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

The course objective is to analyse and investigate the impact of internal and external factors using ship simulation models. Also, the aims are to analyse the effect of ship form coefficients on external forces and moments which act on ship movement, and to improve methods for assessing safety of navigation by comparing empirical expressions with simulated data.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are able to:

- Classification of all important factors which affect ship movement;
- Identification of the parameters which act on ship trajectory, correct application of defined simulation settings;
- Recognising model limitations and simulations set-up;
- Critical evaluation of data collected from simulations;
- Simulated data evaluation and comparison with similar research.

1.4. Course content

Identification and definition of forces and moments which act on a ship. Representation of ship movement using simulation modelling and data interpretation. Calculation analysis using specific model adjustments. Model modification in order to adjust influence of external forces and moments. Correct simulation adjustment and recognising simulation modelling limitations. Comparison of gathered data with empirical expressions and towing tank experiments. Application of gathered data in determining the level of safety of navigation and risk assessment.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

Participation in workshops and seminars on simulators that enable the completion of individual assignments. Individual assignment includes the application of simulation modelling in research on the safety of navigation







levels and preparation of data for publication.

1.8.	Evaluation ²²	of student's work
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	,				
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	Research	3
Project	2.6	Continuous assessment	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment is conducted through evaluation of a project in the area of ship manoeuvring. The project includes research problem definition, previous research analysis, preparation and conducting the research of the defined problem, data analysis and interpretation of results, presenting the conclusions and finally preparation for publication.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

House, D. J. (2007). Ship handling: theory and practice. Routledge.

Bertram, V. (2012). Practical ship hydrodynamics. Elsevier.

McBride, M., Boll, M., & Briggs, M. (2014). Harbour approach channels—Design guidelines.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Wilson, P. A., Squire, M. A., & Seakins, A. P. (1990). Enhanced Preliminary Design Ship Manoeuvring Simulator Techniques.

Quy, N. M. et al. (2020). Towards generalized ship's manoeuvre models based on real time simulation results in port approach areas. *Ocean Engineering*, *209*, 107476.

Olba, X. B., Daamen, W., Vellinga, T., & Hoogendoorn, S. P. (2018). State-of-the-art of port simulation models for risk and capacity assessment based on the vessel navigational behaviour through the nautical infrastructure. *Journal of Traffic and Transportation Engineering (English Edition)*, *5*(5), 335-347.

Barić, M. (2017). *Model određivanja širine ograničenih plovnih putova* (Doctoral dissertation, University of Rijeka. Faculty of Maritime Studies, Rijeka.).

Mohović, R. (2002). Model manevriranja brodom u ograničenim plovnim područjima u funkciji sigurnosti i zaštite morskog okoliša.

Delefortrie, G., Geerts, S., & Vantorre, M. (2016). The towing tank for manoeuvres in shallow water. In *4th MASHCON-International Conference on Ship Manoeuvring in Shallow and Confined Water with Special Focus on Ship Bottom Interaction* (pp. 226-235).

Baric, M., Mohovic, R., & Mohovic, D. (2019). Determining Restricted Fairway Additional Width due to Bank Effect for Fine Form Vessels. *The Journal of Navigation*, 72(6), 1435-1448

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending				
the course				
Title	Number of copies	Number of students		
House, D. J. (2007). Ship handling: theory and practice. Routledge.	1	1		
Bertram, V. (2012). Practical ship hydrodynamics. Elsevier.	1	1		
McBride, M., Boll, M., & Briggs, M. (2014). Harbour approach channels- Design guidelines. PIANC Report No. 121.	- 1	1		
Other relevant literature	Online	1		

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

²² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities











MARINE POWER AND ENGINEERING SYSTEMS









Basic description			
Course coordinator	Radoslav Radonja, PhD		
Course title	Alternative fuels and emissions of harmful substances from marine energy systems		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	I		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6	
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12	

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

Knowledge and understanding of the systematic approach to emission of harmful substances from marine energy systems (causes of their occurrence and consequences for the environment), legal regulations, available technological and technical solutions for emission reductions, current tendencies, alternative fuels, and possible limitations in their application.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

Graduate studies in "Marine Engineering and Maritime Transport Technology" completed.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are able to:

- Interpret global trends and possibilities of using alternative fuels in shipping;

- Explain the emission criteria for harmful substances of the ship's energy systems and interpret international regulations in that context;

- Compare and differentiate the eligibility criteria for the energy systems of the ship by: energy, safety, ecological and economic efficiency;

- Structure and characterize emissions of harmful substances when applying classical and alternative fuels;

- Determine and evaluate development strategies for energy systems with regard to emissions of harmful substances;

- Plan and form models for electing the ship's energy system with regard to eligibility criteria;

- Set up and verify the scientific hypothesis and present research results in the form of a scientific article.

1.4. Course content

Course content:

- world trends in the application of alternative fuels and new concepts of ship's energy systems;

- definition of alternative fuels and criteria for emission of harmful substances from energy systems on board;

- defining criteria for the eligibility of energy systems for energy, safety and environmental protection;

- selection of criteria and characteristics of the ship's energy system when using alternative fuels and permitted emissions of pollutants;

- achieving safety, profitability, ecological acceptability, exploitation manageability and ship's readiness for different alternative fuels and energy systems;

- the emission of harmful substances from the ship's energy systems when using conventional and alternative fuels;

- measures and procedures for reducing emissions of harmful substances when applying classical and



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alternative fuels;							
	for sele	ction of the ship's energy s	vstem	with regard to the	suitabi	lity criteria.	
1.5. Teaching methods		<pre> lectures seminars and workshops exercises </pre>			individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other		
1.6. Commer	nts			·			
1.7. Student's	obligat	ions					
		master the subject conter					en topic
from the course co	ontent (presentation of research re	esults i	n the form of scier	ntific art	icles).	
1.8. Evaluatio	n ²³ of st	udent's work					
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1.6	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	3
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessme	ent and e	evaluation of student's wor	k durir	ng classes and on f	inal exa	т	
Knowledge of terminology and facts: 20% (What are harmful emissions? What are alternative fuels? What are the tendencies?) Independence in research and processing of data and information from various sources: 20% (Reference data sources?) Ability to set criteria and critical selection: 40% (The analysis of research content through oral exam?) Ability to present results and make an appropriate conclusion: 20% (Synthesis of research results?)							
1.10. As	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submis	ssion of study prog	ramme	proposal)	
 Tireli, E., Goriva i njihova primjena na brodu, Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka, 2005. Peyton, K., Fuel field manual-success and solutions to performance problems, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1997. Van Erp, Richman, M.H., Technical Challenges Associated with the Development of Advanced Combustion Systems, paper 3 in RTO-MP-14, New York, 1999. 							
		Engines I and II, target Glob		—			
	-	/ additional reading (at the	time o	J proposing study	prograr	nmej	
 Revised N Eyring, V., atmosphe Environme EMEP/EEA 	IARPOL , Corbet ric com ent sub- A, Trozzi to prep	onsolidated edition 2013. annex VI, NOx Technical Co t, J.J., Lee, D.S., Winebrak position, climate, and hu group of the International i, C. and De Lauretis, Air p are national emission inve	e, J.J., uman Maritir polluta	Brief summary of health, Documer me Organization o nt emission inver	^t the im it subm n 6 Nov itory gu	nitted to the Hea ember 2007. nidebook 2009 - Te	lth and echnical
5. Radonja,	R., Bebi	ć, D., Glujić, D., Methanol taion, Vol. 31, No. 3 (2019)			tive Fu	els for Shipping, Pi	romet -

²³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities





- Vorkapić, A., Radonja, R., Zec, D., Cost Efficiency of Ballast Water Treatment Systems Based on Ultraviolet Irradiation and Electrochlorination, Promet - Traffic & Transportaion, Vol. 30/3 (2018), pg. 343-348
- 7. Pelić, V., Mrakovčić, T., Radonja, R., Valčić, M., Analysis of the Impact of Split Injection on Fuel Consumption and NOx Emissions of Marine Medium-Speed Diesel Engine, Journal of Marine Science and Engineering, 2020, 8, 820; doi:10.3390/jmse8100820
- 8. Radonja, R., Pelić, V., Pavić, D., Glujić, D., Methodological approach on optimizing the speed of navigation to reduce fuel consumption and increase energy efficiency of the cruising ship, Pomorstvo Scientific Journal of Maritime Research, Vol. 33/2 (2019), pg. 222-231
- 9. Vorkapić, A., Radonja, R.; Babić, K., Martinčić-Ipšić, S., Machine learning methods in monitoring operating behavior of marine two-stroke diesel engine // Transport, 35 (2020), 5; 474-485 doi:10.3846/transport.2020.14038
- 10. Radonja, R., Ivče, R., Zekić, A., Catela, L., Emission Inventory of Marine Traffic for the Port of Rijeka , Pomorstvo – Scientific journal of maritime research, 34 (2020), 2; 387-395 doi:10.31217/p.34.2.19
- 11. Radonja, R., Pelić, V., Pavić, D., Tomac, N., Cost efficiency of optimizing automatic temperature control parameters in a diesel engine cooling system on a cruising vessel a case study, Journal of Applied Engineering Science, Vol.18/2 (2020), str. 251-256
- 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

TitleNumber of copiesNumber of studentsAll references online available in electronic form.

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information				
Course coordinator	Goran Vukelić, PhD Lech Murawski, PhD			
Course title	Strength, fatigue and fracture of marine structur	res		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	Ι.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

Adoption of theoretical knowledge and developing practical skills necessary for solving problems of construction modelling, strength analysis, dimensioning and fracture and fatigue analysis.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

Passing the course(s) in the field of basic strength of materials at previous levels of study.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are competent for:

Analysis of stress and strain of structures made of materials that exhibit linear or nonlinear material behavior. Analysis of stress and strain of linear, planar and axially symmetric engineering problems. Assessment of service life of a structure. Analysis of damage and failure causes. Interpretation of the analysis results.

1.4. Course content

Introduction. Stress theories. Strain theories. Stress and strain dependence. Numerical solving of elasticity problems. Fundamentals of elasticity theory. Flow limit and criteria. Fundamentals of plasticity theory. Fracture mechanics fundamentals: crack occurrence and propagation, linear elastic and elastic-plastic fracture mechanics. Fracture initiated by stress corrosion, high-cycle and low-cycle fatigue, thermally induced stress. Experimental and numerical fracture analysis. Examples of construction, element and equipment strength analysis.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 				
1.6. Comments						
1.7. Student's obligations						
Teaching (consultations)	completing a selected assignment and present	ng the solution				

Teaching (consultations), completing a selected assignment and presenting the solution.







1.8. Evaluatio	on ²⁴ of st	udent's work						
Course attendance	0.4 Activity/Participation Seminar paper 2 Experiment 1							1
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay		Research		2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical w	ork	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wo	rk durin	g classes and o	n final exa	ат		
	and stra of a give damage	e and failure.					erial beha	vior.
	-	reading (at the time of the	, suhmis	sion of study n	oaramme	p nronosal)		
T.L. Anderson: Fra 1.11. 0								
 S. Suresh: Fatigue of Materials, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK, 2001. L.S. Etube: Fatigue and Fracture of Offshore Structures, Wiley&Sons, New Jersey, USA, 2001. Vizentin, Goran; Vukelić, Goran; Murawski, Lech; Recho, Naman; Orović, Josip: Marine Propulsion System Failures - A Review, Journal of marine science and engineering, 2020. Vukelić, Goran; Pastorčić, Darko; Vizentin, Goran; Božić, Željko: Failure investigation of a crane gear damage, Engineering failure analysis, 2020. Vukelić, Goran; Vizentin, Goran; Masar, Aleksandra: Hydraulic torque wrench adapter failure analysis, Engineering failure analysis, 2019. Vukelić, Goran; Brnić, Josip: Marine Shaft Steels (AISI 4140 and AISI 5120) Predicted Fracture Toughness by FE Simulation, Materials Science, 2017. 								
	e course	of assigned reading copies	<i>With te</i>	gara to the han				lanig
		Title		Nun	nber of cop	ies Nun	nber of stu	dents
Analysis of I	Engineer	ing Structures and Material B	Behavior		1		1	
Fracture	Mechani	cs, Fundamentals and Applica	ations		1		1	
1.13. Quality n	nonitorii	ng methods which ensure d	acquirer	nent of output	knowledg	e, skills and	competer	nces
Quality assurance	e is mor	nitored in accordance wit	h the IS	SO 9001 system	n and th	e European	standard	ls and

²⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







General information				
Course coordinator	Anton Turk, PhD			
Course title	Dynamic effects on ship stability			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

Familiarization with problem areas of ship stability in intact and damaged condition, with a focus on the dynamic effects on stability. Mathematical formulation of problems related to the stability of floating objects and their solution using appropriate methods and software. Fundamental knowledge related to the specifics of dynamic effects and the definition and / or implementation of specific technical requirements.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that after passing the exam PhD students are able to:

Formulate the problem related to dynamic loading of vessels and the impact on the stability of the ship. Analyse possibilities of application of numerical methods to the corresponding example, compare and select a numerical method. Investigate the possibility of solving the problem by applying the existing software and / or write their own program. Investigate and analyse the given project assignment related to specific case of stability of ship.

1.4. Course content

The motion stability. Structure interaction with the waves. Parametric rolling. The effects of bifurcation. Broaching effects. Excessive acceleration. Pure loss of stability. Dead ship stability. Control systems. Criteria. The impact of the application of classification rules. Numerical methods. Time domain calculation.

1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
	ig > seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	🗌 laboratories
methous	Iong distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other
1.6. Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

The students are required to attend the classes (consultations), complete a project assignment, prepare and present a seminar paper.







1.8. Evaluatio	on ²⁵ of si	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.2	Activity/Participation	vity/Participation 0.2 Seminar paper 2.6 Experiment					
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay		Res	earch	3
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Pra	ctical work	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessm	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durin	ig classes an	d on final e	xam		
Assessment and e and the seminar v		n of students' work is base	ed on th	ne results th	ey achieve	during	their researc	h projec
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submis	sion of study	, programn	ne prop	osal)	
Clayton B. R., Bishc Faltinsen, O. M.: Se	p R.E.D.: a Loads c	Molyneux D., Papanikolaou A (Mechanics of Marine Vehicle on Ships and Offshore Structur / additional reading (at the	es, Gulf F res, Univ	Publishing Corversity Press,	npany, 1982 Cambridge,	<u>9</u> 1998.		2000
	-	Response of Ships, Elsevier C				-		
	Number ne course	of assigned reading copies	with re	gard to the i	number of s	tudent	s currently at	tending
Title Number of copies Number of stu					lumber of co	opies	Number of	students
Vassalos D , Hamamoto M., Molyneux D., Papanikolaou A.: Contemporary Ideas on Ship Stability, Elsevier Science 2000.							Students	
					1		1	students
Contempora	ry Ideas o Bishop R.		nce 2000	Э.	1		1	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

²⁵ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







General information				
Course coordinator	Tomislav Senčić, PhD			
	Dean Bernečić, PhD			
Course title	Selected chapters on marine diesel engines			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	1.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

Introduce students to the problems of injection and combustion in marine diesel engines, analyze existing fuel injection systems, as well as problems and difficulties associated with them. Furthermore, the aim is to present the functionalities of the engine simulator as well as other computer models for injection and combustion simulation. Select or create an appropriate mathematical model for solving the identified problems and difficulties and suggest improvements to the existing systems.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

Completed undergraduate and graduate study of marine engineering at the Faculty of Maritime Studies or module Naval Engineering or Process and Energy Mechanical Engineering at the graduate study of mechanical engineering at the Faculty of Engineering. Professional experience as engine officer and / or engine factory work and / or marine engines maintenance work desirable.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the issue of fuel injection and combustion in large bore marine diesel engines;
- 2. Create and evaluate the development possibilities of individual injection systems;
- 3. Develop critical thinking based on previous system analysis;
- 4. Properly select or create a simulation model;
- 5. Develop self-awareness and the importance of proper analysis and interpretation of simulation results.

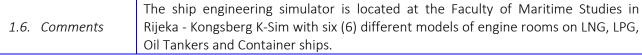
1.4. Course content

- Injection and combustion theory,
- Chemical properties of the fuel important for engine processes,
- Modern injection systems and exhaust valve opening and closing control systems,
- Simulation and research possibilities of ship engine plant models of Kongsberg's K-Sim simulator,
- Different categories of process models in the engine: 0D, QD and 3D models,
- Modeling the formation of harmful products.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
1.5. Teaching	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
1.5. Teaching methods	exercises	laboratories
methous	long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other







1.7. Student's obligations

Class attendance (consultations), study of literature, research of problems and completing project tasks according to lecturer's instructions.

1.8. $Evaluation^{26}$ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay		Research	1
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio		Project asignement	3.6				

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Active participation in classes using laboratory equipment. Learning outcomes are assessed by monitoring the results of doctoral research, obtaining relevant results, writing a seminar paper or creating a simulation model through the project task.

Examples:

1.10.

1. Model the operation of one combustion cycl; change the commencement of injection and interpret the results.

2. Calculate the indicated power from the actual indicated diagrams and analyze the problems.

Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Heywood, J.B.: Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, McGrow Hill Book Co., New York, 1988. 2. Stiesch, G.; Modeling Engine Spray and Combustion Processes, Springer, Berlin, 2003.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Baumgarten, C.: Mixture Formation in Internal Combustion Engines, Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg, 2006.

1.12.	Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending
	the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
1. Heywood, J.B.: Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, McGrow Hill Book Co., New York, 1988	2	1-10
2. Stiesch, G.; Modeling Engine Spray and Combustion Processes, Springer, Berlin, 2003.	2	1-10

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

²⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







General information				
Course coordinator	Predrag Kralj, PhD			
Course title	Selected chapters on marine auxiliary systems			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The course objective is to provide students with advanced knowledge on marine microclimate systems in the most general point of view, in relation to changes in marine environment protection regulation and changes in technology, based on latest scientific and technological achievements that could serve in furthering the process of both energy and environmentally more efficient systems.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

Determined by the rules and regulations.of the Doctoral study programme Maritime Studies

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

The students will be able to:

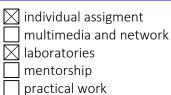
- Perform techno-economic analysis of microclimate systems and to recognize faults in operation;
- Critically evaluate the system's condition and select efficient methods of repairing or changing/upgrading the system;
- Evaluate the condition of regulation system and create a more efficient method;
- Analyze the refrigerant removal/change process to implement environmentally friendly refrigerant;
- Create the heat process model as an introduction to energy and/or environmentally more efficient system project;
- Optimize existing and new auxiliary systems.

1.4. Course Outline

- 1. Approaches to marine auxiliary systems management, effect on exploitation costs and possibilities of improvement.
- 2. Exchange of refrigerant, filling and refilling with refrigerant and compressors' oil and heat characteristics of refrigerants, analysis of its properties and approaches to management methods.
- 3. Fault diagnostics, repairs, redundant systems.
- 4. Marine auxiliary system optimization.
- 5. Auxiliary system or its element modelling, variable conditions operation simulation and the effect on efficiency.

1.5.	Teaching
	methods

lectures
 seminars and workshops
 exercises
 long distance education
 fieldwork











1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Attending lectures and exercises, laboratory work resulting in an essay and a scientific paper that could eventually could be published with the mentor.

1.8. Evaluation²⁷ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experiment	1
Written exam		Oral exam	2	Essay	1	Research	1.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment of learning outcomes will be performed through an essay, resulting from student research and experimental work on the refrigerator and engine room simulator and, through the oral exam.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Glujić, D., Kralj, P., Martinović, D., A Simple Mathematical Model for Refrigerating Compressor Optimization, Pomorstvo, Rijeka, 2018., 32(1), pp. 146-151.

2. Knak, Ch., Diesel Motor Ships – Engines and Machinery, GEC-GAD Publishers, Copenhagen, 1979.

3. Martinović, D., Brodski rashladni uređaji, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1994.

4.Kralj, P. – Šegulja, I., Brodski cjevovodi, Sveučilište u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2018

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Kralj, P. Bukša, A. Martinović, D., Razvoj brodskih rashladnih sustava -utjecaj propisa o zaštiti okoliša, Pomorstvo, Rijeka, god. 13 (1999), pp. 211-222.

2. Kralj, P., Brodski sustavi mikroklime – automatizacija i optimizacija, Zbornik Pomorskog fakulteta u Rijeci, Rijeka, god. 12 (1998), pp. 197-203.

- 3. Kralj, P., Prilog raspravi o zaštiti morskog okoliša, Zbornik radova Pomorskog fakulteta, Rijeka, Godina 11 (1997), pp. 119-128.
- 4. Kreyszig, E., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley and sons, New York, 1993.
- 5. Lalić, D., Kolombo, M., Produktivnost u procesnoj industriji, Zagreb, NIRO Privredni vjesnik, 1987.
- 6. Lalić, D., Kolombo, M., Upravljanje projektima u procesnoj industriji, Zagreb, NIP Privredni vjesnik, 1990.
- 7. Schafär, M., Computational Engineering, Springer, Berlin, 2006.

8. Turk, S., Budin, L., Analiza i projektiranje računalom, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1989.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Glujić, D., Kralj, P., Martinović, D., A Simple Mathematical Model for Refrigerating Compressor Optimization, Pomorstvo, Rijeka, 2018., 32(1), pp. 146-151.	Available online	1
Knak, Ch., Diesel Motor Ships –Engines and Machinery, GEC-GAD Publishers, Copenhagen, 1979.	1	1
Martinović, D., Brodski rashladni uređaji, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1994.	5	1
Kralj, P. – Šegulja, I., Brodski cjevovodi, Sveučilište u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2018	5	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

²⁷ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Josip Orović, PhD			
Course title	Ship propulsion plant optimisation			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching				

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of this course is that PhD students acquire the necessary knowledge for scientific and technical research in the field of ship propulsion plant optimisation with an emphasis on marine propulsion machinery, equipment and their systems.

The course focuses on the application of theoretical methods, numerical solution of practical problems, simulation of various conditions in marine engine room simulators, data analysis, mathematical modeling and practical application of the results obtained in the field of marine engineering.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- Identify and analyse the parameters that affect the efficiency of each propulsion plant.

- Simulate different conditions on engine room simulators and analyse the impact on efficiency and total cost of the plant.

- Calculate optimal working parameters of marine propulsion machinery, equipment and their systems.

- Choose, develop and solve mathematical models for optimisation of ship propulsion plants.

1.4. Course content

Energy balance of operating plants. Efficiency of marine propulsion machinery, equipment and their systems. Analysis of the interrelation of certain parameters on the efficiency and the total cost of the plant. Ship Energy Efficiency Management Plan (SEEMP). Simulation of different states on diesel engine, steam turbine and diesel-electric propulsion plant simulators. Optimisation of propulsion plants, individual components and processes within the plant. Mathematical models for optimisation of ship propulsion plants.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assigment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obligat	ions	







Course attendanc	Course attendance, research, seminar paper and oral exam.					ALISTE U			
1.8. Evaluatio	on ²⁸ of s	tudent's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	paper	2	Experime	nt	
Written exam		Oral exam	0.6	Essay			Research		3
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Practical	work	
Portfolio									
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wol	rk durir	ng classes	and on fir	nal exa	т		
	and or	nalyse the parameters that al exam (calculate optima ems)			-	-		-	chinery,
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of s	tudy progr	amme	proposal)		
Cambridge Univer	sity Pre	nization in Practice with ss, 2015; Rosen, Pouria Ahmadi: Opt			5	0		d Profes	sionals,
1.11. O	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	f proposi	ng study p	rograr	nme)		
- Manuals;		olbox, User's Guide; itimization: Theory and Pra	ctice: I	ohn Wile	v & Sons. I	nc., 20	20		
 S.S. Rao: Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice; John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2020 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course 									
		Title			Number	of cop	es Nu	mber of st	tudents
	Achille Messac: Optimization in Practice with MATLAB® For Engineering Students and Professionals, Cambridge University Press, 2015 Available online 1-10								
Ibrahim Dincer, Marc A. Rosen, Pouria Ahmadi: Optimization of Energy Systems, Wiley, 2017 Available online 1-10									
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences									
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.									

²⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Mate Jurjević, PhD				
Course title	Simulations of the ship systems condition using system dynamics				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The primary objective of this course is to acquaint the students with the benefits of applying system dynamics in a comprehensive analysis of the conditions of complex ship systems during exploitation.

The ultimate objective is to compare the simulation model obtained using the system dynamics with practice and to draw conclusions with the aim to improve, optimize, increase reliability and efficiency, and to propose guidelines for the strategy of selection and monitoring of the system during exploitation.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

With the knowledge acquired in this course, students will be able to more easily and thoroughly approach the monitoring, forecasting, and solving the potential operational problems of the ship's systems. This acquired knowledge will guide them through the development of a system dynamics simulation model, which consists of a quantitative and a qualitative model, and enable them to monitor the dynamics of the system behaviour during exploitation. In order to achieve this, students will learn to create:

1. a qualitative model (consisting of the mental verbal model, the structural model, and the flow diagram),

2. a quantitative model (consisting of the mathematical model and the computer model).

With the acquired knowledge of the system dynamics, the simulation will help avoid some of the unforeseen conditions (failures, delays, and averages) in the design of the ship's system and will help improve the system.

1.4. Course content

Introduction to system dynamics.

Defining the ship system behaviour during exploitation.

Presentation of the model making process that describes the ship system behaviour using system dynamics.

The application of a system dynamics simulation model on the selected ship system behaviour during exploitation.

Verification of the obtained data by means of comparison with reality.

The analysis of modelled results.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obligati	ions	







Students must meet the following requirements:

- 1. attendance at classes
- 2. attendance at exercises
- 3. active participation
- 4. preparation and presentation of a seminar paper.

1.8. Evaluation²⁹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	1.6	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	4
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The evaluation of learning outcomes is carried out through activities in classes and exercises, through the presentation of a seminar paper and through independent assignments.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Munitić, A., Ristov, P.: Sistemska dinamika, Pomorski fakultet, Sveučilište u Splitu, 2009.

2. Forrester, J. W.: PRINCIPLES OF SYSTEMS, MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachuesetts-USA, 980.

3. Embleton, William. O.B.E., :Reed's applied heat for engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK, 2000.

4. Embleton, W: Reed's applied mechanics for engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK, 1999.

5. Thomas D. Morton, Leslie Jackson, :Reed's motor engineering knowledge for marine engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK, 2006.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Denis Griffiths,: Marine Low speed Diesel Engines, IMareEST, London, UK, This updated edition 2015.

2. Čerić, V.: Simulacijsko modeliranje, Školska knjiga-Zagreb, 1993.

3. Aldrich, C.: Simulations and the Future of Learning, Pfeiffer, USA, 2005.

4. Munitić, A.: Kompjuterska simulacija uz pomoć Sistemske Dinamike, Brodosplit, BIS Split, 1989.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Munitić, A. , Ristov, P.: Sistemska dinamika, Pomorski fakultet, Sveučilište u Splitu, 2009.	1	5
Forrester, J. W.:PRINCIPLES OF SYSTEMS, Ninth printing, MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachuesetts-USA, and London, England,1980.	1	5
William Embleton O.B.E., :Reed`s applied heat for engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK , reprinted 2000.	1	5
William Embleton O.B.E., :Reed`s applied mechanics for engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK , reprinted 1999.	1	5
Thomas D. Morton,Leslie Jackson, :Reed`s motor engineering knowledge for marine engineers, Thomas Reed Publications, UK, reprinted 2006.	1	5

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

²⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities







	General information				
Course coordinator	Igor Poljak, PhD Ivica Glavan, PhD				
Course title	Thermodynamic analysis of marine steam turbine plants				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

To make a thermodynamic analysis of the marine turbine system from the selected chapters of steam turbine plants and to optimize energy and exergy flows in these systems.

Connect the elements of the steam circuit into one ensemble and solve the problem of energy and mass balance in the plants in relation to the given power of the plant. Make a

thermodynamic analysis of selected elements in the steam circuit which includes;

steam generators, steam turbines, auxiliary devices, control elements and steam pipelines and insulation.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- use the methodologies of applied (practical) research and direct the acquired knowledge towards the analysis and optimization of the observed plant;

- set the thermodynamic formulation of the problem of energy and mass exchange for the analyzed element of the ship steam turbine plant;

- explore the possibilities of solving problems by using ready-made and/or writing their own program;

- analyse the obtained results and make concrete conclusions and explanations;

- present the results of research in the form of a research paper.

1.4. Course content

Ship propulsion power and steam circuit elements. Specific steam consumption, on the main propulsion turbine. Specific steam consumption on turbo generators. Specific steam consumption in a regenerative feedwater heating system. Specific steam consumption for auxiliary systems. Steam production and selection of marine steam generator. Calculation of mass consumption of steam when changing the load of the plant in the selected area of operation of the plant. Treatment of classical thermodynamics by statistical methods. Optimization of steam plant and steam consumption by one of the selected mathematical optimization methods. Analysis and optimization of the operation of a selected element of a marine steam turbine plant. Analysis and optimization of marine auxiliary steam systems in motor drives.

	ectures	🔀 individual assignment
	🔀 seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
1.5. Teaching	exercises	laboratories
methods	\boxtimes long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	🛛 other







1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Attendance at classes (consultations), completing a project task and preparing and presenting seminars and writing a scientific paper for a selected journal.

1.8. $Evaluation^{30}$ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	0.5	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	0.5	Research	0.6
Project	4	Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Class attendance, project assignments, seminar and a scientific paper.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Angola, M., Cengel, Y. A., Dincer, I.: Efficiency Evaluation of Energy Systems, Springer, 2012.

2. Kam W. Li, A. Paul Priddy: Power Plant System Design, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1985.

3. A. Ravindran, K. M. Ragsdell, G. V. Reklaitis; Engineering Optimization Methods and Applications, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2006.

4. P.K. Nag: Power Plant Engineering Forth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2014.

5. R. Yadav: Steam & Gas Turbines and Power Plant Engineering, Central Publishing House, Allahabad, 2004

6. Edgar, Thomas F: Optimization of chemical processes, second edition, McGraw-Hill, 2001.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Raja, A. K., Srivastava, A.P., Dwivedi, M; Power Plant Engineering, New Age International, 2006

2. Ishigai, S.: Steam Power Engineering: Thermal and Hydraulic Design Principles, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

3. HASELI, Y.; Entropy analysis in thermal engineering systems, Academic Press, Elsevier Inc. 2020.

4. A. Ravindran, K. M. Ragsdell, G. V. Reklaitis; Engineering optimization, Methods and Applications Forth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2009.

5. Ryszard Bartnik, Zbigniew Buryn: Conversion of Coal-Fired Power Plants to Cogeneration and Combined-Cycle Thermal and Economic Effectiveness, 2011.

6. Swapan Basu. S., Ajay Kumar D. A.: Power Plant Instrumentation and Control Handbook, Elsevier, 2015.

7. HILLIER, F.S: Introduction to operations research Tenth Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.

1.12.	Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending
	the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students	
Kanoglu, M., Cengel, Y. A., Dincer, I.: Efficiency Evaluation of Energy	1	1	
Systems	Ţ	Ţ	
Kam W. Li, A. Paul Priddy: Power Plant System Design	1	1	
A. Ravindran, K. M. Ragsdell, G. V. Reklaitis; ENGINEERING	1	1	
OPTIMIZATION Methods and Applications SECOND EDITION	Ţ	1	
R. Yadav: Steam & Gas Turbines and Power PLant Engineering, 7th	1	1	
Revised Edition (SI Units)	Ţ	L L	
Edgar, Thomas F: OPTIMIZATION OF CHEMICAL PROCESSES, SECOND	1	1	
EDITION		L L	
112 Ougliture and the ring mathe do which any una good income ant of	autout lun avuladara alui	le ave d'e e vere et e ve e e	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

³⁰ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







MARINE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING









General information					
Course coordinator	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD				
Course title	Battery and hybrid power plants on marine vessels				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	I				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

- 1.1. Course objectives
- Obtaining the required knowledge for research in the field of battery and hybrid propulsion system on board marine vessels, as well as other systems with a significant share of fuel cells, batteries, and energy storage technologies.
- Introduction to the methods of battery and hybrid drives modelling and optimization with a focus on fuel saving, reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and increasing the power plant availability.
- The final goal of the course is to enable PhD students to contribute to the scientific component of vessels power system design.
- 1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

- 1.3. Expected course learning outcomes
 - After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:
- 1. Understand the basic concepts of battery and hybrid drives on floating units.
- 2. Know the theoretical foundations of technologies used in these systems.
- 3. Analyse power flows in the power system of floating units with hybrid and battery propulsion.
- 4. Assess the electricity needs that must be met by the supporting land infrastructure.
- 5. Know the techniques of modeling and optimization of battery and hybrid drives using appropriate software solutions (Matlab, Simulink, HOMER).
- 6. Evaluate the simulation results in order to select the optimal power system topology.
- 7. Apply the acquired knowledge for the purpose of pre-project definition of the electric power system of the vessel with battery and hybrid systems.
- 1.4. Course content

Theoretical concepts of the electrical power system on board battery and hybrid driven vessels. Types, characteristics and theoretical basis of electrochemical batteries, fuel cells, supercapacitors, and energy storage technologies. Optimizing of vessels power management system in order to increase the economic and environmental efficiency of the vessel and to maximize the utilization of electrical energy available from the battery and other sources. Modelling battery and hybrid propulsion systems using the Matlab and Simulink software. Project defining of electrical power systems on board vessels with battery and hybrid drives.

1.5. Teaching methods

X	lectures
\ge	seminars and wo
	exercises

individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories







		Iong distance education			mentorship other			
1.6. Commer								
1.7. Student's	obligat	tions						
Attendance (lectu	res or c	onsultations), conducting re	esearc	h and writing a	a ser	ninar pa	aper, oral exam.	
1.8. Evaluatio	on ³¹ of s	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	r	1	Experiment	1
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay			Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Practical work	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	k durir	ng classes and	on f	inal exa	m	
Attending	classes	, seminar paper, conducting	g resea	arch and exper	ime	ntal wo	rk, and an oral e	(am.
1.10. A.	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of study µ	orog	Iramme	proposal)	
 European Maritime Safety Agency: Study on electrical energy storage for ships - battery systems for maritime applications – technology, sustainability and safety, EMSA 2020. O'hayre, R., Cha, S.W., Colella, W. and Prinz, F.B., 2016. Fuel cell fundamentals. John Wiley & Sons. Rahn, C.D. and Wang, C.Y., 2013. Battery systems engineering. John Wiley & Sons. Teaching materials prepared and papers published by the course coordinator. 								
1.11. O	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	of proposing st	udy	progran	nme)	
1. Díaz-Gonz Wiley & S		, Sumper, A. and Gomis-Bell	lmunt,	O., 2016. Ene	rgy	storage	in power system	s. John
1.12. N		of assigned reading copies	with re	egard to the nu	ımb	er of stu	dents currently o	ıttending
		Title		Nu	ımbe	er of copi	es Number o	f students
European Maritime Safety Agency: Study on electrical energy storage for ships - battery systems for maritime applications - technology, sustainability and safety, EMSA 2020.Available online1								
O'hayre, R., Cha, S.W., Colella, W. and Prinz, F.B., 2016. Fuel cell fundamentals. John Wiley & Sons.								
Rahn, C.D. and Wang, C.Y., 2013. Battery systems engineering. John Wiley & Sons.					L			
Teaching materials	and publ	ished papers of lecturers		Av	vaila	ble onlin	e É	L
1.13. Quality n	nonitori	ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of output	t kno	owledge	, skills and comp	etences
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and								

guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

³¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







Geneal information				
Course coordinator	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD			
Course title	Electric propulsion			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	l.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12+0+0			

. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of course is the acquisition of relevant knowledge required for scientific research on the field of vessel electric propulsion systems and electric power systems with dominant or significant share of power electronic devices in total consumption in general, with the special interest in the analyses and measures for the improvement of the electric energy quality. Final aim of course is enabling the doctoral PhD student for his scientific contribution in the field of vessel electric power and electric propulsion systems preliminary design.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

Understand and use exploitation advantages of ship electric propulsion.

Analyse, evaluate and optimize integrated electric propulsion system and subsystems.

Knowledge of relevant rules and regulations.

Understand electric energy quality influence on ship's electrical devices.

Analyse voltage harmonic distortion in high voltage, low voltage and lighting electric power networks.

Understanding the causes of distortions and electric energy quality indicators.

Identify sources of non-sinusoidal currents on board a ship.

1.4. Course content

Exploitation advantages of electric propulsion. Analysis and evaluation of electric propulsion system. Meaning, causes of distortions and electric energy quality indicators. Sources of non-sinusoidal currents on board a ship. Influence of the electric energy quality on ship electrical devices. Relevant rules and regulations. Analysis of voltage harmonic distortion in high voltage and low voltage electric power network. Analysis of non-linear loads in ship lighting network. Analysis of voltage harmonic distortion.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		







1.7. Student's obligations

Seminar paper, oral exam

1.11.

1.8. Evaluation³² of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1.6	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	4	Essay		Research	
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Course attendance (10%) Seminar paper 25%, Final exam 65%

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Vučetić D.; Električna propulzija, lectures.

2. Vučetić, D., Electric Propulsion Optimization Model on a Commercial Vessel with Electric Propulsion, doctoral dissertation, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, 2006.

3. Vučetić, D., Tomas, V., Cuculić A., Electric Propulsion Optimization Model Based On Exploitation Profile and Energy Price, Brodogradnja, 62(2011)2, pp 130-135.

4. Vučetić D., Čekada I. Eksploatacijske prednosti električne propulzije, Pomorstvo, 20, pp. 129-145, Rijeka 2006.

Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Vlahinić, I., Električni sistemi plovnih objekata, Sveučilište u Rijeci, Pomorski fakultet, Rijeka 2004.

2. Skalicki B., Grilec J., Brodski električni uređaji, Sveučilište u Zagrebu, FSB, Zagreb 2000.

3. J.Arrillaga et al, Power System Harmonic Analysis, John Willey&Sons Ltd, Chichester, 1998.

4. G.J.Wakileh, Power Systems Harmonics - Fundamentals, Analysis and Filter Design, Springer, Berlin, 2001.

5. W.E.Kazibwe, M.H.Sendaula, Electrical Power Quality Control Techniques, Springer, Berlin, 1993.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
1. Vučetić D.; Električna propulzija, predavanja	1	1-10
2. Vučetić, D., Model optimizacije elektroenergetskog sustava trgovačkog		
broda s električnom propulzijom, doktorska disertacija, Pomorski	1	1-10
fakultet u Rijeci, Sveučilište u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2006.		
3. Vučetić, D., Tomas, V., Cuculić A., Electric Propulsion Optimization		
Model Based On Exploitation Profile and Energy Price, Brodogradnja,	1	1-10
62(2011)2, pp 130-135.		
4. Vučetić D., Čekada I.; Eksploatacijske prednosti električne propulzije,	1	1-10
Pomorstvo, 20, str. 129-145, Rijeka 2006.	L	1-10

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

³² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Boris Sviličić, PhD			
Course title	Maritime cyber risk management			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The objective of this course is to familiarize students with the multidisciplinary problem of cyber risks related to maritime systems on the basis of the guidelines of the *International Maritime Organisation (IMO MSC Guidelines on Maritime Cyber Risk Management*). The term maritime systems includes: ship bridge navigation and communications systems (ECDIS, ARPA, AIS...), propulsion and machineries (control, monitoring and alarm systems for the driver, shaft, gear, propeller...), power generation and distribution (control, monitoring and alarm systems for the engine, turbine, generator...), cargo management systems (control, monitoring and alarm systems, CCTV systems, electronic personnel-on-board systems, shipboard security alarm systems...), passenger servicing and management systems (boarding and access control, property management, electronic health records, flooding detection systems...), vessel traffic management and information systems (VTMIS).... The course is focused on the detection of potential cyber risks that are specific to the cyber maritime systems, their prevention by applying available measures and mechanisms and the development of new systems with higher cyber security level.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be competent for:

General knowledge acquisition in the multidisciplinary domain of recognition and management of cyber risks specific for the maritime systems. Specific knowledge and skills acquisition for cyber security improvement and enhancement of the maritime systems.

1.4. Course content

IMO MSC guidelines on maritime cyber risk management. Cyber risks of the maritime systems. Categorizing cyber risks. Analysis of cyber risks. Reliability and availability of cyber maritime systems. Mechanism and safety measures for cyber risks management. Security policies. Identification and authorization. Physical security and safety of working environment. Fail-over systems and redundant architectures. Data encryption. Privacy protection. Malicious code detection. Intrusion detection system. Procedure for recognizing the signs of cyber risks exploitation. Cyber risk assessment of the maritime systems.

	\boxtimes lectures	🔀 individual assignment
1.5. Teaching	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
methods	exercises	🔀 laboratories
	long distance education	mentorship







		fieldwork				other _		-
1.6. Comme	nts	-						
1.7. Student'	s obliga	tions						
Attending classes	, indepe	ndent implementation of s	cientifi	c research	n (practic	al and e	xperimental wor	k) with
the aim of creatin	g a sem	inar paper, and taking an o	ral exa	m.				
1.8. Evaluatio	on ³³ of s	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	baper	2	Experiment	1
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay			Research	1
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Practical work	0.6
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessm	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durii	ng classes	and on f	inal exai	m	
Assesment throug	gh the fi	nal exam.						
1.10. A	ssianed	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of st	udv proa	ramme	proposal)	
3. ISO 27002 (IS Security Man	"Securit O 17799 agemen	y Engineering", J. Wiley & S 9), "Information Technology t", Standards Direct - Interr	/ - Secunationa	irity Techi Il Standaro	ds and Do	ocumen	tation, 2007.	mation
1.11. C	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	of proposir	ng study	brogram	nme)	
J. Crume. "InsPublications c	ide Inte of the cc	e. "Information security Ma rnet Security", Addison – W ourse coordinator. of assigned reading copies	/esly, 2	2000.			dents currently a	ttendina
	e course			5		2	,	5
		Title			Numbe	r of copie	es Number of	students
		Executive Guide to Informa Solutions", Addison – Wesly				1	1-1	0
R. Anderson. "Sec	urity En	gineering", J. Wiley & Sons,	2001.			1	1-1	0
Techniques - (Code d tandard), "Information Technology - Security of Practice for Information Security s Direct - International Standards and				1	1-1	0
		ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of o	utput kno	wledge,	, skills and compe	etences

³³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Jasmin Ćelić, PhD				
Course title	Cooperative intelligent transportation systems				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	۱.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

- 1.1. Course objectives
- understand the key concepts of intelligent transport systems, analysing their advantages and disadvantages; describe data processing systems, their types and applications, and the architecture and concept of existing systems; analyse various applied technologies of intelligent transport systems;
- ensure an understanding of the basic components of cooperative intelligent transport systems and related services, and the techniques used in operation, including communication and information infrastructure;
- ensure an understanding of all the elements that make ITS systems and related services through practical examples, critically examine the various implementation options and policies for which they are designed;
- understand the technology of autonomous and connected vehicles within the vehicles themselves and in conjunction with the infrastructure, real-time sensors in the transport infrastructure, the application of artificial intelligence for data analysis and information;
- understand various ITS applications / systems at local, national and international level such as advanced traffic management systems, automatic road regulation (variable speed limit, electric toll collection), cooperative public transport systems, management transport demand, cooperative management of parking systems, multi-modal passenger information systems, etc.;
- synthesize and analyse local and global policies related to intelligent transport systems and understand technological challenges;
- develop practical experiences of ITS concepts by applying them to local and global scenarios;
- understand and interpret data presented in verbal, numerical and graphical forms;
- relevant transfer of information, knowledge and insights;
- provide appropriate material for PhD students to improve, consolidate and expand their skills in solving numerical and practical tasks in the development of intelligent transport systems;
- develop PhD students reading and observation skills that will enable them to make the proper text review in search of certain information, interpret and draw appropriate conclusions from the context.
- 1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- distinguish the basic principles of ITS;
- compare ways of managing communication and information networks;
- discuss the development of cooperative ITS;





- recommend procedures for the implementation of cooperative ITS in transport infrastructure;
- justify the reasons for the implementation of cooperative ITS and their benefits;
- determine the principles of operation of electronic systems in vehicles;
- evaluate and differentiate the use of navigation systems within ITS and traffic monitoring using GNSS;
- evaluate telematic solutions of cooperative transport systems;
- distinguish the principles of automatic supervision for the purpose of road safety;
- set conditions for the development and implementation of cooperative ITS services.
 - 1.4. Course content

Basic concepts of intelligent transport systems; ITS standards; basics of systems theory and cybernetics; physical and logical architecture of ITS; development of ITS and related technologies; implementation of ITS in transport infrastructure; reasons for implementing C-ITS and their benefits; C-ITS communication technologies; traffic modeling and simulation; expert systems and artificial intelligence in transport systems; C-ITS and management systems; electronic systems in vehicles; creating conditions for the implementation of C-ITS; navigation systems; vehicle monitoring and diagnostics; expert maintenance systems; advanced C-ITS.

1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
	🔀 seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	laboratories
	long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other

- 1.6. Comments
- 1.7. Student's obligations

Class attendance (lectures or consultative classes), work on the project task, conducting research and writing a seminar paper, presentation of the obtained results.

1.8. Evaluation³⁴ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	2.6
Project	2	Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

• Class attendance activity (lectures or consultative classes) - learning outcomes from 1 to 10;

• Assessment and evaluation of work on the project task;

• Assessment and evaluation of research, preparation and presentation of a seminar paper.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Group of authors. (2000.). Intelligent Transportation Primer, Institute of Transportation Engineers, Washington, USA,

2. Williams, B. (2008.). Intelligent Transport Systems Standards, Artech House, Boston, USA.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. A. Zilouchian, M. Jamshidi: "Intelligent Control Systems Using Soft Computing Methodologies", CRC Press, London, 2001.,

2. Ronald K. Jurgen, "Navigation and Intelligent Transportation Systems", str 211-290, Society of

³⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





Automotive Engineers, Inc. 1998.,

- 3. M. Gupta, N. K. Sinha: "Intelligent Control Systems Concept and Applications", IEEE Press, 1995.
- 4. Journals:
 - a) Traffic Technology International, Transportation research (part A and B);
 - b) IEEE Vehicular Technology Magazine;
 - c) IEEE Intelligent Transportation Systems Magazine;
 - d) IEEE Transactions On Intelligent Transportation Systems;
 - e) Journal of Intelligent Transportation Systems

5. Internet:

- a) https://www.pcb.its.dot.gov/eprimer.aspx
- b) http://www.iteris.com/itsarch/index.htm
- c) http://www.itsoverview.its.dot.gov/
- d) http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/publications/publicroads/14marapr/index.cfm
- e) http://www.ornl.gov/ORNLReview/v33_3_00/smart.htm
- f) http://www.etsi.org/technologies-clusters/technologies/intelligent-transport
- 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
 Group of authors. (2000.). Intelligent Transportation Primer, Institute of Transportation Engineers, Washington, USA. 	1	5
 Williams, B. (2008.). Intelligent Transport Systems Standards, Artech House, Boston, USA. 	1	5

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information					
Course coordinator	Nikola Lopac, PhD	Nikola Lopac, PhD			
Course title	Advanced digital signal processing methods in transport				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	1.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The objective of the course is to enable students to understand and practically apply advanced digital signal processing methods. Students will learn to apply advanced digital signal processing methods in a wide range of transport systems, including various measurement systems, data transmission, storage and processing systems, and decision support systems.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

Apply advanced digital signal processing methods. Learn to use mathematical and software tools for digital signal processing and analysis. Apply methods for time-frequency analysis of non-stationary signals. Apply methods for removing noise from signals and for extracting signal features. Apply methods for digital image processing and analysis. Apply methods for pattern recognition. Apply artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms in digital signal processing and analysis. Apply methods for pattern recognition and deep learning techniques. Develop and apply models based on deep neural networks and convolutional neural networks. Apply all the mentioned methods to specific examples from the field of transport systems (sensor measurements, video recordings, satellite images, AIS).

1.4. Course content

Digital signal processing. Mathematical and software tools for digital signal processing and analysis. Nonstationary signals. Time-frequency signal analysis. Signal denoising methods. Feature extraction. Digital image processing and analysis. Pattern recognition. Artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms in digital signal processing and analysis. Machine learning. Deep learning. Neural networks. Convolutional neural networks. Practical applications in transport.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments	-	







1.7. Student's obligations

Attendance of lectures (consultations), research and work on the individual project task, and preparation and presentation of a seminar paper/project assignment.

1.8. Evaluation³⁵ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	1.6
Project	2	Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment and evaluation of student's work are based on records of attendance at lectures (consultations), monitoring the continuity of research and work on the project task, and the results of a seminar paper. The seminar paper and research task are presented orally.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. B. P. Lathi: Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford University Press, 2018.

2. B. P. Lathi, R. A. Green: Essentials of Digital Signal Processing, Cambridge University Press, 2014.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. B. Boashash: Time-Frequency Signal Analysis and Processing: A Comprehensive Reference, 2nd ed., Academic Press, 2016.
- 2. C. Solomon, T. Breckon: Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: A Practical Approach with Examples in MATLAB, Wiley Blackwell, 2011.
- 3. I. Goodfellow, Y. Bengio, A. Courville. Deep Learning. MIT Press, 2016.
 - 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
B. P. Lathi: Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford University Press, 2018.	Available online	1
B. P. Lathi, R. A. Green: Essentials of Digital Signal Processing, Cambridge University Press, 2014.	Available online	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

³⁵ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Robert Baždarić, PhD	Robert Baždarić, PhD			
Course title	Advanced technologies in diagnostics and control systems				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective	Elective			
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The course objective is to further encourage students in acquiring quality attitudes and additional knowledge important for understanding new technologies in diagnostics and management, and to help students effectively engage in scientific work in this field. Within the content of this course, thematic units are processed that enable PhD students of Maritime Studies to gain insight into the problems of new technologies and scientific methods in diagnostics and management of real maritime technical systems in order to increase efficiency and safety.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, students will be able to do the following:

- 1. present and analyse the features of diagnostic systems;
- 2. define the organization of the diagnostic process;
- 3. apply structural diagnostic techniques;
- 4. apply functional diagnostic techniques;
- 5. show and explain redundancy management;
- 6. apply diagnostic system evaluation methods;
- calculate the impact of diagnostics on the reliability and safety of marine engine and device controllers;
 present and explain the application of diagnostics in marine control systems.
- 1.4. Course content

Reliability and availability of marine systems and processes. State and tendencies of development of diagnostic methods and control algorithms in marine processes. Application of software and hardware technologies in fault detection and identification. Sensor fusion. Circuit (HW) and analytical (SW) redundancy in management and diagnostics. Structural analysis and redundancy. Procedures and schemes for diagnostics and management of continuous systems. Procedures and schemes of diagnostics and management of discrete systems. Schemes and algorithms for diagnostics and fault response management. Examples of application of diagnostic and control schemes in conditions of system failure (marine propulsion system, auxiliary machines, electrical network).

1.5.	Teaching
	methods

🛛 lectures
ig > seminars and workshops
exercises

 \times individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories



accordingly.

University of Rijeka FACULTY OF MARITIME STUDIES





		Iong distance education fieldwork			nentor other	rship	
1.6. Comments							
1.7. Student's obligations							
Course attendanc	e, solvir	ng the project task and prepar	ation and pre	sentation	of sem	inar paper.	
1.8. Evaluation ³⁶ of student's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar	paper	1.6	Experimental work	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay			Research	1
Project	3	Sustained knowledge check	Report			Practice	
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's work o	during classes	and on fir	nal exa	m	
Class (consultatio work	ns) atte	ndance, completing the pro	ject task and	preparati	on and	d presentation of	seminar
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the su	bmission of st	tudy progr	amme	proposal)	
		d technologies in diagnostics of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.	and manager	nent; Lect	ure No	ites, Faculty of Ma	ritime
1.11. O	1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)						
1. Blanked, M., Kinnaert, M., Lunze, J., Staroswiecki, M., Diagnosis and Fault-Tolerant Control, Springer, Berlin, 2016.					r, Berlin,		
2010. 2. Saran, V. H., Mishra, Rakesh Kumar (Eds.): Advances in Systems Engineering, Springer, London, 2021.							
<i>1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending</i>							
the course							
Title Number of copies Number of students							
Tomas, V., 2021. Advanced technologies in diagnostics and management; Lecture Notes, Faculty of Maritime Studies Rijeka, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.e-learning1-2							
Blanke, M., Kinnaert, M., Lunze, J., Staroswiecki, M., Diagnosis and Fault- Tolerant Control, Springer, Berlin, 2016.							
Saran, V. H., Mishra, Rakesh Kumar (Eds.): Advances in Systems11-2Engineering, Springer, London, 2021.1							
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences							
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, which are implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted							

³⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Sanjin Valčić, PhD			
Course title New technologies in maritime communications				
Study programme Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective			
Year I.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The main objective of the course is to acquire knowledge on the latest trends in the development of communication technologies that enable the connection of ships and land facilities and methodologically analyse, assess and compare their specific advantages and disadvantages.

1.2. Course enrolment requiremen	ts
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None

- 1.3. Expected course learning outcomes
 - After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:
- 1. compare the basic characteristics and performance of various current and future maritime radio networks and technologies;
- 2. compare current and future land and maritime radio networks and technologies;
- 3. compare data transmission using different current and future maritime radio networks and technologies;
- 4. argue the need for introduction of terrestrial 5G networks in maritime communications;
- 5. assess the quality of service when using Wi-Fi and WiMAX mobile technologies at sea;
- 6. suggest potential applications using new radio technologies and networks;
- 7. classify and categorize VSAT's (Very Small Aperture Terminal) used in maritime communications.

1.4. Course content

Maritime terrestrial communication systems: VHF Data Exchange System - Terrestrial (VDES - Ter), GSM, Wi-Fi, WiMAX, etc. Application of fourth and fifth generation mobile networks in maritime communications. Satellite communication systems: VSAT - C, Ku and Ka frequency bands, Inmarsat, Iridium, Thuraya, Orb COMM, VHF Data Exchange System - Satellite (VDES - Sat), etc. New communication systems and innovations in terrestrial and satellite maritime communications.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obligat	ions	
Class attendance, independent research and academic writing and presentation of seminar paper.		







Course	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar	paper	3	Experiment	
attendance Written exam		Oral exam	Essay			Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report			Practical work	2.0
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessr	nent and	evaluation of student's wor	k during classe.	s and on fir	nal exar	n	
Evaluation of lea	rning ou	tcomes is performed during	g the presental	ion of con	ducted	research in th	ne form of
eminar paper.	_						
1.10.	Assigned	reading (at the time of the	submission of s	tudy progr	amme į	proposal)	
		ectivity, DNV GL Strategic Rese				DNV GL AS, No	rway, onlir
		es/DNV%20GL%20-%20Ship%					
		ohmeier, M.; Lenders, V. and tions, in 2020 IEEE Symposiur					
		www.computer.org/csdl/proce					03, 2020 p
		RITIME VSAT: Connectivity					per, onlir
		/content/dam/inmarsat/corpor					
ed WhitePaper.							· · · · ·
] Gradiant (2019	9) The dig	italisation of maritime commu	inications, Study	of the evo	ution of	f maritime com	municatio
	o e-Na	avigation, 1st edition,	Gradiant 20	19, Vigo,	Pont	evedra, Spa	in. onlir
							,
	<u>extelecon</u>	n.com/content/uploads/2020/					,
	extelecon						,
<u>df</u>			01/The digitalis	ation of ma	aritime	communication	,
<u>odf</u> 1.11.	Optional	n.com/content/uploads/2020/ / additional reading (at the	01/The digitalise	ing study p	aritime rogram	communication me)	s 1stEd E
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<u>df</u> 1.11. 1] Kolawole, M. aton, FL, US 2] Sun, Z. (2005) 5	<i>Optional</i> D. (2014) Satellite N	/ additional reading (at the Satellite Communication Engi	01/The digitalise time of propos neering, 2nd ed pcols, John Wile	ing study p ition, CRC F y & Sons Ltd	rogram Press, Ta , West S	communication me) aylor & Francis	s 1stEd E
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<u>df</u> 1.11. 1] Kolawole, M. aton, FL, US 2] Sun, Z. (2005) : 3] Maral, G. (2005) 1.12.	<i>Optional</i> D. (2014) Satellite N 3) VSAT Ne	A.com/content/uploads/2020/ / additional reading (at the Satellite Communication Enginet etworking: Principles and Protect etworks, 2nd edition, John Wild of assigned reading copies to e	01/The digitalise time of propos neering, 2nd ed ocols, John Wile ey & Sons Ltd, W	ing study p ition, CRC F y & Sons Ltd 'est Sussex, the number	rogram Press, Ta , West S UK r of stud	communication me) aylor & Francis Sussex, UK dents currently	Group, Bo
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quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

³⁷ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Irena Jurdana, PhD			
Course title Optical technologies in maritime industry				
Study programme Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective			
Year	Year I.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

The students will be familiarized with new developments in the application of optical technology in the maritime industry. The course presents selected topics in the field of optical communication and optical sensor networks. The course is focused on training students for independent analysis, design, modelling and constructing data transmission systems, measurement systems and submarine communications networks based on fibre optic technology. This course builds on previously acquired basic knowledge of fibre optic communications, principles of propagation of light, optical passive and active components and measuring methods and devices used in optical communication and sensor networks.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

Describe and understand the elements, structures, operation of optical communication and sensor systems in maritime industry. Interpret and give examples of new trends in technology as well as follow the developments in optical technology. Using computer programs to create models of fibre optic systems, analyse the results and evaluate the contribution of such models in real systems. Compare and distinguish different types of system models with respect to their use in real information systems.

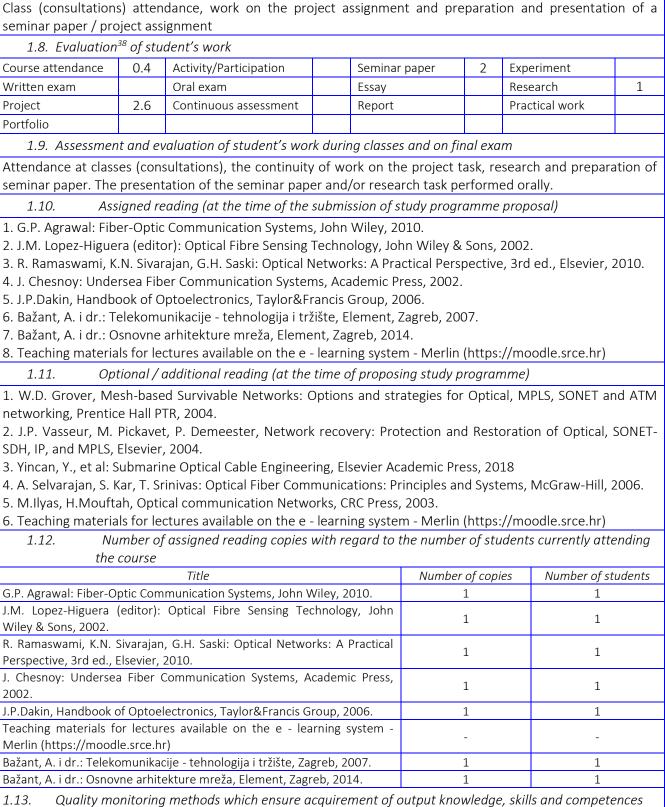
1.4. Course content

Communication networks in the ship's systems by using optical technology: the application of a mathematical model, reliability. Optical sensor systems for measuring electrical and non-electrical values: components, measurement methods and devices. Electronic navigation devices based on fiber optic technology. Wireless fiber optic systems (Free Space Optics). Transmission of radio-signal over optical fibre (Radio-over-Fiber). Submarine optical networks: construction, safety and protection, the impact on the marine environment, technical and legal aspects.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obligatio	ns	







³⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.











General information				
Course coordinator	Marko Valčić, PhD			
Course title	Guidance and control of vessels			
Study programme Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective			
Year I.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

Acquiring knowledge and skills required for mathematical modelling and simulations in the field of guidance, navigation and motion control of waterborne crafts.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1 Formulate a mathematical model of the kinematics and dynamics of a vessel with environmental loads.
- 2 Propose mathematical models for autopilots and dynamic positioning.
- 3 Create different vessel observers and analyse their quality.
- 4 Model vessel actuators, implement optimal thrust allocation with realistic constraints, and estimate thrust reduction.
- 5 Model and simulate systems for trajectory tracking and path following.
- 6 Critically evaluate and compare different strategies for the guidance and control of vessels.
- 7 Argue an opinion related to modern concepts of autonomous navigation and establish guidelines for future research.

1.4. Course content

Reference frames and kinematics of vessels. Vessel dynamics. Manoeuvring theory and standard manoeuvring tests. Models for ships, offshore structures and underwater vessels: autopilot models for heading and tracking control, dynamic positioning models, manoeuvring models. Environmental load models: wind, waves and ocean currents. Motion control: autopilots, dynamic positioning and position mooring systems, waypoint tracking and path-following control systems. Guidance systems: target and trajectory tracking, path following systems. Sensor and navigation systems: testing of signals and handling of redundant measurements, low-pass and notch filtering, state estimation, discrete-time Kalman filter, extended Kalman filter, intelligent identification and estimation, sensor fusion. Motion control systems: PID control, linear quadratic optimal control (LQR), model predictive control (MPC), nonlinear control. Propulsion systems: power systems, power and energy management, propulsion control, propellers and thrusters, control problem formulation, optimal thrust allocation, thrust loss effects. Adaptive and intelligent control of vessels. Weather optimal positioning and optimal weather route planning. Decision support systems for guidance and navigation of vessels. Autonomous vessels, subsystems and control: autonomous navigation and risk assessment. Intelligent collision avoidance for autonomous vessels.







1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	igee individual assigment
	ig > seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	🗌 laboratories
	Iong distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other
1.6. Comments	-	

1.7. Student's obligations

Course attendance (consultations), completing the project assignment, preparation and presentation of the seminar paper. The preparation of a project assignment and the presentation of a seminar paper may be substituted with the preparation and publication of a scientific paper in an appropriate journal or the preparation and presentation of a paper at an appropriate scientific conference.

1.8. Evaluation ³⁹ of student's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	1
Project	2.6	Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							
1.0.1							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The process of evaluating the acquired learning outcomes takes place as follows:

• 70 % of the acquired learning outcomes are evaluated (1-6) through mentorship and monitoring of student's activities related to independent student's work on the assigned project task, research, and preparation of final report (seminar or research paper) during course duration, where the student must realize a minimum of 50 % points.

- At the final part of the exam, 30 % of the acquired learning outcomes are evaluated (1-6), whereby the student must realize a minimum of 50 % of points to pass the final exam.
 Note: Publication of a scientific paper in an appropriate scientific journal or presentation of a paper at an appropriate scientific conference is equivalent to the final part of the exam.
- Final ECTS grade is defined on the basis of the achieved total % of knowledge, skills and competencies and numerical grade after the final / remedial exam is as follows:
 - grade excellent (5) corresponds to grade A in the ECTS scale and a success rate of 90 to 100 %,
 - a grade of very good (4) corresponds to a grade of B on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 75 to 89.9 %,
 - grade good (3) corresponds to grade C on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 60 to 74.9 %,
 - a grade of *sufficient* (2) corresponds to a grade of D on the ECTS scale and a success rate of 50 to 59.9 %,

- the grade *insufficient* (1) corresponds to grade F in the ECTS scale and the success rate from 0 to 49.9 %. *Examples of evaluating learning outcomes in relation to set learning outcomes are:*

• Published research paper of PhD student (main author) in an appropriate scientific journal.

• Prepared and accepted project assignment in the field of guidance, navigation and control of vessels. Based on the project task, a seminar paper is also prepared and presented. The practical part of the project assignment, i.e. the seminar paper, can be developed using programming environments/ languages like MATLAB & Simulink or Python.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

Valčić, M., Tomas, V. (2020). *Guidance and control of vessels*. Lecture Notes, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.

Fossen, T.I. (2011). Handbook of Marine Craft Hydrodynamics and Motion Control. John Wiley & Sons Ltd,

³⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





Chichester, UK.

Sørensen, A.J. (2018). *Marine Cybernetics: Towards Autonomous Marine Operations and Systems*. UK-2018-76, Department of Marine Technology, the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU), Trondheim, Norway. Available online: <u>http://folk.ntnu.no/assor/Public/2018-08-20 marcyb.pdf</u>

Valčić, M. (2020). *Optimization of thruster allocation for dynamically positioned marine vessels*. PhD Thesis, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Engineering, Rijeka, Croatia. Available online:

https://www.bib.irb.hr/1053538/download/1053538.Valcic_PhD_Thesis_Final_022020.pdf

Valčić, M. (2015). Intelligent estimation in dynamic positioning systems of marine vessels. PhD Thesis, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies, Rijeka, Croatia. (In Croatian). Available online: <u>https://repository.pfri.uniri.hr/</u>

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Fossen, T.I. (2021). *Handbook of Marine Craft Hydrodynamics and Motion Control*. 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, Wiley-Blackwell, Chichester, UK.

Carlton, J. (2019). *Marine Propellers and Propulsion*. 4th Ed., Elsevier Ltd., Oxford, UK.

Wright, R.G. (2020). Unmanned and Autonomous Ships: An Overview of MASS. Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, LLC, New York, NY, USA.

Dhanak, M.R., Xiros, N.I., Eds. (2016). *Springer Handbook of Ocean Engineering*. Springer, Heidelberg, Germany. Perez, T. (2005). *Ship Motion Control: Course Keeping and Roll Stabilisation Using Rudder and Fins*. Springer-Verlag London Limited, Leipzig, Germany.

Triantafyllou, M.S., Hover, F.S. (2003). *Maneuvering and Control of Marine Vehicles*. Lecture notes, Department of Ocean Engineering, MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA. Available online:

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mechanical-engineering/2-154-maneuvering-and-control-of-surface-andunderwater-vehicles-13-49-fall-2004/lecture-notes/1349_notes.pdf

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

life course		
Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Valčić, M., Tomas, V. (2020). <i>Guidance and control of vessels</i> . Lecture Notes, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Rijeka, Rijeka, Croatia.	Available to enrolled students (pdf)	1-3
Fossen, T.I. (2011). Handbook of Marine Craft Hydrodynamics and Motion Control. John Wiley & Sons Ltd, Chichester, UK.	2	1-3
Sørensen, A.J. (2018). <i>Marine Cybernetics: Towards Autonomous Marine Operations and Systems</i> . UK-2018-76, Department of Marine Technology, the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU), Trondheim, Norway. Available online: http://folk.ntnu.no/assor/Public/2018-08-20 marcyb.pdf	Available online	1-3
Valčić, M. (2020). Optimization of thruster allocation for dynamically positioned marine vessels. PhD Thesis, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Engineering, Rijeka, Croatia. Available online: <u>https://www.bib.irb.hr/1053538</u>	Available online	1-3
Valčić, M. (2015). Intelligent estimation in dynamic positioning systems of marine vessels. PhD Thesis, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies, Rijeka, Croatia. (In Croatian). Available online: <u>https://repository.pfri.uniri.hr/</u>	Available online	1-3

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







MARITIME LOGISTICS AND MANAGEMENT









General information				
Course coordinator	Borna Debelić, PhD	Borna Debelić, PhD		
Course title	Maritime domain allocation and coastal zone management			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective	Elective		
Year	Ι.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The main objective is to familiarize students with actual scientific knowledge about the characteristics of coastal zone management and the issues of the allocation of the maritime domain in the context of recent research and with the connection to the practice. To provide an overview of current issues that arise in the practice of integrated coastal zone management and maritime domain management with the elaboration of selected case studies, in terms of theoretical concepts that modern science offers as a potential for overcoming the detected problems.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that students after passing the exam for the course Maritime Domain Allocation and Coastal Zone Management can:

- Correctly interpret theoretical framework and the characteristics of allocation issues and the actions of the institutions;
- Describe different features and scope of economic governance and interpret the resource allocation problems and the underlying mechanisms;
- Describe and interpret the application of game theory to the allocative processes;
- Correctly interpret categories of goods and allocative specificities, as well as the issue of collective action and economic governance;
- Perform and analyse different possibilities of application of the theory of public and social choice on explanations of allocative function;
- Interpret fundamental economic determinants of maritime domain and interpret collective action characteristics of the maritime domain allocation problems;
- Correctly interpret maritime domain allocation mechanisms and the role of institutions in the allocation of the maritime domain;
- Describe economic significance of the maritime domain allocation and coastal zone management, and apply techniques of assessing and evaluating empirical conditions;
- Conduct and interpret research tasks in the field of coastal zone management.

1.4. Course content

The theoretical framework and the characteristics of allocation issues and the actions of the institutions. The theory of institutions in terms of allocative function. Features and scope of economic governance. The



allocation of resources and the underlying mechanisms. The application of game theory to the allocative processes. Possibilities of application of the theory of public and social choice on explanations of allocative function. Categories of goods and allocative specificities. The issue of collective action and economic governance. The fundamental economic determinants of maritime domain. Collective action characteristic of the allocative problems of the maritime domain. Allocation mechanisms of the maritime domain. The role of institutions in the allocation of the maritime domain. The economic significance of the allocation of the maritime domain and coastal zone management. Important international experiences in the field of coastal zone management and maritime domain management. Options for improving the allocation of the maritime domain and coastal zone management.

1.5. Teaching methods	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
	🔀 seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	🔀 laboratories
	Iong distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other

1.6. Comments

- 1.7. Student's obligations
- 1. Actively participate in class;
- 2. Development of project assignment;

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FACULTY OF MARITIME STUDIES

- 3. Implementation of evaluation research for the project task;
- 4. Preparing paper that presenting the research results of the project assignment;
- 5. Passing the written and oral final exam.

1.8. Evaluation⁴⁰ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	1
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	1.6
Project	1	Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The work of students in the course will be evaluated and assessed during classes. The total number of points a student can achieve is 100 (assessed activities are indicated in the table).

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Debelić, B.: Maritime Common Good and Coastal Zone Management, Pomorstvo: Scientific Journal of Maritime Research, 32 (1), 2018, p. 151-161.
- 2. Debelić, B.: Rationalisation of maritime domain allocation mechanism of Republic of Croatia : doctoral thesis, Rijeka, 2013.
- 3. Ostrom, E.: Upravljanje zajedničkim dobrima: Evolucija institucija za kolektivno djelovanje, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2006.
- 4. Vojković, G.: Pomorsko dobro i koncesije. Hrvatski hidrografski institut, Split, 2003.
- 5. Bolanča, D. et al.: Pomorsko dobro, Inženjerski biro, Zagreb, 2005.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

1. Mance, D., Vilke, S., Debelić, B.: Sustainable Governance of Coastal Areas and Tourism Impact on Waste Production: Panel Analysis of Croatian Municipalities, Sustainability, 12 (18), 2020., p. 7243.

⁴⁰ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- 2. Debelić, B.: Agency Theory and a Concession Relation in Ports Open to Public Traffic in the Function of Empowerment of Entrepreneurial Initiatives, Pomorstvo: Scientific Journal of Maritime Research, 27 (1), 2013., p. 225-246.
- 3. Ostrom, E.: Beyond Markets and States: Polycentric Governance of Complex Economic Systems. American Economic Review, 100 (3), 2010., p. 641–672.
- Petak, Z.: Politička ekonomija kolektivnog odlučivanja: doprinos Buchanana i Tullocka. Politička misao, 36 (3), 1999., p. 71–88.
- 5. Williamson, O. E.: The Economics of Governance. American Economic Review, 95 (2), 2005., p. 1–18.
 - 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students	
Debelić, B.: Racionalizacija mehanizma alokacije pomorskog dobra Republike Hrvatske: doktorska disertacija, Rijeka, 2013.	5	1-10	
Ostrom, E.: Upravljanje zajedničkim dobrima: Evolucija institucija za 5 1-10 kolektivno djelovanje, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2006.			
Vojković, G.: Pomorsko dobro i koncesije. Hrvatski hidrografski institut., Split, 2003.	5	1-10	
Bolanča, D. et al.: Pomorsko dobro, Inženjerski biro, Zagreb, 2005.	5	1-10	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information				
Course coordinator	Pietro Evangelista, PhD			
Course title	Green and sustainable freight transport and logistics			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

In today's competitive environment, the expansion of supply chain, growing environmental regulatory pressures and increasing customers' requirements, led to consider green logistics one of the most critical business leverage for companies to achieve the competitive advantage in the new competitive environment. The course aims to provide students with the capabilities to master advanced managerial issues related to green logistics operations. Understanding the environmental impact of freight transport and logistics systems, identifying practices and actions that can be undertaken by companies (with specific reference to logistics service providers - LSP) to embrace more sustainable strategies and design greener logistics networks, becoming aware of the tools and methods for sustainability measure, analysing the company's green logistics performance using a set of relevant KPIs are the key topics of this course.

The course, will contribute to developing the following capabilities:

- **Understand** the key principles, practices and processes of green logistics management in business and industrial environment and the impact on company performance
- Identify trends, technologies and key methodologies to de-carbonize logistics and supply chain
- **Design** strategies for reducing the environmental impact of logistics and freight transport in order to solve problems and seizing opportunities in the business environment

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

- Basic knowledge of logistics and supply chain management
- Satisfactory knowledge of the English language
- 1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

By the end of the course, the students will achieve the following learning outcomes: critically understand the basic principles of logistics and supply chain management (SCM and related major evolving trends; to recognize different type of logistics service providers and to assess their development stage; to explore benefits and challenges in implementing the principles of green logistics; to analyze the environmental impact of freight transport and logistics; the role of environmental sustainability in the strategy of LSP; to define a decarbonization strategy for logistics.

- 1.4. Course content
- The content of the course will be focused on the following topics:
- evolving trends in logistics and SCM and the impact of COVID-19
- main changes affecting the logistics service industry
- key principles, objectives and decisions of green logistics
- the environmental impact of transport and logistics









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- evaluate the benefits and challenges of green logistics management in the logistics service industry							
-		onmental sustainability in th	he stra	ategy of logistics se	ervice p	roviders	
- identify a de-carl - define a green lo		on strategy for logistics					
- define a green io	igistics a	lectures			individu	ual assignment	
		seminars and worksho	ns			edia and network	
1.5. Teaching		exercises	,b2			aboratories	
methods		long distance educatio	on		mento		
		🔀 fieldwork			other _		
1.6. Commer	nts						
1.7. Student's	obligat	tions					
The students need assignements	d to follo	ow the course, take part in g	group	works and exercise	es and t	o carry out the	
1.8. Evaluatio	on ⁴¹ of s	tudent's work					
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experimental work	
Written exam	1.6	Oral exam		Essay	2	Research	
Project		Sustained knowledge check	1	Report	1	Practice	
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	k durii	ng classes and on f	inal exa	m	
Written exam							
1.10. As	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of study prog	ramme	proposal)	
- Edward Sweene	y, Dona	ld Waters (2021) Global Lo	gistics	: New Directions i	n Suppl	ly Chain Managem	ent, 8th
edition, Kogan Pag	-						
		el Browne, Maja Piecyk, A			6) Gree	n Logistics: Improv	ving the
		lity of Logistics, 3rd edition, Decarbonizing Logistics. Dist	-	-	Carbon	World 1st adition	n Kogan
Page, UK.	2016) L	Decal Doffizing Logistics. Dist	IIDUU	ng Goous in a low	Calbul	i wond, 1st edition	i. Kugali
	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	of proposing study	prograr	nme)	
- 2022 3PL logistic	s study						
- The impact of CC	VID19	on SC report					
- Decarbonization Freight 2022 report							
- 2006 DEFRA report							
		Evangelista P., (2023). Leve	eragina	g shippers-logistics	provid	ers relationships fo	or better
		the perspective of SMEs. Int					
	•	nvironmental sustainability			-	0	ustry: an
		, vestigation, Research in Trai					, ,
	-	C., Creazza A., (2017). Is ei			-		logistics
		l of Environmental Manager			,		J
•		0	,	,			

⁴¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- Evangelista P., Santoro L., Thomas A. (2018). Environmental Sustainability in Third-Party Logistics Service Providers: A Systematic Literature Review from 2000-2016. Sustainability, 10 (5), 1627.

- Huge-Brodin M., Sweeney E., Evangelista P. (2020). Environmental alignment between logistics service providers and shippers - a supply chain perspective, International Journal of Logistics Management, 31(3), pp. 575-605.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
- Edward Sweeney, Donald Waters (2021) Global Logistics: New Directions in Supply Chain Management, 8th edition, Kogan Page	1	1
- Alan McKinnon, Michael Browne, Maja Piecyk, Anthony Whiteing (2015) Green Logistics: Improving the Environmental Sustainability of Logistics, 3rd edition, Kogan Page	1	1
- Alan McKinnon (2018) Decarbonizing Logistics. Distributing Goods in a Low Carbon World, 1st edition. Kogan Page, UK	1	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, which are implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information				
Course coordinator	Alen Jugović, PhD			
Course title	Economics of infrastructure projects in port systems			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The study of the theory and practice of managing infrastructure projects in our country and the world with special emphasis on the infrastructure of port projects financed by international institutions (WB, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, EU funds, etc.), domestic institutions (from the budget, the Croatian National Bank and others) and private entities. At the same time, particular emphasis is placed on the impacts that such projects, but also the ports themselves, have.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- 1) Establish a link between the financing of port infrastructure and the functionality of the port system in given the limitations of technical resources and port infrastructure;
- 2) Highlight and describe the types and models of financing port infrastructure;
- 3) Measure the effectiveness of a particular model of financing;
- 4) Identify the importance of budgetary funds in the total revenues of port authorities to prove whether he is related to the effectiveness of operations of port authorities;
- 5) Compare the models of governance with elimination of shortcomings to achieve maximum social and economic benefit for each function of the port authority as a seaport manager.

1.4. Course content

- The importance of port infrastructure for the port, the city, the region and the entire economy;
- Planning the development of port infrastructure: short, medium and long-term plans;
- Preparation of infrastructure projects Market Analysis;
- Financing infrastructure: international, national and private sources of capital specificity / advantages and disadvantages (Identification of required capital. The determination of liabilities to sources of capital. Budgeting as an instrument of project management);
- Examples of financing port infrastructure projects in Croatia in the ports of international importance and in the ports of county and local importance;
- Economic impacts of port investments: micro and macro effects.
- The role of management in the implementation of port investment.

1.5. Teaching	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
methods	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network







		exercises long distance education			mentor	laboratories mentorship			
		🔀 fieldwork				other _			
1.6. Commer	nts								
1.7. Student's	1.7. Student's obligations								
Attending lectures	s and fie	eld work. Examination throu	ıgh act	ivities in c	lass ar	nd the fina	I oral	l exam.	
1.8. Evaluatio	on ⁴² of s	tudent's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar p	baper		Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay			Rese	earch	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Prac	tical work	
Portfolio		Article preparation	2						
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durii	ng classes	and o	n final exa	т		
The student is ev exam.	aluated	through classroom activit	ties, re	esearch an	nd dec	licated art	icle ((essay) and fir	nal oral
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of stu	udy pr	ogramme	prop	osal)	
 Jugović, Alen: Upravljanje morskom lukom, Rijeka: Faculty of Maritime Studies; 2012. Wayne-K-Talley: Port Economics, Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group, London & New York, 2009. Theo Notteboom, Athanasios Pallis and Jean-Paul Rodrigue (2021) Port Economics, Management and Policy, New York: Routledge. 									
1.11. O	ptional	/ additional reading (at the	time c	of proposin	ng stud	ly progran	nme)		
 Coto-Millán, Pablo, Pesquera, Miguel Angel, Castanedo, Juan: Essays on Port Economics, 2010, XVIII. Stampford, M: Maritime Economics – third edition, Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group, London & New York, 2009. 									
	lumber e course	of assigned reading copies	with re	egard to th	ne num	iber of stu	dents	s currently atte	ending
		Title			Num	ber of copi	es	Number of st	udents
Jugović, Alen: Upra Studies, 2012.	vljanje r	norskom lukom, Rijeka, Facu	lty of N	Maritime		50		20	
Stampford, M: Maritime Economics – third edition, Routledge, Taylor520and Francis Group, London & New York, 2009.520									
1.13. Quality n	1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences								
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.									

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⁴² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Ana Perić Hadžić, PhD	Ana Perić Hadžić, PhD			
Course title	Economics of public private partnerships				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	۱.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

The main goal of the course to acquaint PhD students with the latest knowledge and insights regarding the features of public-private partnerships as a model of financing the public sector which emerged as a new and specific way of economic development in the world. The partnership includes agreements between the government, private sector, non-governmental organizations and other actors of civil society and with him regarding the application of the institution of good governance that contain recognizable (transparent) processes in terms of sustainable development.

In addition to the primary objective, the other objectives of the course are to enable PhD students to understand and reflection on:

- economic-development solving of those problems in society that the public sector alone cannot (no financial possibilities), the private sector has no interest to self-invest (lack of return on invested funds), respecting the interests of the civil sector;
- theoretical-political links, motives and objectives, risks, and interest in connecting partners in publicprivate partnerships;
- modern trends in port sector development through the model of public-private partnerships such as concessions, greenfield investments and contracts on the operational project management;
- concrete examples emerged from recent research enable PhD students to draw conclusions on the advantages and disadvantages of the application of public private partnership in the world and especially in the Republic of Croatia.
- 1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Interpret new knowledge through research and demonstrate a systematic understanding of areas of the course, and apply research skills and methods related to research area of models connecting the public and private sectors.
- 2. Demonstrate the ability to understand, design, implement and customize serious research process, thus gaining knowledge about the specific consideration of economic development based on partnership of the public and private sector, which the student confirms by publishing their results in renowned publications.
- 3. Critically analyze, evaluate, assess and synthesize the existing and new ideas on ways of linking the





public and private sectors.

- 4. Discuss about their area of expertise with peers, the scientific community and the wider community.
- 5. In academic and professional contexts promote technological, social and cultural progress in the society of knowledge through the proposals of public-private partnerships beneficial to the whole society.
- 1.4. Course content

Important characteristics of the public and private sector partnership. Theoretical, economic and political links between PPPs. Areas of classic application of public-private partnership models. Advantages and disadvantages of financing through public private partnerships. Economic motives and participants in connecting public and private sectors. Models and forms of cooperation between public and private sector. The risks of linking public and private sectors. The role of the European Union and other international organizations in projects of public-private partnerships. Analysis and evaluation of the development of public-private partnerships in the world's seaports. World practice in the application of the public-private partnership in the system of sea ports of the Republic of Croatian. The legal framework applying public-private partnership in the port system of the Republic Croatian. Port of Rijeka - example of (un)successful projects. Multicriteria decision making to help in decision-making on public private partnerships.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other simulators
1.6. Comments	It is expected that students who enrol in this o sector management.	course are experts in the area of por

1.7. Student's obligations

Student's obligations, in addition to attendance, seminars and workshops are based on independent tasks; seminar paper or preparation of scientific paper for journal or conference related to research current topics in the field of public-private partnerships.

1.8. $Evaluation^{43}$ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay		Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio		Publication or presentation of research					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The learning outcomes are assessed and evaluated through the monitoring of students' work on the research, the obtained research results and the manner and quality of the publication or presentation of research.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

 Yescombe E.R.: Javno-privatno partnerstva, Načela politike i financiranje, MATE d.o.o., Zagreb, 2010.
 Perić Hadžić, A., Jugović, A., Perić, M.: Criteria for the management partnership model in Croatian seaports, Economic Research-Ekonomska Istraživanja Vol. 28 , Iss. 1,2015, 226-242, DOI: 10.1080/1331677X.2015.1041775, 2015 Impact Factor: 0.466,

⁴³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/1331677X.2015.1041775

- 3. Perić Hadžić, A.: Javno-privatno partnerstvo u hrvatskim morskim lukama, Pomorstvo: Scientific Journal of Maritime Research, Vol.26 No.1 Lipanj 2012., str. 113-137.
- 4. Nikšić, M, Perić Hadžić, A.: Uloga Europske investicijske banke u javno-privatno partnerstvo, grupa autora, Javno-privatno partnerstvo; turizam, europska i svjetska iskustva, FINTRADE & TOURS d.o.o., Rijeka, 2007.
- 5. Čišić, D., Perić, A.: Primjena modela javno-privatnog partnerstva na razvoj luka, Pomorstvo, Pomorski fakultet u Rijeci, 2005., prethodno priopćenje, p. 101-113.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Developing Best Practice for Promoting Private Sector Investment in Infrastructure, Ports, Asian Development Bank, 2000., www.adb.org
- 2. On Public Financing and Charging Practices in the Community Sea Port Sector, Commission staff Working document, Commission of the European Communities, Brussels, 2001.
- 3. Haarmeyer D., Yorke, P.: Port Privatization: An International Perspective, Policy study No. 156, April, 1993.
- 4. Green Paper on Public Private Partnership and Community Law on Public Contracts and Concessions, Commission of the European Communities, Brussels, 30.4.2004. COM (2004) 327 final
- 5. Juričić, D., Veljković, D.: Financiranje kapitalnih projekata lokalnog javnog sektora, Ekonomski fakultet Rijeka, Vitagraf d.o.o., Rijeka 2001.
- Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending 1.12. the course Title Number of copies *Number of students* Yescombe E.R.: Javno-privatno partnerstva, Načela politike i financiranje, Available online 1-10 MATE d.o.o., Zagreb, 2010. Perić Hadžić, A., Jugović, A., Perić, M.: Criteria for the management partnership model in Croatian seaports, Economic Research-Ekonomska Available online Istraživanja Vol. 1,2015, 226-242, DOI: 1-10 28, lss. 10.1080/1331677X.2015.1041775, 2015 0.466, Impact Factor: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/1331677X.2015.1041775 Perić Hadžić, A.: Javno-privatno partnerstvo u hrvatskim morskim lukama, Pomorstvo: Scientific Journal of Maritime Research, Vol.26 No.1 Available online 1-10 Lipanj 2012., str. 113-137. Nikšić, M, Perić Hadžić, A.: Uloga Europske investicijske banke u javno-Available online privatno partnerstvo, grupa autora, Javno-privatno partnerstvo; turizam, 1-10 europska i svjetska iskustva, FINTRADE & TOURS d.o.o., Rijeka, 2007. Čišić, D., Perić, A.: Primjena modela javno-privatnog partnerstva na Available online 1-10 razvoj luka, Pomorstvo, Pomorski fakultet u Rijeci, 2005., prethodno priopćenje, p. 101-113. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences 1.13.

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information					
Course coordinator	Saša Aksentijević, PhD	Saša Aksentijević, PhD			
Course title	Business continuity and resilience of port clusters				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	I				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The goal of the course is to transfer the latest knowledge related to corporate information security in port clusters, business continuity and disaster recovery with an emphasis on specific requirements related to logistics and resilience. Relations between port stakeholders' corporate ICT management, integral and ICT security will be studied along with legal requirements for information security and data privacy, with final goal being complete topic coverage and PhD students' awareness of acute issues in the field. One of goals is also provision of detailed answers to all students' questions related to integral and information security and raising awareness of all stakeholders on importance of evaluation of corporate ICT security in logistics within framework of economic outcomes, while maintaining the latest technological trends like security of cloud, hybrid and edge computing,IoT, blockchain and other disruptive technologies.

An emphasis will be placed on ensuring inherent security of every step in building and operating single window systems used to process cargo and administrative formalities, customs obligations, and especially interoperability, use of digital electronic signature and achieving desired service level agreements for terminal operator systems (TOS), port community systems (PCS) and national single windows (NSW).

PhD students will be provided with answers to the following questions:

- 1. At the level of logistic stakeholder: What are the main criteria for decision-making about investments in the area of information security and business continuity?
- 2. At the level of ICT management within logistic stakeholder: What are the most important challenges in the area of ICT security and specific challenges posed by introduction of new technologies?
- 3. At the level of execution and efficacy measurement of information security and business continuity: How to quantify and measure effectiveness of investments in logistic stakeholders' information security management systems and business continuity?
- 4. What are the information security and business security requirements of European Maritime Single Window Environment (EMSWe)?
- 5. What are the methodologies and technologies used to ensure resilience ability of the ports to bring together business continuity, information systems security and organizational resilience together,





despite cyber events, such as cyberattacks, natural disasters or economic slumps.

The newly acquired knowledge and competences the PhD students will gain are aimed towards closing the gap between theoretical and practical models of ICT security management deployed in ICT systems of port stakeholders, and between operative and strategic overview of that function. In dynamic exchange of theoretical and practical examples, the PhD students will receive complete overview of all information security and business continuity domains with emphasis on strategic orientation of corporate management ("top down") whose orientation is predominantly dictated by market forces, and not only technical context. Therefore, the course will examine the unique cybersecurity challenges faced by ports and the strategies and techniques used to mitigate these risks and ensure the resilience of port operations. The course will cover topics such as cyber threats to port infrastructure and logistics, risk management and incident response, and the role of international regulations and standards.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

According the Regulations.

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

The course methodology will use the following certification and best practice systems, with the following learning outcomes:

- 1. ISACA Control Objectives for Information and Related Technology (COBIT) framework will be used to explain control measures used to address business ICT risks and manage technical issues in ICT management, with final outcome being that PhD students will be able to evaluate the impact of this framework on ICT management and security of the logistics,
- 2. ISO 27001:2022 standard will be used to explain requirements of setting up an effective ISMS (Information Security Management System), with outcome being that PhD students will study impact of the formal risk assessment and security management system set up on confidentiality, integrity and availability of information maintained by the logistic stakeholders,
- 3. ITIL 4 Edition model will be used for best practices in ICT information security service delivery, with the outcome being that PhD students will be able to predict changes in ICT service delivery system as a consequence of Information Security Management System Introduction in logistics, and
- 4. The best practice of risk assessment and treatment in logistics will be evaluated and outlined, using the latest risk management methods, based on quantitative principles, with final goal being that PhD students acquire new competences in risk evaluation and deployment of organizational and technical mitigation measures, depending on the level of the calculated risk.

Expected learning outcomes are the following:

- a. Understand the specific cybersecurity risks facing port operations and logistics
- b. Learn about the most common types of cyber-attacks and threats facing ports
- c. Understand the key principles of risk management and incident response in the context of ports
- d. Understand the role of international regulations and standards in port cybersecurity
- e. Learn about the current state of port cybersecurity and resilience practices and research

1.4. Course content

INFORMATION SECURITY MANAGEMENT IN PORT OPERATIONS - MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW



- Integral corporate security management
- Information security position within port stakeholders
- Information capital and knowledge management

FINANCIAL ASPECT OF INFORMATION SECURITY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY

- Characteristics of investments in information security
- Description or running costs of information security
- Modern trends: outsourcing, cloud computing, everything as a service
- Usage of quantitative methods in decision making in information security investing

MANAGEMENT OF CYBERSECURITY IN PORT OPERATIONS

- Basic glossary of cybersecurity
- Information security management in port stakeholders
- Information security technologies
- Information security and privacy legal requirements
- Organization of information security in port stakeholders
- Basic information security measures
- Investments and running costs of information security
- Portfolio approach in information security
- Intellectual capital security

INTEGRATION OF INFORMATION SECURITY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY IN PORT OPERATIONS

- Relations between corporate and information security
- Disaster recovery planning
- Creation and execution of business continuity plans
- Ensuring port cluster resilience

INFORMATION SECURITY IN BUILDING AND OPERATING SINGLE WINDOWS

- Use of electronic digital signature
- Single Sign On (SSO)
- Interoperability and single window information security
- Challenges in ensuring business continuity and disaster recovery of single window systems

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments	not applicable	
1.7. Student's obligat	ions	
Research under mentorsh	ip and publication of research results.	
1.8. Evaluation ⁴⁴ of st	tudent's work	

⁴⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	Research	4.6
Project	1	Continuous assessment	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					
Portfolio					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Assessment and evaluation of student's work is conducted through the research of specific topic.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Elaborat o jedinstvenom sučelju za formalnosti u pomorskom prometu i Kataloga isprava, dokumenata i podataka, Ministarstvo mora, prometa i infrastrukture
- 2. Regulation (EU) 2019/1239 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 establishing a European Maritime Single Window environment and repealing Directive 2010/65/EU, Official Journal of the European Union, L 198/64, 25.7.2019
- 3. Tehnička specifikacija PCS ICT sustava Tehnička specifikacija zahtjeva informacijske sigurnosti, sukladnosti i intelektualnog vlasništva, naručitelj Lučka uprava Rijeka
- 4. The journal of maritime studies, year 22, number 2/2008, pages 245-258, "Influence of ISO 27001:2005 on Port of Rijeka security"
- 5. Walker, J, "Maritime Cyber Risk Management"
- 6. U.S. Department of Homeland Security, "Port Cybersecurity: A Guide for Facility Security Officers"
- 7. Perez, Michael J., "Cybersecurity for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS"
- 8. Korhonen, Janne J., "Cybersecurity and the Maritime Transport Industry" by Janne J. Korhonen
- 9. Chaudry, V.P., "Maritime Cyber Safety and Security" by Captain Ved Prakash Chaudhry

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Aksentijević, S., Tijan, E., Hlača, B., "Importance of organizational information security in port community systems", MIPRO 2009, 25-29 svibanj 2009, 32-gi međunarodni skup, sekcija ISS (Information Systems Security),
- Aksentijević, S., Tijan, E., Hlača, "Investment Analysis of Information Security Management in Croatian Seaports", MIPRO 2012., 21-25. svibanj 2012., 35-ti međunarodni skup, sekcija DE – Digitalna ekonomija
- 3. Aksentijević, S., Tijan, E., Nikolozo K., Perić-Hadžić A., "TOE framework in risk management during implementation of the Croatian national Port Community System", Scientific Journal of Maritime Research 36 (2022), pages 175-186
- Čapko, Z., Aksentijević, S., Tijan, "<u>Economic and financial analysis of investments in information</u> <u>security</u>", E., MIPRO 2014., 26-30. svibanj 2014., 37-mi međunarodni skup, sekcija DE – Digitalna ekonomija
- 5. Maritime Mutual Risk Bulletin No. 29, "CYBER RISK MANAGEMENT: IMO GUIDELINES AND SMS INCORPORATION"
- 6. Tijan, E., Kos, S., Ogrizović, D.: Disaster recovery and business continuity in port community systems, Pomorstvo Journal of Maritime Studies, 23 (2009) , 1; 243-260
- 7. Tijan, E.: Data Classification and Information Lifecycle Management in Port Community Systems, Pomorstvo Journal of Maritime Studies, 2/2009 (2009) ; 557-568.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Elaborat o jedinstvenom sučelju za formalnosti u pomorskom prometu i Kataloga isprava, dokumenata i podataka, Ministarstvo mora, prometa i	Available online	1-10







infrastrukture		
Regulation (EU) 2019/1239 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 establishing a European Maritime Single Window environment and repealing Directive 2010/65/EU, Official Journal of the European Union, L 198/64, 25.7.2019	Available online	1-10
Tehnička specifikacija PCS ICT sustava – Tehnička specifikacija zahtjeva informacijske sigurnosti, sukladnosti i intelektualnog vlasništva, naručitelj Lučka uprava Rijeka	Available online	1-10
The journal of maritime studies, year 22, number 2/2008, pages 245- 258, "Influence of ISO 27001:2005 on Port of Rijeka security"	Available online	1-10
Walker, J., "Maritime Cyber Risk Management: A Practical Guide for Shipowners. Routledge", 2017.	Available online	1-10
U.S. Department of Homeland Security , "Port Cybersecurity: A Guide for Facility Security Officers", 2017.	Available online	1-10
Perez, Michael J., "Cybersecurity for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS", CRC Press, 2016	Available online	1-10
Korhonen, Janne J., "Cybersecurity and the Maritime Transport Industry", Routledge, 2020.	Available online	1-10
Chaudry, V.P., "Maritime Cyber Safety and Security", Springer International Publishing, 2017	Available online	1-10

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







	General information		
Course coordinator	Marina Zanne, PhD		
	Elen Twrdy, PhD		
Course title	Sustainable development of ports		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies		
Course status	Elective		
Year	١.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12		

1.1. Course objectives

The knowledge and skills necessary to understand and develop port strategic plans based on familiarity with state-of-the-art equipment and approaches to seaport operations, and the ability to think critically about various aspects of port development under conditions of limited resources and an unstable market.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students will learn about the complex planning system in seaports and what is needed to achieve competitiveness while being valuable to the economies in gravity zone and being accepted by the local community.

Students will learn about all the important elements and aspects that must be considered when planning seaport development. They will learn the methods of port traffic forecasting and the process of development of a port development strategy. They will get knowledge on the state-of-the-art port technologies, the conditions for their use and the evaluation of their positive impacts on port performance. The external costs of port operations when using different technologies will be assessed, and the mitigation measure impacts will be evaluated.

1.4. Course content

- Elements of the port system
- Strategic planning in ports
- Sustainable technologies and innovations in ports
- Port performance assessment methods and methods for forecasting port traffic
- Smart ports and their benefits
- Principles of environmental protection in port development, port operations and green port strategies
- Methods for estimating the external costs associated with port operations
- (Individually agreed topics on the functioning and operation of ports, depending on the needs of the PhD students)

1.5.	Teaching
	methods

lectures
 seminars and workshops
 exercises
 long distance education

➢ individual assignment
☐ multimedia and network
☐ laboratories
☐ mentorship







	🗌 fieldwork			other				
1.6. Comments	/	/						
1.7. Student's obliga	itions							
Preparation and present	ation of project work. Know	ledge a	assessment t	nrough the f	inal or	al exam.		
1.8. Evaluation ⁴⁵ of s	1.8. Evaluation ⁴⁵ of student's work							
Course 0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar pap	er 1.6	Expe	eriment		
Written exam	Oral exam	2	Essay		Rese	earch	1.5	
Project	Continuous assessment		Report		Prac	tical work	0.5	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessment and	l evaluation of student's wor	rk durii	ng classes an	d on final ex	am		•	
The student will be eva	luated by research as the l	basis f	or preparatio	on of a proj	ect pa	per, preparat	ion and	
presentation of a project	paper (or paper for a confe	rence/	/journal), and	a final oral	examiı	nation.		
1.10. Assigned	I reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of study	, programm	e prop	osal)		
Burns, M. G. (2015). Port m	anagement and operations. Bo	oca Rate	on: CRC Press	(Taylor & Fran	ncis Gro	oup)		
	odrigue JP. (2021). Port Econo	omics, N	√anagement a	nd Policy. Ne	w York	: Routledge.		
(https://porteconomicsmar								
OECD (2014). The competit	iveness of global port-cities. O	ECD Pu	blishing. http:,	//dx.doi.org/1	0.1787	/97892642052	277-en	
	l / additional reading (at the							
	19). Reviewing tools and techno	-					sion	
	ation Research Part D Transpor				-		C . I	
	ressing Efficiency and Sustainal							
<i>13(21):12146</i> . DOI:10.3390	gical Insight to Measure Innova	tion re	CITIOIOgies De		t Opera		Jointy	
	vantage of a green and smart p	ort of t	he future. WD	- Transactions	s on Th	Provide Provision Provision Provision Provide Provide Provide Provide Provision Provide Provide Provision Provide Provision Provide Provision Provide Provision Provision Provide Provision Provide Provision Provisi Provisi Provisi Pro	nent.	
<i>Vol 204.</i> doi:10.2495/UT21								
	D.; Jugović, A. (2022). An over	view of	innovations a	nd technology	y for su	stainable deve	lopment	
	ernational Conference on Marit	time Tro	ansport.					
WPSP (2021). World ports s								
	uilding a smart and sustainable			-				
1.12. Number the cours	r of assigned reading copies se	with re	egard to the i	number of st	udents	s currently att	ending	
	Title		٨	lumber of cop	oies	Number of s	tudents	
Burns, M. G. (2015). Port m	anagement and operations			pdf		1-10		
Notteboom, T.; Pallis, A.; Ro Management and Policy	odrigue JP. (2022). Port Econc	omics,		Available onli	ne	1-10		
OECD (2014). The competit	iveness of global port-cities			pdf		1-10		
	ing methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of outp	ut knowledg	e, skill	s and compet	ences	
Quality assurance is mc	nitored in accordance with	n the I	ISO 9001 sys	tem and th	e Euro	opean standa	rds and	
			-			-		
	guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.							
<u> </u>						21		

⁴⁵ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Edvard Tijan, PhD			
Course title	Information management in seaport clusters			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	I.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

• Identify all relevant theoretical and practical features of seaports, seaport clusters and electronic business.

• Analyze the commercial and administrative processes taking place in the seaport clusters.

• Prove that the application of integral information systems for electronic business/electronic data exchange and messaging can rationalize the business of stakeholders involved in port operations as well as seaports as a whole.

• Review existing approaches to electronic business in seaports and propose a more appropriate solution – an integral model of electronic business / electronic data and messages exchange that maximizes the rationalization of business in seaport clusters.

PhD students will be offered answers to several questions on different levels:

- at a strategic level: How to improve the competitiveness of the seaport?
- at operational level: How to ensure harmonized port operations and high-quality port services?

• at a tactical level: How to optimize and efficiently use resources in the seaport cluster?

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

Identify the stakeholders who work in the seaport clusters based on their roles and divide them into groups. Graphically display business processes, subprocesses, and activities.

Investigate the mutual influence of the aforementioned stakeholders and evaluate their role.

Justify the rationality of the introduction of integral information systems in port operations.

Design, create and recommend the introduction of transformed business processes (reengineering). Predict the bottlenecks that may occur during reengineering.

Suggest improvements in information and business systems of stakeholders in seaport clusters.

Improve information visibility and accuracy of information in seaport clusters.

1.4. Course content

- Flows of information in seaport clusters.
- Electronic business and electronic exchange of data and messages in seaport clusters.
- Main commercial and administrative processes taking place in seaport clusters.
- Data in administrative documents and forms exchanged in seaport clusters.
- Transformation of business processes in seaport clusters using electronic business.

• Rationalization and optimization of business through increased synergies among the stakeholders in the seaport cluster.

• The justification for introducing integrated systems for electronic data exchange and messages in seaport









clusters.								
1.5. Teaching methods		 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 			 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 			
1.6. Comments	5			·				
1.7. Student's c	bligat	ions						
Research work, forn	nulatio	on of research results						
1.8. Evaluation	⁴⁶ of st	udent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar	- paper	-	Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay			Rese	earch	4.6
Project	1	Continuous assessment	Report			Prac	ctical work	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessmen	t and e	evaluation of student's work	during classes	s and	on f	inal exam		
Assessment and eva	luatio	n of student's work is condu	cted through	the re	esea	rch of specifi	c topic.	
1.10. Ass	igned	reading (at the time of the su	ıbmission of s	tudy p	orog	ramme prop	osal)	
 Transportation. Vol 24, No 4 (2012); 305-315 Tijan, E., Agatić, A., Hlača, B.: Evolucija informacijsko-komunikacijskih tehnologija na kontejnerskim terminalima, Pomorstvo, 24/1 (2010) Agatić, A., Čišić, D., Tijan, E.: Information Management in Seaport Clusters, Pomorstvo-Journal of maritime studies, 25 (2011), 2; 371-386 Čišić, D.; Perić Hadžić, A.; Tijan, E.: The economic impact of e-Business in seaport systems, MIPRO: 32nd International Convention on information and communication technology, electronics and microelectronics, Proceeding; Vol. V., Opatija, 2009. 					udies, 25 ernational			
1.11. Opt	ional ,	⁷ additional reading (at the ti	me of propos	ing stu	udy	programme)		
 Tijan, E., Kos, S., Ogrizović, D.: Disaster recovery and business continuity in port community systems, Pomorstvo - Journal of Maritime Studies, 23 (2009), 1; 243-260 Tijan, E.: Data Classification and Information Lifecycle Management in Port Community Systems, Pomorstvo - Journal of Maritime Studies, 2/2009 (2009); 557-568. CrimsonLogic Pte Ltd.: Study of System requirements specification for Port Community System, Release No 3.0, June 2007, 55-64 Jolić, N: Luke i ITS, Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb, 2008. Perić Hadžić, A., Tijan, E., Jugović, A.: Regional Research-driven Marine Clusters. // Journal of China-USA Business Review. 10 (2011), 11; 1115-1125 								
1.12. Nu	mber o	of assigned reading copies w	ith regard to a	the nu	mb	er of students	s currently at	tending
the	course	Title		۸۱۰	mha	er of copies	Number of s	students
All titles list	ed unc	ler 1.10 are freely available onli	ine	110	e	., 0, 000103	Number Of S	, auciits
		g methods which ensure acc		output	t kno	owledge, skill	ls and compe	tences
Quality assurance i guidelines for quality	s mon ty assu	itored in accordance with irance, implemented at the ination data is conducted ar	the ISO 9001 Faculty of M	syste laritim	em ne S [.]	and the Euro tudies in Rije	opean standa eka. Yearly ar	ards and alysis of

⁴⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







Basic description					
Course coordinator	Livia Maglić, PhD Alen Jugović, PhD				
Course title	Process management of smart and sustainable ports of nautical tourism				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	hing Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

Acquire knowledge and conduct scientific research in the field of process management of smart and sustainable ports of nautical tourism through modelling, redesign and collection of process data with the aim of improving and advancing business process performance.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

Identify and differentiate the business processes of smart and sustainable nautical tourism ports Apply management concepts and principles

Propose the redesign of business processes in nautical tourism ports with the aim of optimising the process Evaluate the efficiency of processes in nautical tourism ports

Critically evaluate possible models of business process management

Create a business process management model using the specific

example of a nautical tourism port

1.4. Course content

Concepts, meaning, purpose and principles of business process management in nautical tourism ports. Strategy of business process management in nautical tourism ports. Business processes in smart and sustainable nautical tourism ports. Types and examples of business process management in smart and sustainable nautical tourism ports. Measuring and evaluating the success of business processes in smart and sustainable nautical tourism ports (measuring performance indicators). Modelling of business processes in smart and smart and sustainable nautical tourism ports.









Preparation of a seminar or a scientific paper on a given topic under the mentorship of the course leader.

Course	0,4	<i>tudent's work</i> Activity/Participation	2	Seminar paper	Experimental	
attendance	0,1	<i></i>			work	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	3,6
Project		Sustained knowledge check		Report	Practice	
Portfolio						
1.9. Assessm	ent and	evaluation of student's wo	rk duri	ng classes and on fin	al exam	
-		eviewed and assessed by m reparation of a seminar pa		-	-	ch which
1.10.	Assigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of study progra	ımme proposal)	
Mancini, (https://w	S. & Vit ww.bib.i	L., Grbčić, A. & Gulić, M. (202 iello, L. (ur.) Prime Archive rb.hr/1232584).	s in N	larine Science. Hyder	abad, India, Vide Leaf,	str. 1-27.
Transactio	ons on ma	A., Maglić, L. & Gundić, A. aritime science, 10 (1), 1-11 c	loi:10.7	225/toms.v10.n01.014	ł	
of green	port ma	e, S., Grubišić, N. & Maglić, L nagement practices: an eval ritime University of Szczecin, 6	uation	of energy efficient m	obility in nautical ports.	
County o	f Primorj	nac, P. & Škiljan, I. (2019) Mu e and Gorski Kotar. Naše m 2019/1.4.				
5.) Maglić, L environm Communi	., Grbčić, ent: case cations	, A., Maglić, L. & Blažina, J e study Port of Cristo. U		22 International Conf	ference on Electrical, C	
6.) Kesić, B.; d.o.o., Rij	-	A.: Menadžment pomorskopu 5.	ıtničkih	luka, Sveučilište u Rije	eci Pomorski fakultet Rijek	a & Liber
		Gračan, Daniela; Zec, Damir; n; Horak, Siniša; Marušić, Zrinl	-			
// Touris Karasavvo	m Mana glou, Ar	Impact of Maritime Passenge gement and Sustainable De nastasios ; Maskarin Ribario -030-74632-2.	evelopn	nent / Karanović, Go	oran ; Polychronidou, Pe	ersefoni;
Developm Vukelić, G	ient of C oran ; Bri	Mudronja, Gorana; Jugović, roatian Islands // Internation čić, David (ur.). Rijeka: Univers	al Conf sity of R	erence on Sustainable ijeka, Faculty of Mariti	e Transport Book of Abs me Studies, 2022.	tracts / /
Transition	Mana	otić, Miljen; Peronja, Ivan: Su agement // Transactions v10.n02.w01.		ole Development of P maritime science		ective of 466-476
		/ additional reading (at the			<u> </u>	
	-	, Grbčić, A. & Gulić, M. (2022 Journal of Marine Science and		-		the
2.) Mudronja	, Gorana	; Aksentijević, Dea; Jugović, A				istainable

⁴⁷ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.

Development of Seaports // Proceedings of 9th International Conference on Maritime Transport / Martínez de





Osés, Francesc Xavier ; La Castells i Sanabra, Marcel (ur.). Barcelona, Španjolska: Universidad Politecnica de Catalunya, 2022. str. 1-15 doi:10.5821/mt.10928.

- 3.) Šantić, L., Maglić, L. & Vilke, S. (2012) Ocjena postojećeg stanja i razvojni planovi luka nautičkog turizma Primorsko-goranske županije. Suvremeni promet : časopis za pitanja teorije i prakse prometa, 32, 395-399. (https://www.bib.irb.hr/599392).
- 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

	life course		
	Title	Number of copies	Number of students
1.	Maglić, L., Maglić, L., Grbčić, A. & Gulić, M. (2022) Marine Litter Composition in Port Areas on Mallorca Island. U: Mancini, S. & Vitiello, L. (ur.) Prime Archives in Marine Science. Hyderabad, India, Vide Leaf, str. 1-27. (https://www.bib.irb.hr/1232584).	Available online	20
2.	Maglić, L., Grbčić, A., Maglić, L. & Gundić, A. (2021) Application of Smart Technologies in Croatian Marinas. Transactions on maritime science, 10 (1), 1-11 doi:10.7225/toms.v10.n01.014	Available online	20
3.	Ukić Boljat, H., Vilke, S., Grubišić, N. & Maglić, L. (2021) Application of multi-criteria analysis for the introduction of green port management practices: an evaluation of energy efficient mobility in nautical ports. Scientific journals of the Maritime University of Szczecin, 65 (137), 72-83 doi:10.17402/462.	Available online	20
4.	Maglić, L., Varaždinac, P. & Škiljan, I. (2019) Multi-Criterion Decision Model for Marina Location Selection in the County of Primorje and Gorski Kotar. Naše more : znanstveni časopis za more i pomorstvo, 66 (1), 28-36 doi:10.17818/NM/2019/1.4.	Available online	20
5.	Maglić, L., Grbčić, A., Maglić, L. & Blažina, A. (2022) Evaluation of ultrasonic berth sensors in the port environment: case study Port of Cristo. U: 2022 International Conference on Electrical, Computer, Communications and Mechatronics Engineering (ICECCME). Male, Maldives, str. 1-5 doi:10.1109/ICECCME55909.2022.9988615.	Available online	20
6.	Kesić, B.; Jugović, A.: Menadžment pomorskoputničkih luka, Sveučilište u Rijeci Pomorski fakultet Rijeka & Liber d.o.o., Rijeka, 2006.	30	20
7.	Luković, Tihomir; Gračan, Daniela; Zec, Damir; Jugović, Alen; Petrinović, Ranka; Šerić, Neven; Milošević-Pujo, Branka; Asić, Antun; Horak, Siniša; Marušić, Zrinka et al., Nautički turizam Hrvatske, Split: Redak d.o.o., 2015.	5	20
8.	Jugović, Alen: The Impact of Maritime Passenger Traffic on the Development of Seaports and Their Surroundings // Tourism Management and Sustainable Development / Karanović, Goran ; Polychronidou, Persefoni ; Karasavvoglou, Anastasios ; Maskarin Ribarić, Helga (ur.). Opatija: Springer, Cham, 2021. str. 143-159 doi:10.1007/978-3-030-74632-2.	Available online	20
9.	Aksentijević, Dea; Mudronja, Gorana; Jugović, Alen: Nautical Tourism Ports in the Function of Sustainable Development of Croatian Islands // International Conference on Sustainable Transport Book of Abstracts / / Vukelić, Goran ; Brčić, David (ur.). Rijeka: University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2022.	Available online	20
10.	Jugović, Alen; Sirotić, Miljen; Peronja, Ivan: Sustainable Development of Port Cities from the Perspective of Transition Management // Transactions on maritime science, 10 (2021), 2;	Available online	20





466-476 doi:10.7225/toms.v10.n02.w01.

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, which are implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information					
Course coordinator	Biserka Rukavina, PhD Nikola Mandić, PhD				
Course title	Legal framework for maritime domain and sea port management				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	I				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of this course is to enable students to acquire knowledge of the legal aspect of maritime domain and seaport management. Furthermore, the aim is to encourage students to study and research the maritime and administrative legal regulations on maritime domain and seaports. By acquiring new knowledge, students should be able to apply the theoretical characteristics of concessions and concessionary approval to concrete cases, recognize the deficiencies of positive legal regulations and actively contribute to the effective implementation of these institutes.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Define and interpret basic legal principles and norms relating to maritime domain and seaports.
- 2. Explain the procedure for determining the borders of the maritime domain.
- 3. Explain the procedure for granting concessions of maritime domain.
- 3. Recognize and explain the differences between concessions and concessionary approval.
- 5. Apply theoretical characteristics of concessions and concessionary approval to concrete cases.

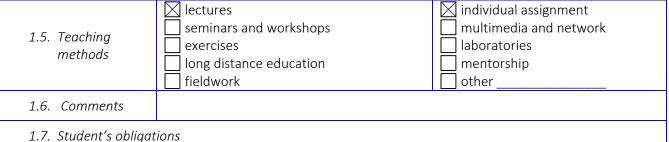
6. Analyze the deficiencies of positive legal regulations and explain possible future solutions.

1.4. Course content

1. The legal status of maritime domain and sea ports in the Republic of Croatia.

2. Legal framework for concessions in the Republic of Croatia.

- 3. Concession grant procedure.
- 4. Concessionary approval grant procedure.
- 5. Maritime domain and sea ports future solutions.









Course attendanc	e. Semir	nar paper. Oral exam.						
1.8. Evaluatio	on ⁴⁸ of s	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	3.6	Essay			Research	
Project		Continuous assessmet		Report			Practical work	
Portfolio								
1.9. Assessm	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durir	ng classes	and on fir	nal exa	т	
Evaluation of lear	ning out	comes is carried out throug	gh prei	paration o	f seminar	paper	and oral exam.	
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of st	udy progra	amme	proposal)	
amendm 2. The Cond 3. Bolanča, biro d.d. 1 4. Seršić, Va 1.11. C 1. Bolanča, 2003., Po 2. Kundih, E opća dob 3. Rak, Loris suprastru zavod HA 4. Seršić, Va 18.2.2009 1.12. N	ents. ession A Dragan, Zagreb, anja, Kor pptional, Dragan, oredben Branko, F ra, Inžel s, Rukav kture iz ZU, Zag anja, Ins 9. i II dic Number	Acesije na pomorskom dobr / additional reading (at the Pomorsko dobro u svjetlu o pomorsko pravo, god. 43 Pomorsko dobro sutra - de njerski biro d.d., Zagreb, 20 ina, Biserka, Jelčić, Olga, U građenim na temelju ugo reb, br. 169., 2015. stitut koncesija prema nov o Informator, br. 5735, 21.2 of assigned reading copies	Republ ije, Po time c u novo u novo u novo u novo u novo u novo ovo to vođen ovora c vom Za .2009.	ic of Croat morsko d ri informat of proposir g Zakona 58., 2004 renda", N je općeg s o koncesi akonu o l	ia, No. 69 obro – pr or, Zagrel og study p o pomors ekretnine stvarnopra i, Poredb	/17., v oblem <u>o, 2012</u> rogran kom c u vlasi avnog eno p na", l	vith amendments. i i perspektive, In <u>1.</u> nme) lobru i morskim I ništvu Republike H režima na objekti omorsko pravo, s dio Informator, k	ženjerski ukama iz Irvatske i Iadranski or. 5734,
th	e course	z Title			Number	ofconi	es Number of	studants
Maritime Domain a of Croatia, No. 158/		ea Ports Act, Official Gazette	of the I	Republic		nited. ailable i	in 1-10	
The Concession Ac 69/17., with amend		al Gazette of the Republic o	of Croa	atia, No.	Unlin Text ava Official			C
		o dobro i koncesije, Pomo njerski biro d.d. Zagreb, 2005.		dobro –		2	1-10	С
Seršić, Vanja, Konce 2011.	esije na j	oomorskom dobru, Novi infor	rmator,	Zagreb,		5	1-10	0
1.13. Quality n	nonitori	ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of o	utput knov	vledge	e, skills and compe	tences
,		nitored in accordance with					•	

guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.

⁴⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







TRANSPORT SYSTEM









General information					
Course coordinator	Tanja Poletan Jugović, PhD				
Course title	Planning of cargo flows and transport route valorisation				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	۱.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

- 1.1. Course objectives
- Analysis of THE rules and factors that determine the formation, spatial distribution, consolidation of cargo flows and transport route valorisation on the transport market;
- Exploring the basic rules and specifics of the analysis and evaluation of transport supply, demand and the environment (as the main factors of competitiveness and transport route valorisation on the transport services market);
- Developing conclusions on the general assumptions for maritime and land transport route valorisation and for cargo flows attracting (for concrete examples of transport routes);
- Studying the analitics and specificity of tracking cargo flows on the world, regional, national level (according to different criteria) as a function of planning cargo flows and defining activities for their intensification;
- Studying the methodology and multicriterial analysis model of cargo flow planning and transport route valorisation.
- 1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

- After passing the exam students will be able to:
- 1. Analyse and interpret (in theoretical and practical sense) geo-traffic, socio-economic factors and patterns of formation, spatial distribution and consolidation of cargo flows on the transport route;
- 2. Systematize and argue the general and specific factors of competitiveness of the route (corridor) on the transport market (in theory and in practical terms to a specific example of the route);
- 3. Argue the importance of the relevant phenomena for the evaluation (competitiveness) of the transport route (corridor) on the transport market;
- 4. Analyse, plan and optimize the relevant indicators for cargo flows on the transport route (corridor);
- 5. Plan and optimize the factors of route (corridor) valorisation on the transport market.

1.4. Course content

- The basic principles and factors of formation, distribution and consolidation of cargo flows.
- Indicators of the structure and dynamics of cargo flows geo-traffic analysis of international cargo flows, Croatia in international trade flows.
- Valuation of traffic direction in the market of transport services aspect offers (competitiveness of transport services), the aspect of demand (comprehensiveness of requirements, needs and preferences of service users), the aspect of the environment (the presence of competition from







alternative	e transp	ort routes).							
 Multi-crite 	eria sim	nulation models and opt	imizati	on of ti	ransport	route	valor	isation (the	specific
example).									
1.5. Teaching methods I lectures seminars and workshops exercises I long distance education fieldwork			 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 						
1.6. Comments									
1.7. Student's obligations									
Course attendance (lectures or consultations), research and writing a seminar paper, presentation of research results, oral exam.									
1.8. Evaluatio	n ⁴⁹ of st	udent's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	paper	1	Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	2	Essay			Rese	earch	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Prac	tical work	
Portfolio									
1.9. Assessme	nt and o	evaluation of student's wor	k durir	ng classes	and on fi	nal exa	т		
 Research an Presentation	nd study n of rese	(lectures or consultations) – le work (seminar paper) – learn earch – learning outcomes 4-5 g outcomes 1-5; 2 ECTS; 40 pc	ing out 5; 1 ECT	comes 4-5	5; 2 ECTS =				
1.10. As	signed	reading (at the time of the s	submis	ssion of st	tudy progi	ramme	prop	osal)	
_		and published scientific paper							
 Poletan, T., 	Robni to	okovi, Faculty of Maritime Stu	dies, Ui	niversity ir	n Rijeka, 20	14.			
1.11. Of	otional,	/ additional reading (at the	time o	f proposi	ng study p	progran	nme)		
 Rodrigue, J, <i>The Geography of Transport Systems,</i> New York: Routlege, 2020. (selected chapters) Current statistical sources and databases: <i>Shipping Statistics and Market Review, ISL (Institute of Shipping Economics and Logistics),</i> Bremen; Statistical Yearbook of the Republic of Croatia, Croatian Bureau of Statistics, Croatia, Zagreb Scientific papers published in scientific journals (<i>Journal of Transportation Geography, Transportation Research,</i> 									
		fic Journal of Maritime Resear							!:
	umber (course	of assigned reading copies v	with re	gard to t	he numbe	r of stu	dents	s currently at	tending
		Title			Number	r of cop	ies	Number of	students
Teaching materials a coordinator)	ind publi	shed research papers of lectu	irer (co	urse	Availab	ole onlin	e	1	
Poletan, T., Robni to Rijeka, 2014.	kovi, Fac	culty of Maritime Studies, Univ	/ersity i	n		5		1	
1.13. Quality m	onitorir	ng methods which ensure a	cquirei	ment of o	utput kno	wledge	, skill	s and compe	tences
quality assurance, i	mpleme	red in accordance with the IS nted at the Faculty of Marit ed and appropriate measures	time St	udies in I	Rijeka. Yea			-	

⁴⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Krešimir Buntak, PhD			
Course title	Digital transformation of business and SMART management			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	I			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The course aims to understand digital transition and transformation as a key environment and strategy for governance and modern businesses. Accordingly, in addition to the new technologies and concepts of Industry 4.0, knowledge of the concept of sustainable and corporate social responsibility (CSR) is also of great importance. Based on that, a new concept of SMART management is being developed, which students will be familiar with and analyse in the context of the business environment and the area of interest.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Interpret and describe the underlying settings of the digital transformation;
- 2. Analyse and categorise key domains of digital transformation and Industry 4.0 in particular in the context of governance;
- 3. Understand and valorise the term and concept of sustainable development, the main components of sustainable development, as well as the core SDGs presented by Agenda 2030;
- 4. Understand the term and concept of corporate social responsibility (CSR), the main principles of corporate social responsibility (CSR), and link the concept of corporate social responsibility (CSR) and the concept of sustainable development;
- 5. Understand the term, concept, basic principles and components of SMART management;
- 6. Critically assess, explore and evaluate the use of SMART management in organisations of different sizes and areas of activity.
- 1.4. Course content

1 Digital transformation domain:

- 1.1 Domains of digital transformation: Clients, competition, data, innovation, value;
- 1.2 Drivers of digital transformation;
- 1.3 Competence as a prerequisite for digital transformation;
- 1.4 Digital Transformation Tools;
- 1.5 Industry 4.0 and Industrial Technologies 4.0.
- 2 Sustainability, sustainable business and corporate social responsibility:
 - 2.1 Definition and development of sustainable development;
 - 2.2 Components of sustainable development;





- 2.3 Agenda 2030 and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);
- 2.4 Corporate social responsibility;
- 2.5 Principles and core concepts of CSR;
- 2.6 CSR as part of the strategic management;
- 2.7 Sustainable development and CSR in the EU and Croatia.
- 3 SMART management:
 - 3.1 Basic settings, principles, functions and management roles;
 - 3.2 Development of management concepts and theory from classical theory to SMART management theory;
 - 3.3 SMART management;
 - 3.4 Key elements of SMART management;

 \boxtimes lectures

- 3.5 Impact of SMART management on the competitiveness of modern business.
- 1.5. Teaching methods

] seminars and workshops] exercises] long distance education] fieldwork individual assignment
 multimedia and network
 laboratories
 mentorship
 other

1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Attending classes, conducting independent research and writing a scientific article.

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1.6	Essay	Research	2.0
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Article preparation and writing	2			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Teaching activity	Student activity	Learning Outcome	Methods of assessment
Lectures	Listening to the lectures and participating in the debate	1-6	Attendance of teaching Teaching activity Oral exam
Self-standing tasks	Conduct of research and writing of Article	3-6	Selection of research problems Conduct of selected research Article writing

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Own lectures.
- 2. Bartodziej, C.J., 2017. The concept industry 4.0. In The concept industry 4.0 (pp. 27-50). Springer Gabler, Wiesbaden.
- 3. Blewitt, J: Razumijevanje održivog razvoja, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb 2017.
- 4. Matešić, M., Pavlović, D., Bartoluci, D., Društveno odgovorno poslovanje, VPŠ Libertas, Zagreb, 2015

⁵⁰ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- Rodgers, L. David. 2019. Vodić kroz digitalnu transformaciju. Finessa. Beograd. 5.
- 6. Sikavica, P., Bahtijarević Šiber, F., Pološki Vokić, N., Suvremeni menadžment, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2008
- 7. Ustundag, A. and Cevikcan, E., 2017. Industry 4.0: managing the digital transformation. Springer.
- 1.11.
 - *Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)*
- 1. Sikavica, P., Bahtijarević Šiber, F., Pološki Vokić, N., Temelji menadžmenta, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2008
- 2. Buntak, K., Kovačić, M. & Martinčević, I. (2020) TECHNICAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL COMPETENCE AS FOUNDATION FOR DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION. In: Drljača, M. (ed.) 21st International Symposium on Quality QUALITY – YESTERDAY, TODAY, TOMORROW.
- 3. Buntak, K., Kovačić, M. & Martinčević, I. (2020) Impact of digital transformation on knowledge management in organization. Advances in Business Related Scientific Research Journal (ABSRJ), 11 (1), 36-47.
- 4. Buntak, K., Kovačić, M. & Mutavdžija, M. (2019) Internet of things and smart warehouses as the future of logistics. Tehnički glasnik - Technical journal, 13 (3), 248-253 doi:10.31803/tg-20190215200430.
- 5. Buntak, K., Kovačić, M. & Martinčević, I. (2019) Knowledge Management In Digital Era. U: Fošner, A. (ur.) Book of proceedings: ADVANCES in Business- Related Scientific Research Conference (2019; Ljubljana).
- 6. Crowther, D., Aras G. Corporate Social Responsibility, Ventus Publishing, 2008.
- 7. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development A/RES/70/1 ISO 26000:2010
- 8. ISO 26000:2010
- 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Own lectures	Available online	1-10
Bartodziej, C.J., 2017. The concept industry 4.0. In <i>The concept industry 4.0</i> (pp. 27-50). Springer Gabler, Wiesbaden.	Available online	1-10
Blewitt, J: Razumijevanje održivog razvoja, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb 2017.	Available online	1-10
Matešić, M., Pavlović, D., Bartoluci, D., Društveno odgovorno poslovanje, VPŠ Libertas, Zagreb, 2015	Available online	1-10
Rodgers, L. David. 2019. Vodić kroz digitalnu transformaciju. Finessa. Beograd.	Available online	1-10
Sikavica, P., Bahtijarević Šiber, F., Pološki Vokić, N., Suvremeni menadžment, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2008	Available online	1-10
Ustundag, A. and Cevikcan, E., 2017. Industry 4.0: managing the digital transformation. Springer.	Available online	1-10

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.







General information					
Course coordinator	Ines Kolanović, PhD				
Course title Methodology of service quality measurement in maritime affairs		n maritime affairs			
Study programme	amme Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status Elective					
Year	1.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of this course is to enable students to understand the basic determinants of service quality and the process of evaluating service quality in maritime affairs in order to formulate quality solutions and guidelines for their improvement by applying appropriate scientific methods.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Recognize and discuss service quality determinants in maritime affairs;
- 2. Explore and interpret standards in the function of service quality;
- 3. Explain and propose the concept of service quality in maritime affairs;
- 4. Collect and valorise data important for service quality measurement in maritime affairs;
- 5. Design an optimal model for service quality measurement in maritime affairs;
- 6. Argue and evaluate the methodological approach for service quality measurement in maritime affairs;
- 7. Critically identify activities to improve service quality in maritime affairs.

1.4. Course content

Theoretical determinants and assumptions of establishing the concept of service quality. Dimensions and quality attributes of service in maritime affairs. Standards and guidelines for quality assurance. Standardization in the function of service quality. Measuring service quality from the aspect of customer expectations and perceptions. Models for measuring service quality. Quality index. Service quality management. Methodological approach to measuring the service quality in maritime affairs.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment		
1.5. Teaching	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network		
methods	exercises	laboratories		
methous	long distance education	🔀 mentorship		
	🗌 fieldwork	other		
1.6. Comments				
1.7. Student's obligations				

Class attendance (lectures or consultative classes), research and publication of research results in the form of



UNI



scientific work.

1.8. Evaluation ⁵¹ of student's work								
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experiment		
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay		Research	5.6	
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work		
Portfolio								

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

In order to evaluate the learning outcomes, a discussion will be held with the PhD student to assess the understanding of the content in accordance with the course objectives.

Learning outcomes are assessed by evaluating the quality of the research from a theoretical and applied aspect and based on the quality of the written scientific paper.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. Amitava Mitra, Fundamentals of quality control and improvement, 5th Edition, Wiley, New Jersey, 2021.

- 2. Chauhan, V., Gupta, A., Parida M., Demystifying service quality of Multimodal Transportation Hub (MMTH) through measuring users' satisfaction of public transport, Transport Policy, Volume 102, pp. 47-60, 2021.
- 3. Gupta, A., Singh, R.K. and Mangla, S.K., Evaluation of logistics providers for sustainable service quality: Analytics based decision making framework. *Ann Oper Res*, 2021.
- 4. Noor Azwa Noralama, Mohamad Rosni Othmanb, Jagan Jeevanc, Mohd Saifullzwaan Saadond, Seaport quality: a definition of the contemporary seaport management, Journal of Critical Reviews, Vol 7, Issue 8, pp-1137-1147., 2020.
- 5. Pantouvakis, A. and Karakasnaki, M., Examining the impact of market orientation on service quality in shipping companies: the role of risk propensity, *International Journal of Quality and Service Sciences*, Vol. 13 No. 1, pp. 106-122., 2021.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Lazibat, T.: Upravljanje kvalitetom, Znanstvena knjiga d.o.o., Zagreb, 2009.
- 2. Hemalatha, S. Lingaraju Dumpala, Balakrishna, B., Relative Importance Analysis of Factors Influencing Sea Port Service Quality, Recent Trends in Mechanical Engineering pp 641-649, Conference paper, Select Proceedings of ICIME 2020.
- 3. Hemalatha, S. Lingaraju Dumpala, Balakrishna, B., Service quality evaluation and ranking of container terminal operators through hybrid multi-criteria decision making methods, The Asian Journal of Shipping and Logistics, Volume 34, Issue 2, pp. 137-144., 2018.
- 4. Kanji, K.; Asher, M.: 100 Methods for total Quality management, Sage publications, London, 1996.

6. Sayareh, J., Iranshahi, S., Golfakhrabadi, N., Service quality evaluation and ranking of container terminal operators. Asian J. Shipp. Logist. **32**(4), pp. 203–212, 2016.

^{1.12.} Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Amitava Mitra, Fundamentals of quality control and improvement, 5th Edition, Wiley, New Jersey, 2021.	Available online	1
Chauhan, V., Gupta, A., Parida M., Demystifying service quality of Multimodal Transportation Hub (MMTH) through measuring users'	Available online	1

⁵¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.

^{5.} ISO 9001:2015







		516
satisfaction of public transport, Transport Policy, Volume 102, pp. 47-60, 2021.		
Gupta, A., Singh, R.K. and Mangla, S.K., Evaluation of logistics providers for sustainable service quality: Analytics based decision making framework. Ann Oper Res, 2021.	Available online	1
Noor Azwa Noralama, Mohamad Rosni Othmanb, Jagan Jeevanc, Mohd Saifullzwaan Saadond, Seaport quality: a definition of the contemporary seaport management, Journal of Critical Reviews, Vol 7, Issue 8, pp- 1137-1147., 2020.	Available online	1
Pantouvakis, A. and Karakasnaki, M., Examining the impact of market orientation on service quality in shipping companies: the role of risk propensity, International Journal of Quality and Service Sciences, Vol. 13 No. 1, pp. 106-122., 2021.		1
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1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

Page I







General information						
Course coordinator	Neven Grubišić, PhD	Neven Grubišić, PhD				
Course title	Modelling tactical logistical problems on container terminals					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies					
Course status	Elective					
Year	I					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION
1.1. Course objectives
To familiarize students with the types and methods of operational decision making on container terminals and internal transport
1.2. Course enrolment requirements
None
1.3. Expected course learning outcomes
 After passing the exam students will be able to: 1. Link the main operational decision-making problems on container terminals; 2. Examine existing mathematical models and determine the value of decision variables; 3. Revise existing models depending on the technical and technological characteristics and criteria of decision-making; 4. Formulate individual problem depending on the selected criteria for optimization; 5. Evaluate and justify the results; 6. Demonstrate the application of software tools for optimization and modelling.
1.4. Course content
Tactical-logistical problems in sea-side transshipment system on container terminals: Berth allocation problem, Crane allocation problem, Quay Crane scheduling problem. Optimization criteria. Operational decision-making problems on CT storage area: Job scheduling of RTG and RMG cranes, Post-stacking problems, Reshuffling. Transport network problems in inland transport. Determining the shortest path, maximum flow, and resource allocation optimization. Use of optimization software tools LINGO, AIMMS. Modification of existing models depending on criteria for optimization. Post-opt analysis and interpretation of results.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 			
1.6. Comments	Computer tools for optimization and modeli	ng are used in the teaching process.			
1.7. Student's obligations					

After conducting scientific research, students are to design a programming task (practical optimization model) using software-computing tools.





1.8. Evaluation ⁵² of student's work							
Course attendance0.4Activity/ParticipationSeminar paperExperiment3							3
Written exam		Oral exam	0.6	Essay		Research	2
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							
1.9. Assessmer	t and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durir	ng classes and on fir	nal exan	า	
		s carried out through activ				-	-
		ity of research and practica	al worl	x – a programming	task tha	it the student m	ust make
and present at the							
	-	e individual learning outcor					
		litioning of solutions resu			-		sea-side
	-	ocess on the operation of t	-		-		
	-	mathematical model and					
		nodel redefine inputs and	-			iking.	
	0	me basis for custom proble		•	choice.		
		ptimum analysis and expla					
		use of software tools and	-				
	-	reading (at the time of the		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	-	n, T., Maglić, L.: The Optir			-		
	Fermin	als with a Multi-Quay Layo	out. Jou	urnal of Marine Scie	ence and	d Engineering, 8(11), 891,
2020.							
		lović, Č., Žuškin, S.: A split t					mid-size
container t	ermina	als. Tehnički vjesnik - Techn	ical Ga	azette, 23(6): 1723-	1730, 20	016.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/ additional reading (at the			-		
		mizacija raspodjele vezova			ćkim ko	ntejnerskim tern	ninalima.
		eučilište u Rijeci, Pomorski l					
		s, S., Hess, M.: A Solution				Inland Waterwa	ay Ports.
		Technical Gazette, Vol 21,	•	•			
		Scheduling in Container Te).
		, Lin L.: Network Models ar	-				
		e Management of Transshi					
1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending							
the course							
	TitleNumber of copiesNumber of studentsGrubišić, N., Krljan, T., Maglić, L.: The Optimization Process for Seaside						
	-	c, L.: The Optimization Proces Container Terminals with a N			le online	1-10	`
		ience and Engineering, 8, 891			le onnine	1-10)
		iškin, S.: A split task solution f					
		ize container terminals. Tehni			le online	1-10)
		o 6. pp 1723-1730, 2016.	,				
1.13. Quality ma	nitorir	ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of output kno	wledge,	skills and compe	tences
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and							

⁵² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information						
Course coordinator	Siniša Vilke, PhD					
Course title	Sustainability in urban transport					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies					
Course status	Elective					
Year	١.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to acquire knowledge about the development of urban transport as an integral part of green logistics and sustainability policy. To this end, PhD students will explore the possibilities of improving public urban and individual transport according to modern requirements and criteria of sustainable transport and environmental management. PhD students will be introduced to the sustainable development of transport systems in urban areas.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

- 1.3. Expected course learning outcomes
 - After passing the exam students will be able to:
- 1. Interpret the link between public urban transport planning and transport sustainability.
- 2. Analyze transport policy measures for sustainable transport in urban areas.
- 3. Explain the elements of the transport system in urban areas.
- 4. Explain the relationship between spatial transport planning and urban transport.
- 5. Detect and analyze measures to improve transport in urban areas to reduce negative environmental impacts.
- 6. Analyze and investigate the implementation of various forms of transport in the urban transport system.
- 1.4. Course content

Basic components and development of urban transport. The impact of transport on the development of urban areas. Basic components and importance of green logistics. Urban transport, energy, and environmental pollution. Urban expansion, remote business, and transportation. Innovative technologies in urban transport. Traffic sustainability and environmental management. Sustainable traffic planning in the context of sustainable development. Technological features of urban transport infrastructure. Features of traffic demand with travel modes. Application of geographic information system (GIS) in urban areas. Objectives of green logistics in urban areas. Impact of information and communication technology traffic sustainability. Objectives of transport sustainability policy.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
1.5. Teaching	Seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
methods	exercises	laboratories
	long distance education	🔀 mentorship







						<u> </u>			CILISTE U RIVE
		fieldwork				other			
1.6. Comments	1.6. Comments								
1.7. Student's obligations									
Class attendance, se exam.	eminar	paper, scientific research	will lea	ad to the p	orepa	ration	of the art	ticle and the f	final oral
	53 of ot	udant'a wark							
1.8. Evaluation ⁵³ of student's work									
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar p	paper		Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay			Rese	earch	3.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Prac	ctical work	
Portfolio		Preparation of the article	1						
1.9. Assessment	t and e	evaluation of student's wor	k durir	ng classes	and c	on final	exam		
Outcome evaluation	ı is car	ried out through activities i	in lectı	ures, resea	arch,	and the	e final ora	al exam.	
1.10. Assi	igned i	reading (at the time of the s	submis	ssion of stu	udy p	rogram	me prop	osal)	
1. Genevieve, (New York, 2		nson, S.: The Geography of	Urbar	n Transpor	rtatio	n, Four	th Editior	n, The Guilfor	d Press,
2. Vuchic, V., R New Jersey,		an Transit: Operations, Plar	nning a	and Econc	omics,	, John V	Viley & S	ons, Inc., Hob	oken,
1.11. Opt.	ional /	additional reading (at the	time o	f proposir	ng stu	dy prog	gramme)		
1. Vuchic, V., R 2007.	R.: Urb	an Transit Systems and Tec	hnolo	gy, John V	Viley a	& Sons,	Inc., Hol	boken, New J	ersey,
2. Black, A.: Ur	ban M	lass Transportation Plannin	ng. Mc	Graw-Hill	Colle	ge. Nev	VYork. 19	995.	
		of assigned reading copies v							tending
	course			5		,		,	J
		Title			Nun	nber of	copies	Number of s	students
Genevieve, G., Hanson, S.: The Geography of Urban Transportation, Fourth Edition, The Guilford Press, New York, 2017.11-10									
Vuchic, V., R.: Urban Transit: Operations, Planning and Economics, John									
Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2005.									
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences									
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and									
guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.									
				<u></u>					

⁵³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information						
Course coordinator	Livia Maglić, PhD	Livia Maglić, PhD				
Course title	Optimization of storage yard operation in container terminals					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>					
Course status	Elective					
Year	Ι.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of this course is for PhD students to become familiar with real operations and logistics problems in the storage yard at a container terminal and to learn how to resolve them by various computational methods and tools. Upon completion of this course, the PhD student will be able to identify key problems in the storage systems, analyze and identify inefficient storage operations, and evaluate and apply optimization methods to resolve them.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

Explain and analyze the storage subsystem.

Interpret storage operations at a container terminal.

Explain and parse NP-hard optimization problems in the storage subsystem.

Explain and compare container relocation problem, pre-marshalling problem and re-marshalling problem.

Classify and explain the problem of allocating container handling equipment.

Identify and analyze the vehicle routing problem in the storage yard subsystem.

Develop a critical opinion on the researched problem

Propose an approach and method for solving the research problem in the field of storage processes.

Create an optimization model using various computational methods and tools.

Evaluate the proposed optimization model.

1.4. Course content

Storage yard subsystem at container terminals. Container storage yard operations. Definitions and classifications of NP-hard problems in the container storage yard. Determinants and categorization of problems at the container storage area. The vehicle routing problem in the storage subsystem. Container handling equipment allocation problem. The optimization methods and tools for resolving problems at storage yards. The methods for computer-based experiment and model validation.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
1.5. Teaching methods	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
	exercises	laboratories
	long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other









1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Preparation of a scientific paper on a given topic under the mentorship of the course coordinator.

1.8. Evaluation⁵⁴ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	2	Essay	Research	3.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Learning outcomes are assessed and evaluated through monitoring of the research conducted by the PhD student, which ultimately results in the preparation of a scientific paper.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

Maglić, L. Optimization of container relocation operations in port container terminals, University of Rijeka, Faculty of Maritime Studies, 2016.

Bose, J.W. Handbook of terminal planning, Springer Cham, 2011.

Constantine D. M. Port planning, National Technical University of Athens Zografos, Greece

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Carić, T. Optimizacija prometnih procesa, University of Zagreb, Faculty of Transport and Traffic Sciences, 2014.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Maglić, L. Optimization of container relocation operations in port	Available online/ 1 in	
container terminals.	library	
Bose, J. Handbook of terminal planning, Springer Cham, 2011.	1	
Constantine D. M. Port planning	Available online	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

⁵⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Neven Grubišić, PhD Luka Novačko, PhD			
Course title	Traffic simulation and transport modelling			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	1.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

To familiarize students with the types and methods of transport modelling and traffic simulation tools at the macroscopic, mesoscopic, microscopic level.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

1. Apply the appropriate level of transport modelling and choose the right simulation tool depending on the problem definition and objective of the research.

2. Create transport network supply and compose demand distribution matrix between traffic zones.

3. Select and configure assignment attributes and develop the assignment procedures according to research data, using the simulation tools.

4. Design microsimulation model of private and public transport on real example.

5. Refine simulation models according to calibration and validation parameters.

6. Define optional scenarios of traffic states based on different traffic policies and actions.

7. Estimate simulation results according to different scenarios and effects of diverse management options on the traffic condition.

1.4. Course content

Classification, purpose and application of transport models and traffic simulation tools. Strategy of traffic survey and data collection. Conceptual design of transport network. Demand matrix, generalized cost function, skim matrix, VD and impedance functions. Four-step model of trip generation, trip distribution, mode-choice, and assignment. Growth factor models and synthetic models (gravity model). Discrete choice models – Multinomial Logit model. Traffic assignment methods – route choice. AON assignment, equilibrium assignment, stochastic assignment, dynamic assignment. Public-transport assignment. Mesoscopic simulation tools. Hybrid simulations. Microsimulation tools – modelling signalized and unsignalized intersections. Freight movement modelling. Calibration and model validation. Basic and future scenario development, definition of alternative policies and actions. Graphical attributes and presentation of simulation results and reports.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
17 Student's obligat	ions	





After conducting a case study, students are required to create a programming task – experimental transport model using appropriate computer simulation tool,.

1.8. Evaluation ⁵⁵ of student's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper		Experiment	3
Written exam		Oral exam	0.6	Essay		Research	2
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Evaluation of outcomes is carried out through activities in the classroom (method of computer simulation and modelling), the quality of research and experimental work – a programming task that the student must make using the appropriate simulation tool, and the presentation on the exam. Examples:

- 1. Identify and formulate the problem and objective of the research and suggest the scope and the level of transport modelling and choose the appropriate computer software tool.
- 2. Create and import the main elements of transport supply network, zones, centroids, and set-up of traffic demand matrix between the zones.
- 3. Draw up the basic trip assignment procedure and calculate the skim matrices using the simulation tool.
- 4. Develop microsimulation model of real intersection.
- 5. Calibrate and validate the model sample according to traffic survey data.
- 6. Depending on type of the problem, define different policies and actions to improve the transport system and develop alternative scenarios depending on application of selected actions using the simulation software.
- 7. Compare the simulation results for different scenarios and discuss the effects of different policies and actions on the transport system performance.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

1. PTV Visum Manual, PTV Planung Transport Verkehr AG, Karlsruhe, 2021.

2. PTV Vissim Manual, PTV Planung Transport Verkehr AG, Karlsruhe, 2021.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

Teodorović, D., Janić, M.: Transportation Engineering – Theory, Practice, and Modeling. Elsevier, 2017. JASPERS Appraisal Guidance (Transport): The use of Transport Models in Transport Planning and Project Appraisal, 2014.

Hensher, D.A., Button, K.J.: Handbook of Transport Modelling. Emerald Publishing, 2nd edition, 2007. Grubišić, N., Krljan, T., Maglić, L., Vilke, S.: The Microsimulation Model for Assessing the Impact of Inbound Traffic Flows for Container Terminals Located near City Centers. Sustainability, 12, 22, 9478, 2020. Babojelić, K., Novačko, L.: Modelling of Driver and Pedestrian Behaviour – A Historical Review. Promet - Traffic

& Transportation, Vol 32 Issue 5; p.: 727-745, 2020.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
PTV Visum Manual, PTV Planung Transport Verkehr AG, 2021.	pdf	1-10
PTV Vissim Manual, PTV Planung Transport Verkehr AG, 2021.	pdf	1-10
		1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences

⁵⁵ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Ljudevit Krpan, PhD			
Course title	Land use transport planning			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	١.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to acquire the necessary knowledge of the basic elements of spatial and traffic planning. Furthermore, the aim is for students to independently assess and identify the objective spatial planning and accommodation options of the transport infrastructure (linear and planar).

Acquired knowledge will enable students to rationally evaluate project ideas related to traffic system planning as well as the possibility of a critical review of the proposed design solutions.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Rank levels of physical planning documents;
- 2. Estimate objective spatial possibilities for planning and development of transport infrastructure in physical planning documents;
- 3. Propose optimal transport solutions (in accordance of traffic needs and space requirements) for every level of physical planning documents;
- 4. Develop optimal Land Use Transport solutions;
- 5. Valorise land use transport solutions and validate optimal land use transport solutions;
- 6. Critically evaluate intermediate influence of physical and transport solutions, especially in urban soundings.

1.4. Course content

- 1. Introduction to the course: goals and obligations of the course, work programme and taking exams;
- 2. Basic of spatial planning;
- 3. Spatial Plans;
- 4. Urban Plans;
- 5. Urban planning documents from transport systems and transport infrastructure view;
- 6. Correlation of spatial content and transport;
- 7. Basic of Land Use Transport Planning;
- 8. Land Use Transport Models: Spatial differentiations and System of Development Centres in Physical Plans;
- 9. Land Use Transport Models: Defining transport zones;
- 10. Land Use Transport Models: Defining systems of poles and connections system (functional-nodal







method) and transport routes. 1.5. Teaching methods Image: Seminars and workshops methods Image: Seminars and wor					
1.6. Comments the Primorsko-goranska County and get a concrete insight into the models spatial-traffic planning implemented for the needs of the Primorsko-gorans 1.7. Student's obligations Attending classes, written exam.					
Attending classes, written exam.					
1. O Europeantie 256 effetual entre auropeantie					
1.8. Evaluation ⁵⁶ of student's work					
Course attendance0.4Activity/ParticipationSeminar paperExperiment					
Written exam Oral exam 3 Essay Research					
Project Continuous assessment Report 2.6 Practical work					
Portfolio					
1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam					
questions and preparation of papers (scientific article), within which they will address some of the topics from the scope of the course. The exam will be oral and the exam questions will include a test of knowledge about each of the set learning outcomes. The final grade will be defined based on the arithmetic mean of the sum of grades of each of the listed activities in point 1.8: Evaluation of the student's work.					
1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)					
Krpan, Lj.: Modeli prostorno-prometnog planiranja, Sveučilište Sjever, Varaždin, 2015. (selected chapters) Own lectures.					
1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)					
 Rodrigue, J-P., et. all: The Geography of Transport Systems, Taylor@Francis Group, New York, 2006. Maletin, M.: Planiranje i projektovanje saobračajnica u gradovima, Orion art, Beograd, 2005. Štimac, M.: Prostorno planiranje u praksi, Glosa, Rijeka, 2010. 					
1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course					
Title Number of copies Number of student.					
Krpan, Lj.: Modeli prostorno-prometnog planiranja, Sveučilište Sjever, Varaždin, 2015. (selected chapters)33					
Own lectures Available online 3					
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences					
Quality assurance is monitored in accordance with the ISO 9001 system and the European standards and guidelines for quality assurance, implemented at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka. Yearly analysis of quantitative student examination data is conducted and appropriate measures are adopted accordingly.					

⁵⁶ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







MARINE AND COASTAL PROTECTION







General information				
Course coordinator	Damir Zec, PhD			
	Matej David, PhD			
Course title	Ballast water management and risk assessment			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies			
Course status	Elective			
Year	۱.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

Familiarize the student with the principles, methods, and limitations of ballast water management on ships and terminals, focusing on management policy and risk assessment methods.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- Discuss the basic principles of preventing the transport of invasive species by ballast waters;

- Develop a research programme to determine the ballast water terminal load;

- Design a baseline study program for given ports;

- Make a risk assessment for a port or ship.

1.4. Course content

Ships and ballast waters. Profile and transport of ballast water and capacities of different ship types. Influences and safety aspects of ballast water.

Negative impacts of ballast water on the environment, economy and human health. Processes of transfer of organisms via ballast water and various negative influences; case studies with significant adverse effects.

International Convention for the Management of Ballast Water and Sediments. The requirements of the Convention and the associated guidelines, in particular in the risk management section.

Technical requirements. National and regional requirements and approaches to ballast water management, in particular regarding risk assessment.

Methods and approaches to ballast water management. Methods of exchange of ballast water and methods of treatment of ballast waters, including possibilities and limitations.

Methods and approaches to risk assessment for ballast water management purposes. Risk assessment as required for implementation of the International Convention on the Management of Ballast Water and Sediment.

Inspection of the BWM Convention implementation. Inspection procedures and methods provided for in the Convention and guidelines, focusing on theoretical settings and the practical application of ballast water sampling procedures.

Decision-making systems for ballast water management. Methods and application of decision-making systems and early warning systems.

	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
1.5. Teaching	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
methods	exercises	laboratories
	ig long distance education	🗌 mentorship







					52	TOUCILISTE U RIVEL
		🗌 fieldwork		other		
1.6. Comments						
1.7. Student's o	obligat	ions				
The student must d	levelop	a risk assessment program	n for a selected	l case (a couple of p	orts, a line, or si	milar).
1.8. Evaluation	n ⁵⁷ of st	udent's work				
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Semina	r paper l	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	ł	Research	
Project	3	Continuous assessment	Report	F	Practical work	2.6
Portfolio						
1.9. Assessmer	nt and o	evaluation of student's wor	k during classe	s and on final exam		
the teaching proces - The research prog - The development - The risk study, inc 1.10. Ass 1. David, M., Gollas Solutions. Invading Dordrecht, 2015, D 2. IMO, Internation 2004, 13 February 2 1.11. Op 1. David, M., Gollasch sampling study in the 2. M. David, M. Perko Supporting Tool in Ba 3. David, M., Gollasch Baltic Sea case study. 4. David, M., Gollasch term or a clear issue 5. David M (2013) Ba	ss, in p gramme progra luding signed cch., S. Nature OI: 10. al Com 2004, I tional, n, S., Cal Medite pvič, V. S illast Wa n, S., Lep Marine n, S., Pav P Ecolog Ilast wa	e to investigate if the ballas imme of the baseline study all sources, is appropriate t reading (at the time of the s (Eds.) (2015) Global Maritin e, Springer Series in Invasion 1007/978-94-017-9367-4. vention for the Control and MO, London, 2004., incl. Gu / additional reading (at the brini, M., Perkovič, M., Bošnjal erranean Sea - the Port of Kop Suban, S. Gollasch, A Generic F ater Management, Dec. Supp. opäkoski, E., 2013. Risk assess e Pollution Bulletin 75, 205–21 vliha, M. (2013). Global ballast ical Applications 23 (2), 331–3	t water load is is appropriate so the conditio submission of s ne Transport a n Ecology 8, Sp Management uidelines G1-G time of propos k, D., Virgilio, D. er study. Marin Ballast Water Di Syst. 53 (2012) ment for exemp 7, DOI: 10.1016 t water manage 338. nonitoring - Rat	appropriate for the to the conditions so ns set. study programme pl nd Ballast Water M oringer Science + Bu of Ships' Ballast Wa 15 sing study programm (2007). Results from e Pollution Bulletin 54 scharge Assessment M 175-185, DOI: 10.101 stions from ballast wat j.marpolbul.2013.07 ment and the same lo fication of the BWM	chosen port co et in the selecte <i>roposal)</i> anagement – Iss siness Media, ter and Sedimer <i>ne)</i> the first ballast wa , 53-65. Model as a Decisio 6/j.dss.2012.01.0 rer management - .031. cation concept –	nditions. d port. sues and nts ater on 02. – The a clear
	course	of assigned reading copies v	with regula to			tenuniy
		Title		Number of copies	Number of	students
Solutions. Invading N	ature	nd Ballast Water Managemen		1	1-10)
IMO, International Convention for the Control and Management of Ships' Ballast Water and Sediments 2004, IMO, 13 February 2004, IMO, London, 2004., incl. Guidelines G1-G15Available online1-10						
Quality assurance is guidelines for quali	s moni ¹ ty assu	ng methods which ensure and tored in accordance with the rance, implemented at the nination data is conducted a	ne ISO 9001 sys Faculty of Ma	stem and the Europeritime Studies in Rije	ean standards ai ka. Yearly analy	nd sis of

⁵⁷ NOTE: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information				
Course coordinator	Damir Zec, PhD			
	Radoslav Radonja, PhD			
Course title	Sustainable fleet management			
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective			
Year	l.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

1.1. Course objectives

The course aims to familiarise students with a systematic approach to sustainability in shipping, principles of sustainable ship management or shipping, optimisation methods in shipping management, available technological solutions and development trends, and the effects of new technologies (especially AI) on maritime development.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

By completing the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Interpret guidelines and requirements imposed by sustainable development and sustainable maritime affairs at the global/local level,
- 2. Develop suitability criteria for a ship or a fleet taking into account environmental, technological, economic and social point of view,
- 3. Compare and critically assess different suitability criteria,
- 4. Create a program to optimise ship movements in the sea (water), conversion and transmission of energy,
- 5. Select a goal function and criteria to optimise ship management,
- 6. Assess the trends of sustainable development of ships and their impact on the economy, environment and social processes,
- 7. Critically judge the likelihood of emerging disruptive technologies in maritime affairs (autonomous ships, new propulsion and transport technologies), with particular emphasis on the sustainability of professional competencies and capacities.
- 1.4. Course content
- Sustainable development and sustainable maritime affairs: trends, legislation (global/regional/local), the necessity of active participation,
- Sustainability criteria (environmental, technological, economic, social) and their limitations,
- Principles and methods of optimising ship movement in the sea/water (construction, underwater coatings, resistance reduction, etc.), conversion and transmission of energy (fuel consumption, heat recovery systems, alternative energy sources, alternative fuels, ...),
- Principles and methods of optimising ship operations (ship/fleet/human management, transport management, optimisation of navigation according to weather conditions, optimisation of ship speed, optimisation of production and supply of electricity, ...),





- Strategies for ecological and technological development of ships and their economic and social impact,
- Autonomous vessels (safety, ecological, technological, economic and social aspects),
- The education system and sustainability of professional competencies and capacities for sustainable seafaring and sustainable ship/ship management

1.5. Teaching methods		 lectures seminars and worksho exercises long distance educatio fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 			
1.6. Comments Teaching may be performed by long-distance le necessary.				earning or	through consultatio	ons, if
1.7. Student's	obligat	ions				
Active participatio	n in the	course and individual assig	nments			
1.8. Evaluatio	n ⁵⁸ of st	tudent's work				
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	3.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						
1.9. Assessme	ent and	evaluation of student's worl	k during classes and a	on final exa	m	
 Research activity: creation of optimisation model for the shipowner in national maritime navigation; Problem-solving tasks: comparative analysis of the effectiveness of alternative levels of technologies and impulse systems; Research activity: assessment of the impact of new technologies (estimation of disruptive potential). 					ies and	
1.10. As	ssigned	reading (at the time of the s	submission of study p	programme	proposal)	
 The Fourth IMO GHG Study, MEPC 75/7/15, 2020 DNV Maritime Forecast to 2050 - 4th Edition, DNV, 2020 Assessment of selected alternative fuels and technologies, DNV, 2019 M. Zhang, M. Janic, L.A. Tavasszy, A Freight Transport Optimization Model for Integrated Network, Service, and Policy Design, Elsevier, 2015 Fleet Management and Logistics, edited by Teodor G. Crainic, Gilbert Laporte, Springer, 1998 Inge Norstad, Kjetil Fagerholt, Gilbert Laporte, Tramp ship routing and scheduling with speed optimisation, Transportation Research Part C: Emerging Technologies, 2011 Diez, M., Peri, D., Robust optimisation for ship conceptual design, Ocean Engineering, 2010 						

- 8. Online Optimization of Large Scale Systems, Grötschel, M., Krumke. S. O., Rambau, J., Springer, 2001
- 1.1. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)
- 1. Bielli, M., Bielli. A., Rossi. R., Trends in Models and Algorithms for Fleet Management, Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences, 2011
- 2. Papanikolaou, A., Holistic ship design optimisation, Computer-Aided Design, 2010

⁵⁸ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- Peri, D., Michele Rossetti, M., Campana, E. F., Design Optimisation of Ship Hulls via CFD Techniques, Journal of Ship Research, 2001
 Kim, S., Lee. K., An optimisation-based decision support system for ship scheduling, Computers & Industrial Engineering, 1997
 - 1.2. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
All titles	Available online	

1.3. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information					
Course coordinator	Lovro Maglić, PhD Marko Perković, PhD				
Course title	Sustainable navigation management				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	l.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The main course objective is to familiarize students with a sustainable approach to planning and process of ships' navigation, coastal and auxiliary systems that affect the organization of navigation, the principles of sustainable navigation management, optimization methods, technological and organizational solutions and new technologies in navigation management.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Students will be able to:

- Analyze national, European, and international regulations related to protection of the marine environment from the impact of ships during navigation;
- Analyze national, European, and international regulations related to enhancement of ship's safety and security during navigation;
- Interpret the principles, guidelines and requirements for the voyage planning and process of sustainable maritime navigation;
- Analyze and critically evaluate the measures of marine traffic monitoring systems on the safety of navigation and environmental pollution from ships;
- Analyze the system of monitoring, reporting, and verification of carbon dioxide emissions from ships and its impact on ships' navigation;
- Model maritime traffic from the aspect of navigational safety and the marine environment protection;
- Analyze the impact of various systems for the organization of maritime routes on marine environment protection;
- Develop criteria for the acceptability of the ship's voyage plan from the ecological, technological and economic aspects;
- Assess the development and the impact of new technologies in the field of monitoring ships during navigation with the aim of improving safety, security, and environmental protection (satellite systems, unmanned aerial vehicles, underwater ROVs, advanced sensors, etc.).
- 1.4. Course content
- Principles of sustainable development of maritime transport;
- National, European, and international regulations related to the protection of the marine environment





from ships during navigation;

- Restrictions and eligibility criteria from the safety, security and environmental protection aspect;
- Principles of reducing the impact on the environment during ship navigation (emissions of gases, noise, vibrations, harmful substances, etc.);
- Principles and methods of reducing the impact on the environment and increasing safety and security by monitoring and managing traffic routes;
- Optimization of navigation by implementation of national or regional regulations;
- Education and competencies system for the needs of sustainable navigation management;
- Development of culture and improvement of awareness on marine environment protection and safety of navigation;
- Development of innovative technologies for monitoring shipping routes.

	🔀 lectures	ig > individual assignment		
1.5. Teaching methods	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network		
	exercises	laboratories		
methous	\boxtimes long distance education	🔀 mentorship		
	🗌 fieldwork	other		
16 Commonte	If necessary, the lessons can be consultative o	r performed as long-distance		
1.6. Comments	education.			

1.7. Student's obligations

The obligations of students are based on the research into course objectives and the preparation of a seminar paper on the set research task.

1.8. Evaluation⁵⁹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay		Research	3.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio						

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

- Research assessment of the impact of new technologies in the control of harmful gas emissions on the shipping route;
- Research assessment of the impact of new technologies in the examination of a suitable place for determining the boundaries of the port anchorage;
- Research development of an environmental pollution model by optimizing the planned ship's route;
- Research development of a model estimating the probability of a maritime accident by introducing restrictive measures of the VTS on a certain shipping route.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- UN A/RES/70/1 Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- The Fourth IMO GHG Study, MEPC 75/7/15, 2020
- Sustainable Shipping, A Cross-Disciplinary View, Psaraftis, Harilaos N., (Ed), Springer, 2019.
- Oil Pollution in the Mediterranean Sea: Part II National Case Studies, Angela Carpenter and Andrey G.Kostianoy (Ed.), Springer, 2018.
- REGULATION (EU) 2015/757 E on the monitoring, reporting and verification of carbon dioxide emissions from maritime transport.

⁵⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.



University of Rijeka

FACULTY OF MARITIME STUDIES



- Panagakos G., et al., Monitoring the Carbon Footprint of Dry Bulk Shipping in the EU: An Early Assessment of the MRV Regulation, Sustainability, 2019, 11(18).
- Porathe T., A Navigating Navigator Onboard or a Monitoring Operator Ashore? Towards Safe, Effective, and Sustainable Maritime Transportation: Findings from Five Recent EU Projects, Transportation Research Procedia, Vol. 14, 2016.
- Parrot L., et al., A decision support system to assist the sustainable management of navigation activities in the St. Lawrence River Estuary, Canada, Environmental Modelling & Software, Vol. 26 (12), 2011.
- Chintoan-Uta, M.; Ramos Silva, J., Global maritime domain awareness: a sustainable development perspective, WMU Journal of Maritime Affairs, 16, 2017.

1.11.	Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)
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N/A

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending							
the course							
Title Number of copies Number of students							
Sustainable Shipping, / (Ed), Springer, 2019.	A Cross-Disciplinary View, Psaraftis, Harilaos N.,	1	1-10				
Other titles Available online 1-10							
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences							







General information						
Course coordinator	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD	Aleksandar Cuculić, PhD				
Course title	Emission limitation – electrical propulsion systems					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>					
Course status	Elective					
Year	١.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to provide students with the necessary knowledge in the field of electric propulsion systems and related technologies, which enable the realization of modern ships with reduced or completely reduced emissions of carbon dioxide and other products harmful to the environment and health. All the dominant factors from the point of view of the ship and the necessary supporting infrastructure on shore, which are necessary for the development of environmentally friendly and sustainable ships, are analyzed, taking into account the type, purpose and specifics of the operation. The safety aspects of the application of these technologies on board are also considered.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

- 1.3. Expected course learning outcomes
 - After passing the exam students will be able to:
- 1. Understand the basic concepts and know the components of electric marine propulsion and related technologies.
- 2. Describe the methods of electricity storage and explain the potential applications of energy storage devices in the ship's electrical system.
- 3. Identify the types and know the basic characteristics of electrochemical batteries.
- 4. Explain the problems of using hydrogen and hydrogen cells on board.
- 5. Define indicators of energy efficiency of electric propulsion systems.
- 6. Critically evaluate the influence of certain factors of the electric propulsion system on increasing energy efficiency and reducing emissions.
- 7. Assess the requirements to be met by the supporting shore infrastructure.
- 8. Apply the acquired knowledge to evaluate and select the appropriate electric propulsion system concept according to the type and purpose of the vessel in order to reduce harmful emissions and increase sustainability.
- 1.4. Course content

Theoretical determinants and concepts of electric marine propulsion. Types, characteristics and theoretical basis of electrochemical battery, fuel cell and energy storage technologies. Indicators of energy efficiency of ships. Power management to increase the environmental efficiency of the ship and maximize the efficiency of available electricity from batteries and other sources. Project definition of a ship with electric propulsion with the aim of reducing the impact on the marine environment.

	Univer FACUL	sity of Rijeka TY OF MARITIME STUDIE S	5		U	Π		ALL STATES	rubiorum Alt
1.5. Teaching methods Iectures Image: Section of the section			laboratories						
1.6. Comme	nts								
1.7. Student'	s obligat	tions							
Attendance (lectu	ires or c	onsultations); conducting re	esearc	h and wr	iting a sem	ninar pa	aper;	oral exam.	
1.8. Evaluatio	on ⁶⁰ of s	tudent's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar	paper	2	Exp	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1	Essay			Rese	earch	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Prac	ctical work	
Portfolio									
1.9. Assessm	ent and	evaluation of student's wor	rk durii	ng classes	s and on fil	nal exa	m		
The stude	ents are	evaluated through class att	endan	nce, resea	rch and th	e final	oral	exam.	
1.10. A	ssigned	reading (at the time of the	submi	ssion of s	tudy progr	ramme	, prop	osal)	
maritime 2. MUKUND	applicat , R. PAT	me Safety Agency: Study or tions – technology, sustaina EL. Shipboard propulsion, p Ils and published papers of l	bility a	and safet electroni	y, EMSA 20	020.			
1.11. C	Optional	/ additional reading (at the	time d	of proposi	ing study p	orograr	nme)		
1. Borstlap,	René, H	ans Ten Katen, and Klaas Do	okkum	n. Ships' E	lectrical Sy	/stems	. Dok	mar, 2011.	
	Number 1e course	of assigned reading copies e	with re	egard to t	the numbe	r of sti	udent	s currently atte	ending
		Title			Number	of cop	oies	Number of st	tudents
European Maritime Safety Agency: Study on electrical energy storage for ships - battery systems for maritime applications – technology, sustainability and safety, EMSA 2020.					1				
	MUKUND, R. PATEL. Shipboard propulsion, power electronics, and ocean energy. ROUTLEDGE, 2017.			1 1					
		lished papers of lecturers			Availab	le onlir	ne	1	
1.13. Quality r	nonitori	ng methods which ensure a	cquire	ment of a	output kno	wledge	e, skill	ls and compete	ences
guidelines for qu	ality ass	nitored in accordance with urance, implemented at th nination data is conducted a	ie Faci	ulty of M	aritime St	udies i	n Rije	eka. Yearly and	alysis of

⁶⁰ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information						
Course coordinator	Biserka Rukavina, PhD	Biserka Rukavina, PhD				
Course title	Legal aspects of marine environment protection					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>					
Course status	Elective					
Year	1.					
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6					
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12					

1.1. Course objectives

The education and advancement of researchers capable of undertaking research in the field of marine environment protection, in particular to conduct research on the promotion of maritime safety standards, to actively contribute to the effectiveness of marine environment management and being trained to respect international obligations and transfer of knowledge.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Expected learning outcomes are the ability to research and analyze in the field of marine environment protection, especially to conduct research to promote maritime safety standards, actively contribute to the effectiveness of marine environmental management and be able to comply with international obligations and transfer knowledge in legal aspects of marine environmental protection.

1.4. Course content

The definition of the marine environment. Safety of Maritime Navigation (International Maritime Organization, the European Maritime Safety Agency, the organization of administrative inspection and technical professional activities in the Republic of Croatia, maritime navigation). Maritime domain and ports. Ship (concept and types, elements of individualization of ships, registration of ships, ship safety, calibration of ships, books and documents). Floating units. Boat and yacht. The role of the human factor (stakeholders on land, master and crew). International, regional and national sources of law on protection of marine environment. Implementation and control of international standards of environmental protection. The requirements for maritime industry, government and non-governmental organizations, and public awareness development.

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		
1.7. Student's obligat	ions	

70% in teaching and 30% on the final exam (according to the Regulations on Studies of the University of Rijeka





and the Regulation on studying at the Faculty of Maritime Studies in Rijeka). Monitoring the work of students through attendance, class participation, seminar paper and continuous assessment. The final exam assesses the theoretical knowledge in the field of legal aspects of marine environmental protection.

1.8. Evaluation⁶¹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	1.8	Essay		Research	
Project		Continuous assessment	2.8	Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Specify the objectives of marine environment protection.

Describe the principles of biodiversity protection.

Explain the coastal protection instruments.

Specify the importance of the ecosystem approach to governance.

Describe the process of establishing protected marine areas.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

• Luttenberger, Axel, Osnove međunarodnog prava mora, Rijeka, 2006.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

• Runko Luttenberger, Lidija, Luttenberger, Axel Environmental impact assessment of nautical ports projects, 19th International Conference on Transport Science ICTS 2020, Congress Proceedings, Fakulteta za pomorstvo in promet, Portorož, pp. 200-205

• Luttenberger, Axel, Governance and Marine Spatial Planning, Mediterranean Issue, Book 2, Reflection on the Mediterranean, Institute of Social Sciences Ivo Pilar, VERN Group, Croatia Academy of Science and Art, uro-Meditteranean Academic Network, 2019, pp. 231-237

• Luttenberger, Axel, Legal Framework for Marine Environmental Governance, 8th International Maritime Science Conference, Faculty of Maritime Studies in Kotor University of Montenegro and Faculty of Maritime Studies in Split University of Split, Book of Proceedings, Kotor, 2019, pp.481-487

• Luttenberger, Axel, Challenges in regulating marine litter in a semi-enclosed sea, 2nd International Scientific Conference of Maritime Law, Modern Challenges of Marine Navigation, Faculty of Law University of Split, Split, 2018, pp.151-161

• Runko Luttenberger, Lidija, Luttenberger, Axel, The role of insurance and tourism industries in achieving climate resilience, Tourism & Hospitality Industry 2018, Congress Proceedings, Faculty of Tourism and Hospitality Management, Opatija, 2018, pp. 383-393

• Luttenberger, Axel, Runko Luttenberger, Lidija, Stakeholders in abating marine litter in the Adriatic, 18thInternational Conference on Traffic Science, Slovenian Society of Traffic Science, University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Maritime Studies, University of Split, Faculty of Maritime Studies, Portorož, 2018, pp.220-225

• Luttenberger, Axel, Regulating marine litter in circular economy, 1st International Scientific Conference of Maritime Law, Modern Challenges of Marine Navigation, Faculty of Law University of Split, Split, 2017, pp.235-251

• Luttenberger, Axel, Runko Luttenberger Lidija, Challenges in regulating environmental crimes, 7th International Maritime Science Conference - IMSC 2017, Faculty of Maritime Studies, Split, 2017, pp.213-220

• Luttenberger, Axel, Runko Luttenberger, Lidija, Sustainable procurement and environmental life-cycle costing in maritime transport, World Maritime University Journal of Maritime Affairs, Malmo, 2016, pp 1-13,

⁶¹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







doi:10.1007/s13437-016-0116-6

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending				
Number of copies	Number of students			
Luttenberger, Axel, Osnove međunarodnog prava mora, Rijeka, 2006				
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences				
	Number of copies			







General information				
Course coordinator	Žarko Koboević, PhD Jelena Čulin, PhD			
Course title	Pollution prevention by solid and liquid substance	ces		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective	Elective		
Year	Ι.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	eaching Number of hours (L+E+S) 12			

1.1. Course objectives

The objectives of the course are to study the pollution of the sea and coastal areas with solid and liquid substances from vessels.

Familiarization of PhD students with international and national legal regulations related to such pollution. Study of pollution sources and hazardous practices and shipboard practices in the handling of solid and liquid substances. Introducing the equipment and devices on ships for the prevention of marine pollution as well as their practical application but also the examples improper use.

The course aim insists on the presentation of practical procedures for the purpose of managing solid and liquid substances on ships, either as cargo or as waste.

PhD students will develop an awareness of the procedures and practices for disposing of solid and liquid substances from ships in an environmentally friendly manner.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

It is expected that PhD students after attending lectures, writing a seminar paper, publishing a scientific paper after research on the assigned topic and passing the exam will be able to do the following:

- Identify harmful substances that the ship releases or may release into the environment and describe and define the level of harmfulness of the released substances,

- Describe and compare the requirements of international and national regulations for the prevention of marine pollution from ships,

- Understand the principles of operation of various devices and equipment for the prevention of marine pollution with solid and liquid substances from vessels,

- Apply and adapt the acquired knowledge to create plans or procedures for the handling of devices for the disposal of solid and liquid waste in an environmentally friendly manner on board vessels,

- Independently assess the level of harmfulness of an individual ship or ship system, and identify and categorize according to the priorities of action with regard to the risks or consequences of marine pollution.

- Design and anticipate possible scenarios of harmful events of pollution with solid and liquid substances from vessels and propose or create preventive measures for them that will reduce or eliminate harmful consequences for the environment.

- Conduct and interpret research tasks in the field of protection of marine pollution by solid and liquid substances.







1.4. Course content

Generally about solid and liquid harmful substances discharged into the sea. Harmful effect of solids and liquids on the marine environment. Harmful impact of cargo systems, ballast systems, engine room systems and accomodation systems on the marine environment.

International and national legal regulations for the prevention of pollution by solid and liquid substances from vessels.

Machinery and devices on board vessels for processing solid and liquid substances as waste for discharge from ship or disposal on land in an environmentally friendly manner.

Bilge separators, solid waste and oil sludge incinerators, compactors, presses and crushers. Black and gray wastewater treatment plants, advanced sanitary water treatment plants. Processing and disposal of bio-waste and ash.

Procedures for handling solid and liquid substances on board vessels in order to prevent pollution from vessels. Improper procedures or operational practices in handling solid and liquid waste on ships.

 1.5. Teaching methods Iectures Seminars and workshops exercises Iong distance education 	🔀 lectures	🔀 individual assignment
	seminars and workshops	multimedia and network
		laboratories
	\bigotimes long distance education	🔀 mentorship
	🗌 fieldwork	other

1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Attendance and activity in classes, seminar paper and implementation of research on a current topic of prevention of pollution from vessels; preparation of a scientific paper for publication in a scientific journal on the researched topic. Exam.

1.8. Evaluation⁶² of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	1	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	0.6	Essay		Research	4
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

- independent student work based on theoretical knowledge through the preparation of a seminar paper

- applicative contribution based on conducted research and preparation for publication of scientific paper - knowledge on oral exam

1.10.

Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. *Barcelona Convention* for the Protection of the Marine Environment and the Coastal Region of the Mediterranean, 1995., (Official Gazette International agreements, no. 17/98)
- 2. Svein Kristiansen, Safety Management and Risk Analysis, Elsevier Butterwort-Heinmann, Norfolk, 2005.

3. Klaas van Dokkum: Ship Knowledge, Covering Ship Design, Construction and Operation, Dokmar, 2006

4. Maritime Code (Official Gazette, no. 181/04, 76/07)

5. MARPOL Convention, (Official Gazette – International agreements, no. 1/92, 4/05)

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

⁶² **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- 1. Ž. Koboević: Model onečišćenja mora crnim otpadnim vodama s plovila, doktorska disertacija, Rijeka, Pomorski fakultet u Rijeci, 2015.
- 2. Ćorić D.: Onečišćenje mora s brodova Međunarodna i nacionalna pravna regulativa, Pravni fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, Rijeka 2009.
- Koboević, Žarko; Mišković, Darijo; Capor Hrošik, Romana; Koboević, Nikša: Analysis of Sea Pollution by Sewage from Vessels // Sustainability – (Special Issue Maritime Transportation: Risks, Health and Environmental Protections), volume 14(1)263 (2022) Doi:10.3390/su14010263
- 4. Koboević Ž., Komadina P., Kurtela Ž.: Protection of the Seas from Pollution by Vessel's Sewage with Reference to Legal Regulations, Promet Traffic & Transportation, Vol. 23, Zagreb 2011. pp. 377-387
- 5. Koboević Ž.; Krmek, I.:Napredni sustavi za tretiranje fekalnih voda na kruzerima // Knowledge International Journal, vol.43(3) / Skopje, 2020. str. 533-539
- Koboević, Ž; Jovančević, M; Jurjević, M; Car, M.:Integrated Systems for Processing All Types of Waste on Ships // Book of Proceedings 8th International Maritime Science Conference, April11th-12th 2019. Budva Montenegro / Kotor: Birokonto, Herceg Novi, 2019. str. 283-294
- 7. Mišković, D; Kurtela, Ž; Koboević, Ž.: Procjena rizika od izlijevanja nafte u more s tankera // Suvremeni promet : časopis za pitanja teorije i prakse prometa, 37 (2017), 1-2; 48-53
- EMSA/OP/05/05/, Final Report Study on ships producing reduced quantities of ships generated waste present situation and future opportunities to encourage the development of cleaner ships, HPTI – Hamburg Port Training Institute GmbH, 2005, available from: (http://emsa.europa.eu/about/download/1160/714/23.html)
- EC Directive, (2007), Commission Directive 2007/71/EC of 13th December 2007 amending Annex II of Directive 2000/59/EC of the European Parliament and the Council on port reception facilities for shipgenerated waste and cargo residues, dostupno na:

http://eurex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32007L0071:EN:NOT

- 10. Strategija pomorskog razvitka i integralne pomorske politike Republike Hrvatske za razdoblje od 2014. do 2020. godine, Ministarstvo pomorstva, prometa i infrastrukture; Zagreb srpanj 2014., dostupno na: http://www.mppi.hr/UserDocsImages/POMORSKA%20STARTEGIJA%20VRH%202207201%20web%2026-7_14.pdf
 - 10.1. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

Title	Number of copies	Number of students
Barcelona Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment and the Coastal Region of the Mediterranean, 1995., (Official Gazette – International agreements, no. 17/98)	Available online	1
Svein Kristiansen, Safety Management and Risk Analysis, Elsevier Butterwort-Heinmann, Norfolk, 2005.	1	1
Klaas van Dokkum: Ship Knowledge, Covering Ship Design, Constuction and Operation, Dokmar, 2006	1	1
Maritime Code (Official Gazette, no. 181/04, 76/07)	Available online	1
MARPOL Convention, (Official Gazette – International agreements, no. 1/92, 4/05)	Available online	1

10.2. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information			
Course coordinator	Mirano Hess, PhD Mirjana Kovačić, PhD		
Course title	Coastal zone management and sustainable deve	Coastal zone management and sustainable development	
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>		
Course status	Elective		
Year	Ι.		
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6		
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12	

- 1.1. Course objectives
- 1. The theory and practice research of coastal zone management in the world and in Croatia
- 2. Analyze the role of public administration in the development of the coastal area and the social and private sector whose activities are related to the management and use of the coastal area
- 3. Analyze the interdependence of development planning/management and sustainable development, on selected case studies
- 4. Research and analyze of coastal zone management models
- 5. Analyze the methodology of coastal zone valorisation

Specific objective:

- 6. Analyze the fundamental issues and problems of growth and development and the problems of sustainability in order to understand the processes taking place in the coastal area and plan balanced development
 - 1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the theoretical and legislative determinants of coastal zone management
- 2. Understand the role of public administration in the development of the coastal area as well as other stakeholders involved in the management and use of the coastal area.
- 3. Explain the interdependence of coastal zone planning / management and sustainable development.
- 4. Understand and critically explain different models of coastal zone management
- 5. Understand, explain and apply coastal valorisation methods and development scenario methods
- 6. Explain and apply multicriteria analysis methods in coastal zone evaluation
- 7. Understand the fundamental issues and problems of growth and development and the problems of sustainability and a holistic approach to development

1.4. Course content

- 1. INTRODUCTION: previous research, The role of the coastal area in the economic development of the country
- 2. THEORETICAL APPROACH TO COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT AND PLANNING: coastal zone management mechanisms and instruments, coordination and role of public administration and citizens in coastal zone





development, sustainable coastal zone development

- 3. INTEGRATED COASTAL GOVERNANCE: institutional framework, methodology, EU, regions and regional development, world
- 4. COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT IN CROATIA: organization and structure of public administration, Institutional and intellectual capacities, maritime domain management, institute of concessions, legislative framework, planning as part of coastal zone management
- 5. BEACH MANAGEMENT: theoretical approach of beaches' classification, valorisation methods, world and Croatian experiences, management models

· · · · · ·	8	
1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		

1.7. Student's obligations

Problem research and analysis, critical review, under mentorship, with the aim of presenting the results in the form of a scientific work.

1.8. $Evaluation^{63}$ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	Research	5.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Demonstration of understanding the items listed in the course content through discussion with the student, 1 ECTS credit. Assessment of the quality of the performed scientific research, and assessment of the value of the obtained results from the theoretical and practical aspect, 5 ECTS credits.

- 1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)
- 1. Cicin Sain, B., Pavlin I., Belfiore S.: Sustainable Coastal Management A Transatlantic and Euro-Mediterranean Perspective: "The role of regional economic agreements in marine resource conservation", Gonzalo, C., Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 2002.
- 2. Črnjar K., Črnjar M.: *Menadžment održivog razvoja*, Fakultet za menadžment u turizmu i ugostiteljstvu u Opatiji, Sveučilište u Rijeci, 2009.
- Fabiano M., Marin V., Paoli C., Vassallo P., 2009. Methods for the Sustainability Evaluation of Coastal Zone, Journal of Mediterranean Ecology vol. 10, p. 5-11. Available at: <u>http://www.jmecology.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/5-12-Fabiano.pdf</u>
- 4. Filipić, P., Šimunović, I.: *O ekonomiji obalnih područja, planiranje i upravljanje*, Sveučilište u Splitu, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 1993.
- Kitsiou D., Coccossis H., Karydis M., 2002. Multidimensional evaluation and ranking of coastal areas using GIS and Multiple criteria choice methods, An International Journal for Scientific Reaserch: The Science of the Total Environment, Volume 284, p. 1-17. Available at: <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-9697(01)00851-8</u>

⁶³ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- Kovačić, M. Komadina, P: Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u 6. Rijeci, 2011.
- 1.11. *Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)*
- 1. Crossland, Christopher J., Baird, D., Ducrotoy, J.P., Lindeboom, H.: The Coastal Zone a Domain of Global Interactions, In book: Coastal Fluxes in the Anthropocene, 2005.
- 2. Kovačić, M., Mrvica, A., Šimić Hlača, M.: Analytical Research Regarding the Methodological Suitability of the Multi- Criteria Analysis for the Scientific Evaluation of the Coastal Area// Journal Transactions on Maritime Science Vol. 9 (2020), No. 2; 316-323 doi:10.7225/toms.v09.n02.013.
- 3. Kovačić, M., Luković, T., Saftić, D.: Geographic Information System in Coastal Area Management, 30th International Conference on Organizational Science Development. "Future Organization" 30 (2011); Portorož, 615-624.
- 4. Kovačić, M., Jurić, M. Lekić, R.: Responsibility of Public Administration in the Protection of Coastal Area during the Adoption Process to EU - Case Study of Croatia, 32nd International Conference on Organizational Science Development. "Smart Organization. High Potential. Lean Organization. Internet of Things." 32 (2013); Portorož, p. 432-441.
- 5. Gundić, A., Jašić, D., Kovačić, M.: Problems of Equal Development of the Coastal Region Šibenik Knin County, 4th Conference of the Adriatic Forum, Geopolitical Issuea of the Adriatic – Yesterday, Today, Tomorow, 16th – 18th September 2011, Zadar, Croatia.
- 6. Williams, A.; Micaleff, A.: Beach Management: Principle & Practice, Earthscan Publications Ltd., London, U.K., 2009.

1.12.	Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending
	the course

	the course		
	Title	Number of copies	Number of students
1.	CiCin Sain, B., Pavlin I., Belfiore S.: Sustainable Coastal Management - A Transatlantic and Euro-Mediterranean Perspective: "The role of regional economic agreements in marine resource conservation", Gonzalo, C., Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 2002.	1	1
2.	Črnjar K., Črnjar M.: Menadžment održivog razvoja, Fakultet za menadžment u turizmu i ugostiteljstvu u Opatiji, Sveučilište u Rijeci, 2009.	1	1
3.	Fabiano M., Marin V., Paoli C., Vassallo P., 2009. Methods for theSustainability Evaluation of Coastal Zone, Journal of MediterraneanEcology vol. 10, p. 5-11. Available at:http://www.jmecology.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/5-12-Fabiano.pdf	1	1
4.	Filipić, P., Šimunović, I.: O ekonomiji obalnih područja, planiranje i upravljanje, Sveučilište u Splitu, Ekonomski fakultet Split, 1993.	1	1
5.	Kitsiou D., Coccossis H., Karydis M., 2002. Multidimensional evaluation and ranking of coastal areas using GIS and Multiple criteria choice methods, An International Journal for Scientific Reaserch: The Science of the Total Environment, Volume 284, p. 1- 17. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-9697(01)00851-8	1	1
6.	Kovačić, M. Komadina, P: Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, 2011.	1	1

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information				
Course coordinator	Biserka Rukavina, PhD			
	Mirjana Kovačić, PhDs			
Course title	Marine spatial planning and protection of the m	Marine spatial planning and protection of the marine environment		
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>			
Course status	Elective	Elective		
Year	Ι.			
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12		

- 1.1. Course objectives
- 1. The theory and practice research of marine spatial planning in the world and in Croatia
- 2. Analyse and interpret the importance of the existence of an appropriate legal framework for the management of the coastal area
- 3. Analyse the basic principles of marine spatial planning and the importance of implementation in the function of evaluating and protecting the marine area
- 4. Analyse the interdependence of development planning/management and marine spatial planning, on selected case studies
- 5. Research and analyse marine spatial planning models in the function of evaluating and protecting the marine environment
- 6. Analyse the methodology and tools (GIS) necessary for shaping and mapping the marine space Special objective:
- 7. Analyse the fundamental legal issues and problems of the establishment of marine spatial planning, as well as sustainability problems in order to understand the processes that take place in the marine environment

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the theoretical and legislative determinants of marine spatial planning
- 2. Understand the role of public administration in the establishment of marine spatial planning as well as other stakeholders participating in the management and use of the marine environment
- 3. Explain the interdependence of planning/management and marine spatial planning
- 4. Understand and critically explain different models and approaches to marine spatial planning
- 5. Understand, explain and apply valorisation methods and tools (GIS) necessary for the design and mapping of marine space
- 6. Explain and apply the methods of multi-criteria analysis in the protection of the marine environment
- 7. Understand the fundamental legal and other issues and problems of the valorisation and protection of the marine environment

1.4. Course content

1. INTRODUCTION: previous research, the role of marine spatial planning in the economic development of the







country

- 2. THEORETICAL APPROACH to MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING: legal framework, management of the distribution of human activities in space and time in order to achieve ecological, economic and social goals and outcomes
- 3. MARINE ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT: theoretical/holistic approach to management, world and Croatian experiences of marine spatial planning/management models
- 4. MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING and INTEGRATED COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT: institutional framework, mechanisms and instruments for the protection of the marine environment, the role of public administration and citizens in the valorisation of the marine environment
- 5. EVALUATION OF MARINE ENVIRONMENT/ MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING: spatial planning in the function of MSP, development scenarios
- 6. METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH TO MSP: spatial analysis and resource categorization, activity mapping, modelling using GIS tools
- 7. MULTI-CRITERIA ANALYSIS: Application of VKA methods in marine area zoning, practical examples of problem solving

1.5. Teaching methods	 lectures seminars and workshops exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other
1.6. Comments		

- 1.0. 0011110110
- 1.7. Student's obligations

Problem research and analysis, critical review, under mentorship, with the aim of presenting the results in the form of a scientific work.

1.8. Evaluation⁶⁴ of student's work

Course attendance	0.5	Activity/Participation	Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay	Research	5.6
Project		Continuous assessment	Report	Practical work	
Portfolio					

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Demonstration of understanding the items listed in the course content through discussion with the student, 1 ECTS credit.

Assessment of the quality of the scientific research, and assessment of the value of the obtained results from the theoretical and practical aspect, 5 ECTS credits.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Ansong, J., H. Calado, H., Gilliland, P.M.: A multifaceted approach to building capacity for marine/maritime spatial planning based on European experience, Marine Policy, 2019, 103422, ISSN 0308-597X, (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0308597X18304056)
- 2. Direktiva 2008/56/EZ o uspostavi okvira za djelovanje Zajednice u području politike morskog okoliša, SL L 164, 25.6.2008.
- 3. Direktiva 2014/89/EU Europskog parlamenta i Vijeća od 23. srpnja 2014. o uspostavi okvira za prostorno planiranje morskog područja, SL L 257, 28.8.2014.

⁶⁴ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.





- 4. Fabiano M., Marin V., Paoli C., Vassallo P., 2009. Methods for the Sustainability Evaluation of Coastal Zone, Journal of Mediterranean Ecology vol. 10, p. 5-11. Available at: http://www.jmecology.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/5-12-Fabiano.pdf
- 5. Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the Directorate-General for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries of the European Commission, MSPglobal: International guide on marine/maritime spatial planning. 2021. https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000379196.
- 6. Kovačić, M., Rukavina, B., Perinić, L.: Marine spatial planning in Croatia legal and technical aspects, Pomorstvo, 36 (2022), 1; 14-21.
- 7. Kovačić, M., Zekić, A., Rukavina, B. (2016). Maritime Spatial Planning in Croatia–Necessity or Opportunity for Balanced Development. Pomorstvo, 30 (1), 82-87.
- 8. Kovačić, M. Komadina, P: Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, 2011.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Crossland, Christopher J., Baird, D., Ducrotoy, J.P., Lindeboom, H.: The Coastal Zone a Domain of Global Interactions, In book: Coastal Fluxes in the Anthropocene, 2005.
- Kovačić, M., Mrvica, A., Šimić Hlača, M.: Analytical Research Regarding the Methodological Suitability of the Multi-Criteria Analysis for the Scientific Evaluation of the Coastal Area// Journal Transactions on Maritime Science Vol. 9 (2020), No. 2; 316-323 doi:10.7225/toms.v09.n02.013.
- 3. Kovačić, M., Luković, T., Saftić, D.: Geographic Information System in Coastal Area Management, 30th International Conference on Organizational Science Development. "Future Organization" 30 (2011); Portorož, 615-624.
- Kovačić, M., Jurić, M. Lekić, R.: Responsibility of Public Administration in the Protection of Coastal Area during the Adoption Process to EU – Case Study of Croatia, 32nd International Conference on Organizational Science Development. "Smart Organization. High Potential. Lean Organization. Internet of Things." 32 (2013); Portorož, p. 432-441.
- 5. Gundić, A., Jašić, D., Kovačić, M.: Problems of Equal Development of the Coastal Region Šibenik Knin County, 4th Conference of the Adriatic Forum, Geopolitical Issuea of the Adriatic – Yesterday, Today, Tomorow, 16th – 18th September 2011, Zadar, Croatia.
- 6. Zaucha, J., Gee, K. 2020. Maritime Spatial Planning: Past, Present, Future (Cham, Switzerland: Palgrave Macmillan, 2018), 477 pp., Ocean Yearbook Online, 34(1), 614-618. https://doi.org/10.1163/22116001-03401037
 - 1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course

	the course						
	Title	Number of copies	Number of students				
1.	Ansong, J., H. Calado, H., Gilliland, P.M.: A multifaceted approach to building capacity for marine/maritime spatial planning based on European experience, Marine Policy, 2019, 103422, ISSN 0308-597X, Available online: (<u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0308597X1830</u> 4056)	Available online	1-5				
2.	Direktiva 2008/56/EZ o uspostavi okvira za djelovanje Zajednice u području politike morskog okoliša, SL L 164, 25.6.2008. Available online: <u>https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-</u> <u>content/HR/ALL/?uri=CELEX:32008L0056</u>	Available online	1-5				
3.	Direktiva 2014/89/EU Europskog parlamenta i Vijeća od 23. srpnja 2014. o uspostavi okvira za prostorno planiranje morskog područja, SL L 257, 28.8.2014. Available online: <u>https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-</u> <u>content/HR/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32014L0089</u>	Available online	1-5				
4.	Fabiano M., Marin V., Paoli C., Vassallo P., 2009. Methods for the Sustainability Evaluation of Coastal Zone, Journal of Mediterranean Ecology vol. 10, p. 5-11. Available online: <u>http://www.jmecology.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/5-12-</u> <u>Fabiano.pdf</u>	Available online	1-5				



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5. Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the Directorate-General for Maritime Affairs and Fisheries of the European Commission, MSPglobal: International guide on marine/maritime spatial planning. 2021. Available online: https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000379196	Available online	1-5
 Kovačić, M., Rukavina, B., Perinić, L.: Marine spatial planning in Croatia – legal and technical aspects, Pomorstvo, 36 (2022), 1; 14- 21. Available online: <u>https://hrcak.srce.hr/279298</u> 	Available online	1-5
 Kovačić, M., Zekić, A., Rukavina, B. (2016). Maritime Spatial Planning in Croatia–Necessity or Opportunity for Balanced Development. Pomorstvo, 30 (1), 82-87. Available online: <u>https://hrcak.srce.hr/clanak/236743</u> 	Available online	1-5
 Kovačić, M. Komadina, P: Upravljanje obalnim područjem i održivi razvoj, Pomorski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, 2011. 	1	1-5

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information					
Course coordinator	Frano Barbir, PhD				
Course title	Hydrogen Technologies in Shipping				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Course objectives

The objectives of the course are:

To introduce the student to the necessity of decarbonization of the energy sector, with a special emphasis on transport, which includes maritime transport. In doing so, it is important to know the IMO regulations regarding emissions of harmful gases.

To introduce the student to hydrogen fuel, produced from renewable energy sources, as one of the possible solutions of decarbonization, with the state of technologies of production, storage and application of hydrogen and possible directions of development, with problems that may arise in the application of hydrogen as a fuel in maritime transport, in comparison with other alternative fuels and their advantages and disadvantages. To provide the student with the knowledge that he/she can independently analyze and compare different decarbonization options from a technical, environmental and economic aspect.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

After passing the exam students will be able to:

1. Understand necessity and urgency for decarbonization of the energy sector, particularly in transport, and understand the role of hydrogen produced from renewable energy sources.

2. Understand the challenges of hydrogen use in shipping and be aware of advantages and especially disadvantages in comparison with other alternatives.

3. Applied acquired knowledge in evaluation and selection of adequate technical solutions in corresponding to the ship type and use.

4. Determine the needs that must be satisfied by the onshore infrastructure.

5. Independently analyze and compare different decarbonization solutions from technical, environmental and economic aspect.

6. Critically evaluate and be able to communicate with fellow experts, the scientific community and the wider community on the field of hydrogen technologies and their application in maritime sector

1.4. Course content

- Necessity for decarbonization of the energy sector, particularly the transport
- IMO emission restrictions
- Hydrogen and its properties
- Role of hydrogen in decarbonization of energy sector





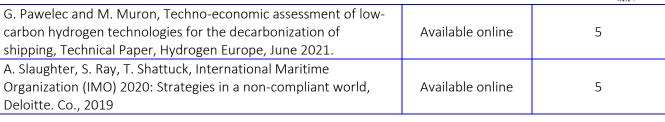


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Fuel cellsHydroger	and electric storage duced fr	e, safety aspects om hydrogen (methanol, am s		neir use in	shippin			
1.5. Teaching methods		 lectures seminars and workshop exercises long distance education fieldwork 	 individual assignment multimedia and network laboratories mentorship other 					
1.6. Comme	nts							
1.7. Student's	s obligat	ions						
•		ndance, literature review, ind of a seminar paper.	dividual resea	rch, gathe	ring and	d anal	lysing data, sy	nthesis
1.8. Evaluatio	on ⁶⁵ of st	tudent's work						
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation	Semina	r paper	3	Expe	eriment	
Written exam		Oral exam	Essay				earch	2.6
Project Portfolio		Continuous assessment	Report			Prac	tical work	
		evaluation of student's work						
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		ation should be accompanied by a nd to the ECTS value of the course						o that







1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







NAVAL SYSTEMS







General information					
Course coordinator	<i>Professor emeritus</i> Serđo Kos, PhD Luka Mihanović, PhD				
Course title Geopolitics and geostrategy					
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	١.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient 6				
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is the presentation of geostrategy as a part of geopolitics which deals with the research of geographic factors with impact on the political and military planning of action of a specific state in the realization of national interests. Geopolitics studies geographical and political characteristics of a certain region (influence of geography on politics). Geostrategy studies military planning aspects aiming at achieving the defined national goals (application of military power on specifically critical area on Earth, directed towards the creation of political presence in international system).

Students will learn about the term of geostrategy and its connection with geopolitics. Also, geostrategy will be presented through its evolutional phases – development of land power (Clausewitz and Jomini), maritime power (Mahan, Corbett, Mackinder), aerial power (Dhouet, Mitchell, Seversky), nuclear power (Brodie, Kahn) and space power (Oberg, Dolman, Klein). Among them, the main focus will be placed on maritime power and its relevance today and in the future.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

The following are the expected learning outcomes on the basis of which the students, after completing and passing the course will be able to:

- 1. Explain structural elements of geopolitics and geostrategy and their relationship,
- 2. Analyse and evaluate relevant factors that influence the formulation of the geostrategy,
- 3. Explain stages of geostrategy from the beginning of the 19th century until today,
- 4. Explain theories of maritime power, nuclear power and space power,
- 5. Analyse and evaluate maritime power and correlate it with the geostrategy,
- 6. Analyse and evaluate geostrategic characteristics of maritime space,
- 7. Analyse and evaluate geopolitical and geostrategic components of the sea,
- 8. Analyse and evaluate maritimization and militarization at sea,
- 9. Analyse and evaluate the impact of maritime power on warfare,
- 10. Analyse and evaluate elements of terrestrial power.

1.4. Course content

Definition of geopolitics and geostrategy. Relation between geostrategy and geopolitics. The impact of factors on forming geostrategy. Geographical factor. Historical factor. Demographical factor. Strategical culture. Other factors.





Development phases of geo-strategy from the beginning of the 19th century to the present. Theories of land power of the 19th century. Theories of naval power 1890-1919. Theories of aerial power 1918-1945. Theories of nuclear power 1945-1960. Theories of space power 1999-present.

Naval power. Connection of naval power and geostrategy. Construction of naval power. Naval power strategy. Geostrategic characteristics of maritime areas. Geopolitical and geostrategic components of the sea. Maritimisation during the world history. Militarisation at sea.

Impact of naval power on maritime warfare. Elements and classification of land power. Theory of naval power. Mahan's theory of naval power. Corbett and naval power. Mackinder and geostrategy. Other theoreticians of the naval power. Case studies. Geostrategic significance of the Mediterranean. Geostrategic significance of the Indian ocean. Geostrategy of the USA (expedition warfare).

1.6. Comments

1.7. Student's obligations

Research aimed at presenting the results in the form of scientific work.

1.8. Evaluation⁶⁶ of student's work

	_					
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	Experiment	
Written exam		Oral exam		Essay	Research	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report	Practical work	
Portfolio		Project assignment	3			

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

Demonstration of understanding the items listed in the course content through discussion with the student, 1 ECTS credit.

Assessment of the quality of the scientific research, and assessment of the value of the obtained results from the theoretical and practical aspect, 5 ECTS credits.

1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)

- 1. Collins, J. M.: Military Geography, Washington: National Defence University Press, 1998.
- 2. Cvrtila, V.: Politička geografija i geopolitika, skripta, Zagreb: Fakultet političkih znanosti, 2004.
- 3. Jablonsky, D.: Roots of Strategy Book 4 (Mahan, Corbett, Dhouet, Mitchell), Mechanicsburg-Pennsylvania: Stackpoole Books, 1999.

1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)

- 1. Bouchard, C.; Crumplin, W.: Neglected no longer: the Indian Ocean at the forefront of world geopolitics and global geostrategy, Journal of the Indian Ocean Region, 6,1, 2010., pp. 26-51.
- 2. Diaconu, Florin: A Renewed Geopolitical and Geostrategic Role for the Mediterranean Sea, Strategic Impact, no.3, 2008.
- 3. Dodds, K.: Geopolitics: A Very Short Introduction, New York: Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 4. Hattendorf, J. B.: Naval Strategy and Policy in the Mediterranean: Past, Present and Future, London: Frank Cass Publishers, 2000.
- 5. Murray, W.; Knox, M; Bernstein, A.: The Making of Strategy: Rulers, States, and War, Cambridge:

⁶⁶ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







Cambridge University Press, 1994.

1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attending the course							
Title	Number of copies	Number of students					
Collins, J. M.: Military Geography, Washington: National Defence University Press, 1998.	1	1-10					
Cvrtila, V.: Politička geografija i geopolitika, skripta, Zagreb: Fakultet političkih znanosti, 2004.	1	1-10					
Jablonsky, D.: Roots of Strategy – Book 4 (Mahan, Corbett, Dhouet, Mitchell), Mechanicsburg-Pennsylvania: Stackpoole Books, 1999.							
1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of a	output knowledge, skil	ls and competences					







General information					
Course coordinator	Luka Mihanović, PhD				
Course title	Navy combat systems				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>				
Course status	Elective				
Year	1				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (P+V+S)	12			

1.1. Course objectives

Introduce students to navy combat systems, their constructional and technological solutions. Adopt knowledge on artillery and rocket armed systems of navies, mine warfare and submarine warfare of armed navies with special focus on their use. Conduct a comprehensive analysis of today's navy weapon systems and tendencies of their future development and appliance expending on global safety movements. Explore platforms (holders) of navy weapon systems with an emphasis on warships. Analyse networking and interdependence of weapon systems with other ship systems and systems on mainland. Master knowledge on efficiency and tactics of applying navy weapon systems on different platforms and in different conditions of combat acts.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of ballistics and shooting theory.
- 2. Analyse the different types of naval cannons and their tactical use.
- 3. Analyse the most significant naval artillery systems of the world navies.
- 4. Understand the basics of rocket weaponing and their tactical use.
- 5. Explain the basic principles of air defence and missile defence of naval forces.
- 6. Understand the basics of mine weapons and their tactical use.
- 7. Understand principles anti-mine defence.
- 8. Understand the basics of torpedo weaponing and their tactical use.
- 9. Know the principles of use of navy combat carriers.

10. Explain development tendencies of the ships combat systems.

1.4. Course content

- 1. Classification of holders of navy weapon systems.
- 2. Systems of warship weaponing, the division of weapon systems.
- 3. Ballistics foundations and shooting theories, shooting goals n sea, land and in air.
- 4. Ship's canon weaponing.
- 5. Ship's rocket weaponing.
- 6. Anti-aircraft defence of the ship.
- 7. Underwater weaponing.
- 8. Mine weapons.



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9. Torpedo weaponing.									
10. Electronic combat systems.									
11. Integrated systems for ship managing and devices for fire managing.									
12. Special ship weaponing systems.									
	13. The most important weaponing systems of navy's of the world.								
14. Development	tendend	cies the ships combat syster	ns.						
lectures									
						and network			
1.5. Teaching met	hods				laboratories				
		long distance educatio	on			nentor	ship		
		fieldwork				other _			
1.6. Comments									
1.7. Student's oblig	gations								
Attending class, pa	articipat	ting in seminars, independe	nt assi	ignments a	and resea	rch.			
1.8. Evaluation ⁶⁷ o	of studer	nt's work							
Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar p	aper	1	Expe	eriment	
Written exam	1	Oral exam	1	Essay			Rese	earch	2.6
Project		Continuous assessment		Report			Prac	tical work	
Portfolio									
1.9. Assessment a	nd evalı	uation of student's work dur	ring cla	asses and c	on final ex	kam			
Assessment is pe	erforme	d through participation i	n sem	ninars, ser	ninar pa	per, re	esear	ch in the fie	ld and
attendance.									
-		t the time of the submission	-	dy prograr	mme prop	oosal)			
		gate za 21. stoljeće, Zagreb, 20							
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		ija razvoja suvremenih brodsk palistike i teorije gađanja, HVU			2006.				
		k, Ž.: Topničko streljivo HRM, I	-		7.				
		I reading (at the time of pro)			
1. https://www	.janes.c	om/naval-weapons							
-	-	i vojnik; Armada, Defence new	/s, Nav	y,					
		professors Croatian Military Ac							
4. Different ma	iterials is	sued by the world's largest ma	anufact	turers of shi	ip weapor	ns and e	quipn	nent.	
1.12. Number of a	ssigned	reading copies with regard	to the	number o	f student	s curre	ntly a	ittending the c	ourse
				Number of st	udents				
		All titles			1			1	
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		nitored in accordance with							
	-	urance, implemented at th		-			-	-	-
quantitative stude	ent exan	nination data is conducted a	and ap	propriate	measures	s are ad	pte	a accordingly.	

⁶⁷ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.







General information					
Course coordinator	Stjepan Domjančić, PhD				
Course title	rse title Maritime dimension of international security				
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme Maritime Studies				
Course status	Elective				
Year	l.				
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6			
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S) 12				

1.1. Course objectives

The aim of the course is to get acquainted with the maritime dimension of international security, which is one of the most dynamic sectors in the field of security. Maritime security affects development efforts, insurance, international law and global shipping.

Students will be introduced to the dominant approaches to international security with special emphasis on the place and role of the maritime dimension in these approaches. Students will be provided with a historical overview of changes in access to maritime security and its impact on global security trends.

The maritime dimension of peacekeeping operations, i.e. other peace support and crisis response operations, will be presented and explained.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the basic concepts of modern security studies and maritime aspects of these studies.
- 2. Analyse and evaluate dominant approaches to international security.
- 3. Explain the stages of development of the maritime dimension of international security.

4. Analyse and evaluate changes in approaches to international security and contemporary risks and threats to international security related to the maritime dimension.

5. Analyse and evaluate the development of the naval component of modern armed forces.

6. Analyse and evaluate political, social and technical-technological trends that influence the shaping of the maritime dimension of international security.

7. Analyse and evaluate the dominant global actors of the maritime dimension of international security.

8. Explain the role of naval forces in conducting international operations.

9. Analyse and evaluate recent peacekeeping operations, peace support operations, crisis response operations, humanitarian interventions, etc. in relation to their maritime dimension.

10. Identify trends in the development of the maritime dimension of international security.

1.4. Course content

- Contemporary security studies and approaches to international security – realism and neorealism, liberalism, constructivism, post-modernism. The place and role of the maritime dimension.

- Stages of development of the maritime dimension of security – the era of colonial expansion, world wars, the Cold War period, the post-Cold War period, the maritime dimension in the 21st century.

- International security – situation, trends, actors. The significance of the maritime dimension in contemporary security trends.





- Naval component in the development plans of modern armed forces and strategic commitments.

- Political and social factors that influence the formation of the maritime orientation of individual countries. Security aspects of maritime orientation.

- The impact of technical and technological achievements on naval warfare.

- Maritime dimension of peacekeeping operations, crisis response operations, peace support operations. Case studies.

1.5. TeachingIecturesIndividual assigmentexercisesexercisesIndividual assigment					
methods Iong distance education Image: methods indext distance indext distance indext distance i					
1.6. Comments -					
1.7. Student's obligations					
Attending class, participating in seminars, independent assignments and research.					
1.8. Evaluation ⁶⁸ of student's work					
Course attendance0.4Activity/ParticipationSeminar paper1Experiment					
Written exam1Oral exam1EssayResearch2.0	6				
Project Continuous assessment Report Practical work					
Portfolio					
1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam					
Assessment is performed through participation in seminars, seminar paper, research in the field and attendance.					
1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)					
 Bueger, C., Edmunds, T.: Beyond seablindness: a new agenda for maritime security studies. International Affairs 93(6), Oxford University Press, 2017. Collins, A. (ur.): Suvremene sigurnosne studije. Zagreb: Politička kultura, 2010. Buzan, B., Waever O., De Wilde, J.: Security: A new framework for analysis. Boulder: Lynne Rienner, 1998. Marlow, P. B.: Maritime security: an update of key issues. Maritime Policy & Management 48(1). 2021. 					
1.11. Optional / additional reading (at the time of proposing study programme)					
 Buzan, B.: People, States and Fear: An Agenda for International Security Studies in the Post-Cold War Era. Boulder: Lynne Rienner, 1991. Hough, P.: Understanding Global Security. London i New York: Routledge, 2008. Kolodziej, E. A.: Sigurnost i međunarodni odnosi. Zagreb: Politička kultura, 2012. Merlingen, M., Ostrauskaite, R. (ur.): European Security and Defence Policy. London i New York: Routledge, 2008. 					
1.12. Number of assigned reading copies with regard to the number of students currently attendin the course	g				
Title Number of copies Number of student	s				
Bueger, C., Edmunds, T.: Beyond seablindness:a new agenda for maritime security studies. International Affairs 93(6), Oxford11University Press, 2017.11					
Collins, A. (ur.): Suvremene sigurnosne studije. Zagreb: Politička kultura, 2010. 1					
Buzan, B., Waever O., De Wilde, J.: Security: A new framework for11					

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analysis. Boulder: Lynne Rienner, 1998.		
Marlow, P. B.: Maritime security: an update of key issues.	1	
Maritime Policy & Management 48(1). 2021.	T	

1.13. Quality monitoring methods which ensure acquirement of output knowledge, skills and competences







General information		
Course coordinator	Robert Fabac, PhD	
Course title	Strategic planning and leadership	
Study programme	Doctoral (PhD) programme <i>Maritime Studies</i>	
Course status	Elective	
Year	l.	
ECTS credits and	ECTS student 's workload coefficient	6
teaching	Number of hours (L+E+S)	12

1.1. Course objectives

The main objectives of the course concern the achievement of learning outcomes from several related areas, important for the highest level of leadership and management in large organizations, especially in military systems. These areas are: strategic management, public sector management, defence planning, modern leadership, approaches to understanding leadership, decision making and decision support, interactive decision-making (game theory) and digital transformation.

1.2. Course enrolment requirements

None

1.3. Expected course learning outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, participants will be able to:

- analyze the concept of competitive advantage as well as the ways of its realization;
- compare modern planning techniques and define an integrated support system for defence planning;
- define the organizational design model of an efficient / effective organization;
- identify and select appropriate decision support tools;
- make models of interactive decision making by applying game theory;
- describe a system for measuring organizational performance and supporting the implementation of the strategy;
- analyze different approaches to leadership in practice;
- analyze and argue strategies and implementation (action) plans.

1.4. Course content

- Strategy and strategic management. Mission and vision of the organization. Setting organizational goals. Strategic planning. Strategic management process model.
- Strategic management in the public sector. Military strategy. National Security Strategy. The impact of innovation and new technologies on military organization.
- Resource-based view. Core competencies. Resource management. Organization capabilities. Capabilities in the domain of defence. Strategic management in a changing environment. SWOT analysis. Creating a strategy. Strategy implementation.
- Strategic planning support systems. Balanced scorecard (BSC). BSC implementation. Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System (PPBS). The SPPP system. Approaches to defence planning.
- Organizational interactions models of game theory. Planning in interactive situations. Competitive advantage.





- Organizational design. Organizational structure. Galbraith's model. Business processes. Projects organized. Organizational changes. Digitization and digital transformation. Digital transformation strategy. Implementation of new technologies. Artificial Intelligence.
- Decision making in the organization. The decision-making process. The problem of multicriteria evaluation. Uncertainty and risk. Group decision-making techniques. Decision support tools.
- Interactive decision-making game theory. Competitive scenarios. Cooperative scenarios. Interaction modelling and simulations.
- Decision making in the defence system. Response to asymmetric threats. Decision making in crises. Information technology in decision-making. Business intelligence.
- Behavioural approach in organizational theory. Communication and decision-making. Guidance. Behavioural leadership theory. Situational approach to leadership. Transactional and transformational leadership. Scenario techniques for managers and leaders. Strategic communication management.

1.5. Teaching methods	\boxtimes lectures	🔀 individual assignment	
	Seminars and workshops	multimedia and network	
		laboratories	
	\bigotimes long distance education	mentorship mentorship	
	🗌 fieldwork	other	
1.6. Comments	In case of an impediment in conducting live classes, distance education will be		
1.6. Comments	applied.		

1.7. Student's obligations

Active participation in teaching processes.

1.8. Evaluation⁶⁹ of student's work

Course attendance	0.4	Activity/Participation		Seminar paper	2	Experiment	
Written exam	1	Oral exam	1.6	Essay		Research	1
Project		Continuous assessment		Report		Practical work	
Portfolio							

1.9. Assessment and evaluation of student's work during classes and on final exam

The stated learning outcomes will be verified through seminar work and conducted research, which is also a prerequisite for taking the exam. In the written part of the exam, there will be a shorter check using appropriate quantitative tasks. In the oral part of the exam, emphasis will be placed on topics of particular interest to the PhD student, but attention will also be paid to other content.

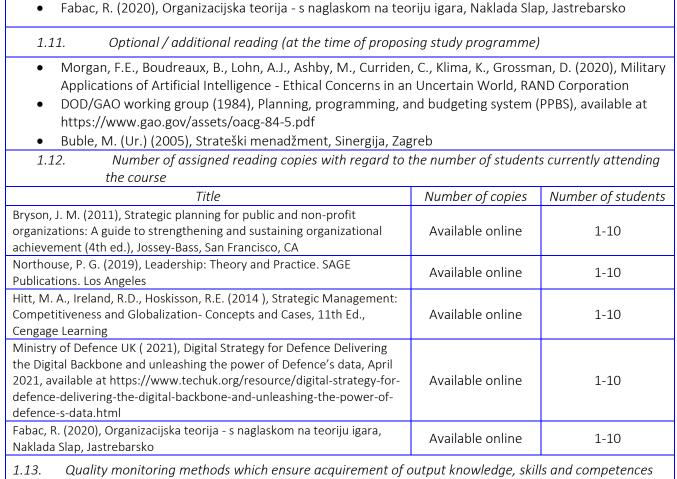
- 1.10. Assigned reading (at the time of the submission of study programme proposal)
- Bryson, J. M. (2011), Strategic planning for public and non-profit organizations: A guide to strengthening and sustaining organizational achievement (4th ed.), Jossey-Bass, San Francisco, CA
- Northouse, P. G. (2019), Leadership: Theory and Practice. SAGE Publications. Los Angeles
- Hitt, M. A., Ireland, R.D., Hoskisson, R.E. (2014), Strategic Management: Competitiveness and Globalization- Concepts and Cases, 11th Ed., Cengage Learning

• Ministry of Defence UK (2021), Digital Strategy for Defence Delivering the Digital Backbone and unleashing the power of Defence's data, April 2021, available at https://www.techuk.org/resource/digital-strategy-for-defence-delivering-the-digital-backbone-and-unleashing-the-power-of-defence-s-data.html

⁶⁹ **NOTE**: Each method of evaluation should be accompanied by a corresponding share of ECTS credits of individual activities, so that the total ECTS credits correspond to the ECTS value of the course. Empty fields should be used for additional activities.













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